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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 1, 2, 3, 5 Page 1

Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease) Name of Property Saline County, MO County and State Historic and Architectural Resources of Sweet Springs, Saline County, Missouri Name of multiple listing

- 1. Historic Name:** Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease)
- 2. Location:** 200-217 West Lexington Avenue; and 211 Marshall Street, Sweet Springs, Saline County, MO
- 3. State and Federal Certification:**


MARCH 3, 2000

 Signature of Certifying Official/Title Mark A. Miles/Deputy SHPO Date

Missouri Department of Natural Resources
 State or Federal Agency or Bureau

 Signature of Certifying Official/Title Date

 State or Federal Agency or Bureau

- 5. Number of Resources within Property:**
 (Boundary Decrease)
 Contributing buildings: 8 Noncontributing buildings: 4
 Number of contributing properties previously listed in the National Register: 26

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Summary: The Sweet Springs Historic District boundary decrease consists of the northern portion of the district, along West Lexington Avenue and bounded on the west by Spring Street, on the east by South Miller Street, and the south by Marshall Street. This part of the district originally included eight contributing buildings and four noncontributing buildings. In the late summer of 2002, three contributing buildings (201, 203, and 205 West Lexington) partially collapsed. Following an adverse structural assessment, an additional three buildings (counted as four under the provisions of the grant) were demolished under a Community Development Block Grant in October 2006. These included two contributing buildings (200 and 214-216 West Lexington) and one noncontributing building (202 West Lexington). Also in October 2006, one contributing building was demolished by its owner (210-212 West Lexington). Only five buildings remain in this part of the district, two contributing buildings (213 and 217 West Lexington), both on the north side of Lexington; and three noncontributing buildings (207 and 209 West Lexington and 211 West Marshall Street).

Description: North of Sweet Springs' Marshall Street, between Spring Street to the west and South Miller Street to the east, along West Lexington Avenue, only five buildings remain of the original 12 in place at the time the National Register nomination was prepared (1997). The area included in the boundary decrease had already suffered the loss of as many as 11 buildings before the nomination was prepared. The demolition of these adjacent buildings that shared common walls with some of the remaining buildings contributed to the eventual demise of at least three buildings in the area of the boundary decrease. At the time of the nomination, this area housed only two businesses, a flea market and apartments. Of the seven buildings removed between 2002 and 2006, five were used only for storage at the time of nomination, as are three of those still extant.

The five remaining buildings within the area of the boundary decrease are virtually unchanged from the time of the original nomination, and their usage has also remained unchanged. The following descriptions are excerpted, with minor editing, from the original nomination. The abbreviations ECB (early commercial building) and LCB (late commercial building) refer to property types established in the Multiple Property Documentation Form, "Historic and Architectural Resources of Sweet Springs, Saline County, Missouri." These five buildings are extant:

207 Lexington Avenue. (Apartments; circa 1870s; ECB) Rectangular plan, two stories, brick walls with vinyl sheathing. With the exception of an elaborate brickwork cornice painted in contrasting colors, this building's storefront has been substantially altered. Upper halves of the four upstairs windows have been sealed and vinyl sheathing has been installed from the base of the cornice to just above the entrance, covering the transoms.

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Historic material in the lower storefront has been replaced with brick infill and modern windowing. The east elevation, exposed when the adjacent buildings collapsed and were demolished in 2002, is clad in metal. This building probably sustained tornado damage in 1882. Noncontributing. (See photos #1-3) *[also see photos #1-2, 5-6 in original nomination]*

209 Lexington Avenue. (Storage; circa 1915; LCB) Rectangular plan, one story, brick walls. A narrow, dentilated band of limestone trim crosses the upper storefront of this small building. Limestone also accents a brickwork rectangle in the upper third of the facade, and provides a base for the two corners. The lower area of the storefront, including a front door, is covered with corrugated metal. Noncontributing. (See photos #1-3) *[also see photos #1-2 in original nomination]*

213 Lexington Avenue. (Storage; circa 1912; LCB) Rectangular plan, one story, brick walls. The dominant feature of this small building is its arcaded front. (It was constructed as a post office.) Three round archways are supported by two square brick posts which rest on an iron sill. The original transomed storefront with two separate entrances is intact. Below the corbeled cornice and the arches are three recessed panels with two stepped courses (reverse corbeling). The arches consist of three header rows. Contrasting with the predominant red bricks in this building, yellow bricks are used in the cornice, recessed panels and piers. From left to right, storefront fenestration is single-leaf entrance/large display window/single-leaf entrance/small display window. Decorative metal ceilings are intact in the arcade as well as inside the building. Presumably, this building was designed to complement the adjacent west building at 217 Lexington Avenue. Contributing. (See photos #1-3) *[also see photos #1-2 in original nomination]*

217 Lexington Avenue. (Storage; circa 1885; ECB) Rectangular plan, one story, brick walls. The transomed central entrance and flanking transomed display windows of this small building have round arches consisting of three rows of header bricks. Beneath the plain brick cornice is a large recessed panel with two small vents. The display windows are probably intact behind wood panels. Display transoms consist of three small rectangular lights. The single-leaf entrance door contains a glass window and horizontal panels. The sill is cast iron. The building that formerly shared the west wall has been razed. Contributing. (See photos #1-3) *[also see photos #1-2 in original nomination]*

211 West Marshall Avenue. (Kitchen/City Hotel) This circa 1880 building functioned for many years as the kitchen for the City Hotel, behind which it stands. Sanborn maps indicate that it was used as a hotel kitchen in 1888, 1900 and 1914, and it was probably so-used into the 1920s. By 1929, a tin shop occupied the west half and furniture was stored in the east portion. Later, an animal hospital was in this building and it was later converted

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into apartments. At the time of nomination, the building was vacant following a fire. Currently it is used for storage. Noncontributing. (See photos #4-6) *[also see photos #15-16 in original nomination]*

The following buildings originally included in the district are no longer extant:

- 200 Lexington Avenue (contributing): demolished under CDBG October 2006
- 201 Lexington Avenue (contributing): collapsed August 2002
- 202 Lexington Avenue (noncontributing): demolished under CDBG October 2006
- 203 Lexington Avenue (contributing): collapsed August 2002
- 205 Lexington Avenue (contributing): damaged August 2002 and subsequently demolished 2003
- 210-212 Lexington Avenue (contributing): demolished October 2006 by owner
- 214-216 Lexington Avenue (contributing): demolished under CDBG October 2006

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Summary: The Sweet Springs Historic District boundary decrease comprises eight contributing buildings and four noncontributing buildings in the northernmost part of the district. Of these buildings, seven—six contributing and one noncontributing—collapsed or were demolished between 2002 and 2006, three most recently under a Community Development Block Grant. Four buildings—two contributing and two noncontributing—remain on the north side of West Lexington Avenue, and one noncontributing building bears a West Marshall Street address. The removal of buildings in this area undermined the density that was present at the time of listing, as well as the proximity of this northern segment to the remainder of the district. Neither of the two contributing buildings possesses sufficient significance to justify individual listing.

Narrative: The Sweet Springs Historic District was listed in the National Register of Historic Places on December 10, 1997. The district contained 26 contributing buildings significant in the areas of commerce and architecture, constructed circa 1875 to 1947. The collection of eight contributing buildings north of Marshall Street included some of the oldest in the district, two constructed in the 1870s and four in the early 1880s. After the district was established, there was little change in the use of the buildings over the next five years, with many serving as storage for a local lumber company. No significant attempts were made to improve their already precarious condition.

On August 23, 2002, while Sweet Springs Police Chief Melvin Taber was photographing a partially collapsed wall of the building at 201 West Lexington Avenue, much of the remainder of the building collapsed, narrowing missing Taber. As the building collapsed, part of 203 West Lexington also crumbled, and city officials were concerned about the stability of the adjacent building at 205 West Lexington. Two weeks later, debris from 201 West Lexington still blocked South Miller Street and one lane of Lexington Avenue. The city hired the engineering firm of Trabue, Hansen & Hanshaw, Inc., of Columbia, to assess the three buildings. Their report recommended that all three buildings—201, 203, and 205 West Lexington, all owned by Derl Bernard—be declared dangerous under city ordinance, and 207 West Lexington, which housed apartments and was the only building occupied at the time of the collapse, be vacated until the other three buildings were removed. The portion of 201 West Lexington still standing was brought down later in September by contractors and volunteers utilizing a makeshift battering ram, thrown bricks, and a cable attached to a truck and winch. The adjacent buildings at 203 and 205 West Lexington were apparently demolished at the same time. The debris of the three buildings was not removed until June 2003.¹

¹ Jack Tynan, "Sweet Springs Building Collapses," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, August 26, 2002, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1015265.html>, accessed December 2, 2009; Tynan, "Collapsed Building Still

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In November 2002, the city hired Trabue, Hansen & Hanshaw to evaluate ten buildings, including six within the Sweet Springs Historic District: 200, 202, 210-212, and 214 West Lexington [which apparently included the 216 address]; 211 West Marshall Street; and 310 South Miller Street. The report concluded that 200 West Lexington “can be retained as a usable structure” if masonry repairs were made to the exterior, especially to the cornice, and provided the bowed east wall did not exceed the specifications of the city’s dangerous building ordinance. The remaining buildings in the area of the boundary decrease, 202, 210-212, and 214-216 West Lexington, were classified as dangerous buildings and removal or substantial repairs were recommended. A consistent theme in the evaluations was the adverse effect of removing adjacent buildings that shared common walls. There was no acknowledgement that these buildings and the one on West Marshall were within a historic district, although it was conceded that 214-216 West Lexington, which originally housed the Bank of Sweet Springs “has some historic significance . . .”²

On January 16, 2003, the city sent Robert Singleton, owner of 202 West Lexington, a letter that declared his building a public hazard and giving him until January 27 to begin cleaning up his property. Although the city threatened to take Singleton to court and pursue a fine of \$500 per day if he failed to respond, no action was taken. Similar letters were sent the same day to Bob Bernard, owner of 200 Lexington Avenue, and Harlan Reid, Worshipful Master of Barbee Lodge No. 217, AF&AM, regarding their building at 214-216 West Lexington Avenue.³

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen on December 13, 2004, Police Chief Dick Downing reported that several bricks had fallen into the street from the building at 202 West Lexington and one lane of Lexington between Spring and Miller had been closed. Although the building had been condemned, it was decided at the meeting that the city’s condemnation ordinance did not allow the city to take control of the building. Mayor Roxanne Hinton suggested that, if Singleton demolished the building, the city could take over the property and clean up the debris. But Alderman Derl Bernard, who owned several buildings on Lexington, opposed setting a

Blocking Sweet Springs Thoroughfare,” *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, September 10, 2002, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1015205.html>; “Sweet Springs Building Torn Down,” *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, September 24, 2002, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1015142.html>, accessed December 2, 2009; and Ronda Nienhueser, e-mail to author, December 1, 2009

² Trabue, Hansen & Hinshaw, Inc., “City of Sweet Springs, Saline County, Missouri: Report of Structural Observations,” November-December 2002, unpaginated, copy in Sweet Springs City Hall, 324 South Miller Street, Sweet Springs, MO. The building at 310 South Miller was also classified a dangerous building.

³ Samuel S. Blain Jr., “Subject: Removal of structures at 200, 202, 210-212 and 214-216 Lexington Avenue from the Sweet Springs Historic District, National Register of Historic Places (OMB Approval No. 1024-0018), Sweet Springs, Saline County, Mo.,” copy in Sweet Springs City Hall, 324 South Miller Street, Sweet Springs, MO.

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precedent of the city cleaning up after property owners. On January 18, 2005, a special meeting of the Board of Alderman was called to update the city ordinances regarding unsafe buildings, in order to bring them in compliance with state laws, but a quorum was not present and no action was taken.⁴

On February 4, 2005, the Board of Aldermen in a special meeting declared the block bordered by Lexington Avenue, West Marshall, Miller, and Spring streets "conductive to ill health, transmission of disease, crime or inability to pay reasonable taxes" and ordered "clearance and rehabilitation" of the area. On February 7, the Board of Aldermen approved a proposal by Mayor Hinton to seek a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) to remove three buildings in the area and to declare the area blighted. Alderman Derl Bernard, who owned several buildings in the area, announced he would not participate in the grant. As part of its report on the meeting, the *Marshall Democrat-News* published a photograph, taken through a hole in the wall of 210-212 West Lexington, owned by Derl Bernard, showing a large crack in the east elevation of 202 West Lexington Avenue.⁵

On February 14, the Board of Aldermen approved an ordinance bringing the city's unsafe building codes in compliance with state law. The revisions provided more options to the city for seeking payment for repairs or demolition, increased the share of the insurance proceeds the city could claim from building owners from 10 percent to 25 percent, and required two bids for demolition work. On February 25, in an article that characterized the designation of the blighted area as part of a National Register district as a "hurdle" and an "obstacle to clear," the *Marshall Democrat-News* printed another photo of 202 West Lexington, again showing the shattered east elevation, as well as the façade beginning to separate from the east elevation.⁶

⁴ Matt Heger, "Sweet Springs Aldermen Discuss Crumbling Building," *Marshall Democrat News*, December 14, 2004, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1084210.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; Heger, "Sweet Springs Street Remains Partially Open Despite Potential for Building Collapse," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, January 5, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1085737.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; and Heger, "Sweet Springs Aldermen Stalled in Try to Deal with Buildings," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, January 19, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1086858.html>, accessed November 27, 2009.

⁵ Heger, "Sweet Springs to Consider Declaring Part of Downtown Blighted Area," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, February 2, 2005, <http://marshallnews.com/story/1087947.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; and Heger, "Sweet Springs Seeks Grant to Address Downtown Blight," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, February 7, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1088285.html>, accessed November 27, 2009.

⁶ Heger, "Sweet Springs Updates Unsafe Building Ordinance," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, February 15, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1089087.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; and Heger, "Historic Designation Latest Hurdle in Sweet Springs' Fight Against Blight," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, February 25, 2005, <http://marshallnews.com.story/1090102.html>, accessed November 27, 2009.

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On March 6, 2005, strong winds contributed to the collapse of the façade of the building at 202 West Lexington into the partially closed street. On March 11, the *Marshall Democrat-News* reported the Missouri Department of Economic Development had awarded Sweet Springs a \$56,000 CDBG grant to demolish the buildings at 202, 214 and 216 West Lexington Avenue [202 and 214-216 in the district nomination]. On June 24, Mayor Hinton signed a memorandum of agreement (MOA) between the city and the Missouri State Historic Preservation Officer. Under terms of the MOA, the city agreed to ensure that a recordation report documenting 202, 214, and 216 West Lexington—later amended to include 200 West Lexington—would be prepared and a reduction in the boundaries of the historic district would be submitted. At the meeting of the Board of Alderman on July 12, an alternate explanation for the damage to the buildings in the northern part of the historic district was proposed by Pat Duffey of Sweet Springs Revitalization. Duffey reported that the passage of heavy trucks and school buses on Miller Street had damaged buildings and streets and suggested limiting truck traffic to deliveries only.⁷

At a special meeting on November 29, the Board of Aldermen accepted the bid of Gehm Environmental, Boonville, Missouri, for the demolition of the three buildings. Gehm was the only bidder. As reported by the *Marshall Democrat-News*, the buildings to be demolished were located at 202, 217 and 218 West Lexington Avenue [202 and 214-216]. Gehm bid \$26,570.50 for 202 West Lexington and \$13,385.25 each for the other two buildings, a total of \$53,341; the CDBG grant was for \$56,000. Also at the meeting, Mayor Hinton asked Alderman Derl Bernard if he had made arrangements to have his buildings demolished, apparently a reference to 210-212 West Lexington. Bernard stated that he had no plans for demolishing them in the near future because materials from his lumberyard were stored in the buildings.

On January 11, 2006, Mayor Hinton reported that Bob Bernard had refused the demolition contractor access to his vacant lots adjacent to one of the buildings [202 West Lexington] slated for removal. In exchange for access, Bernard requested that his building be added to the list of

⁷ Heger, "Portion of Condemned Downtown Sweet Springs Building Collapses, *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, March 8, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1090890>, accessed November 27, 2009; Heger, "State Funds Secured to Combat Sweet Springs Blight," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, March 11, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1091234.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; Memorandum of Agreement between the City of Sweet Springs, Missouri and the Missouri State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding 202, 214 and 216 West Lexington Ave., Saline County, Missouri," copy in State Historic Preservation Office, Jefferson City, Missouri; and Heger, "Big Vehicles Shaking Up Downtown Sweet Springs," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, July 13, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/109758.html>, accessed November 27, 2009.

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those to be removed under the CDBG. However, the grant administrators questioned the inclusion of Bob Bernard's building because there were insufficient funds for another building, Bernard was the son of Sweet Springs Alderman Derl Bernard, and Bernard had not demonstrated the need for financial assistance.⁸

On February 27, 2006, Alderman Ken Hollingsworth reported that he had contacted JoAnn Dent, administrator of the CDBG. She informed him that an additional \$6,000 might be secured to demolish the building at 200 West Lexington, provided the owner paid \$3,000, the same amount contributed by the owner of another of the buildings selected for demolition. At the March 2, 2006 meeting of the Board of Aldermen, Mayor Hinton presented the recommendation of the city attorney that the city approve a "dangerous building declaration" on the former Sweet Springs Hotel building, 210-212 West Lexington Avenue, but no action was taken.⁹ On April 10, Hollingsworth reported that he had been unsuccessful in contacting Bob Bernard, owner of 200 West Lexington, to determine if Bernard planned to demolish his building or wanted it added to the CDBG grant. By May 8, no action had apparently been taken, although Alderman Hollingsworth stated that Bernard was cooperating with the demolition contractor and allowing access through his vacant lots. The Board of Aldermen also approved a resolution waiving a higher bond for the contractor if Bernard's building was added to the demolition list.

Demolition of the buildings was finally completed in October 2006. Derl Bernard employed the same contractor (Gehm) to demolish his building at 210-212 West Lexington.¹⁰

Of the five remaining buildings within the area of the boundary increase, both 213 West Lexington and 217 West Lexington were contributing buildings in the original district. Both also served historically as the town's post office, and the building at 217 West Lexington briefly served as the Bank of Sweet Springs. While the arcaded façade of 213 West Lexington provides some architectural interest, neither building is individually significant under Criterion A or Criterion C.

⁸ Mark Lile, "Sweet Springs Buildings' Fate Sealed," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, December 5, 2005, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1129092.html>, accessed November 27, 2005; Lile, "Denied Access Blocks Removal of Downtown Blight," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, January 12, 2006, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1135135.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; and Lile, "Sweet Springs Wants Probe on Water Leak," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, March 2, 2006, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1142329>, accessed November 27, 2009

⁹ Lile, "Sweet Springs Property Owners Face Prosecution," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, March 3, 2006, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1142431.html>, accessed November 27, 2009;

¹⁰ Lile, "Discussion Over Blighted Buildings Continues," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, April 18, 2006, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1149063.html>, accessed November 27, 2009; Lile, "Sweet Springs Mayor Pleaded Aldermen Share Her Priorities," *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*, May 10, 2006, <http://www.marshallnews.com/story/1152221>, accessed November 27, 2009; Lile, "Sweet Springs Wants Probe on Water Leak"; and Ronda Nienhueser, phone interview, November 28, 2009.

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The following are the significance summaries provided in the original nomination, slightly edited:

213 Lexington Avenue. (Sweet Springs Post Office) This building was constructed in 1912 to serve as the Sweet Springs Post Office. It was so used into the 1930s. By the mid-1930s, and into the 1940s, H. R. McDaniel operated a restaurant and liquor store at this location. The liquor store was continued by Ed Wolet in the 1950s, then by John Hagan until 1978. Present use: Lumber company storage.

217 Lexington Avenue. (McEntire & Son Jewelry/Post Office) T. B. McEntire is believed to have been the builder of this circa 1885 building. McEntire is said to have established his jewelry business in Sweet Springs in 1869. At the time of the 1888 Sanborn map, the post office was a joint tenant. It was still a jewelry store in 1914, but by the late 1920s it had become a grocery store operated by R. B. Edwards and William Carmack. In 1919, the Bank of Sweet Springs used these facilities while its building across the street at 214-216 Lexington Avenue was being renovated. Later a frozen food locker was in this building, operated by Ed Marsh and then by Fred Pitts. Present use: Lumber company storage.

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Heger, Matt. "Big Vehicles Shaking Up Downtown Sweet Springs" *Marshall, Missouri, Democrat-News*. July 13, 2005. [Http://www.marshallnews.com/story/109758.html](http://www.marshallnews.com/story/109758.html). Accessed November 27, 2009.

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Name of multiple listing

Memorandum of Agreement between the City of Sweet Springs, Missouri and the Missouri State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding 202, 214 and 216 West Lexington Ave., Saline County, Missouri." Copy in State Historic Preservation Office, Jefferson City, Missouri.

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United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 10, 11 Page 14

**Sweet Springs Historic District
(Boundary Decrease)**

Name of Property

Saline County, MO

County and State

**Historic and Architectural Resources of
Sweet Springs, Saline County, Missouri**

Name of multiple listing

UTM References

- A 15/ 463750 Easting 4312880 Northing
- B 15/ 463820 Easting 4312880 Northing
- C 15/ 463820 Easting 4312780 Northing
- D 15/ 463740 Easting 4312780 Northing

Verbal Boundary Description

The Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease) is defined by the heavy solid line on the accompanying map entitled "Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease)" (approximate scale 1"=80'). Based on the original district map created by Roger Maserang.

Boundary Justification

The Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease) includes that part of the original district north of West Marshall Street. When the district was listed, that part of two blocks along West Lexington Avenue bounded on the west by Spring Street, on the east by South Miller Street, and on the south by West Marshall Street included eight contributing buildings and four noncontributing buildings. Between 2002 and 2006, removal of seven properties—primarily by demolition—reduced the number of resources to two contributing buildings and three noncontributing buildings. The remainder of the historic district, south of West Marshall Street, is separated from the two remaining contributing buildings by a block that contains only one noncontributing building—211 West Marshall Street—and a row of rubble-strewn vacant lots used only for the storage of building materials.

Form Prepared By

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(for) City of Sweet Springs
324 S. Miller St.
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United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

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Section number Photographs Page 15

**Sweet Springs Historic District
(Boundary Decrease)**

Name of Property

Saline County, MO

County and State

**Historic and Architectural Resources of
Sweet Springs, Saline County, Missouri**

Name of multiple listing

The following information is the same for all photographs, unless noted:

Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease)

Saline County, MO

Steven E. Mitchell

Sweet Springs City Hall, 324 South Miller Street, Sweet Springs, MO 65351

#1: camera facing northwest, view of north side of West Lexington Avenue

#2: camera facing northeast, view of north side of West Lexington Avenue

#3: camera facing northeast; 217, 213, 209, and 207 West Lexington Avenue

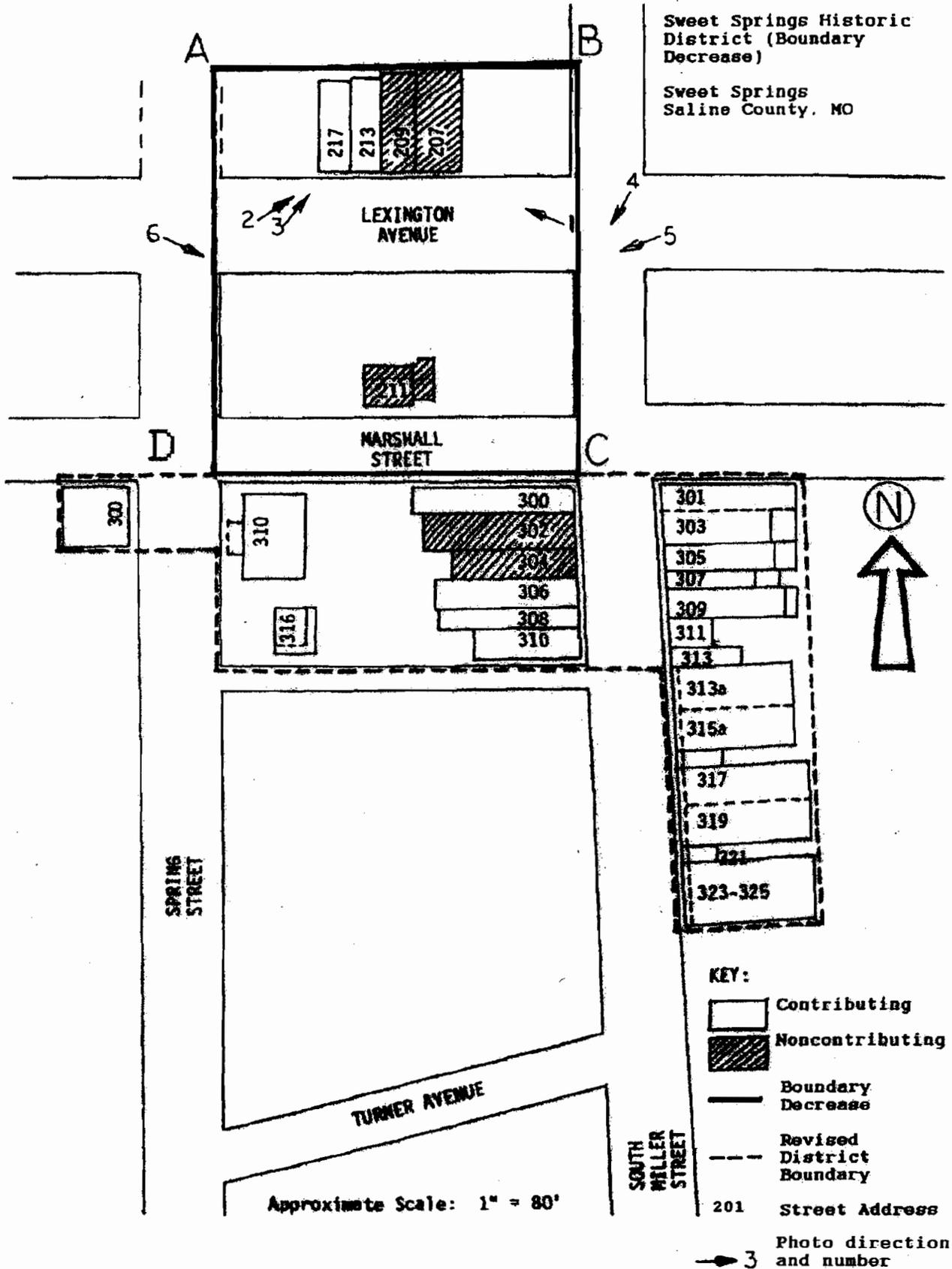
#4: camera facing southwest, view along south side of West Lexington Avenue

#5: camera facing southwest, view along south side of West Lexington Avenue

#6: camera facing southeast, view along south side of West Lexington Avenue

Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease)

Sweet Springs
Saline County, MO





Sweet Springs Historic District (Boundary Decrease)
 Saline County, MO

- A. 15/463750 / 4312880
- B. 15/463820 / 4312880
- C. 15/463820 / 4312780
- D. 15/463740 / 4312780











