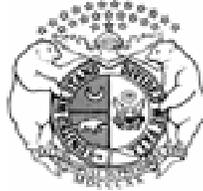


STATE OF MISSOURI
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No. MO-0098981

Owner: Gray Summit Sewer District of Franklin County
Address: P.O. Box 155, Gray Summit, MO 63039

Continuing Authority: Same as above
Address: Same as above

Facility Name: Gray Summit Sewer District of Franklin County
Address: Gray Summit, MO 63039

Legal Description: NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec 5, T43N, R2E

Receiving Stream: Tributary to Labadie Creek (U)
First Classified Stream and ID: Tributary to Labadie Creek (P) (1694)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: 10300200-130002

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Outfall #001 – POTW - SIC # 4952
Two cell facultative Lagoon/ sludge is retained in lagoon.
Design population equivalent is 324.
Design flow is 32,400 gallons per day.
Actual flow is 8,000 gallons per day.
Design sludge production is 4.86 dry tons/year.

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

Handwritten signature of Doyle Childers in black ink.

October 13, 2006
Effective Date

Doyle Childers, Director, Department of Natural Resources
Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission

October 12, 2011
Expiration Date
MO 780-0041 (10-93)

Mike Struckhoff, Director, St. Louis Regional Office

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					PAGE NUMBER 2 of 4	
					PERMIT NUMBER MO-0098981	
The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
<u>Outfall #001</u>						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/ week	24 hr est.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅ **	mg/L		45	30	once/ month	grab
Total Suspended Solids**	mg/L		45	30	once/ month	grab
pH – Units	SU	**		**	once/ month	grab
Ammonia Nitrogen (May 1 – Oct 31)	mg/L	3.7		1.9	once/ month	grab
Ammonia Nitrogen (Nov 1 – Apr 30)	mg/L	7.5		3.7	once/ month	grab
Temperature	°C	*		*	once/ month	grab
Oil and Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/ month	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE November 28, 2006 . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.						
B. STANDARD CONDITIONS						
IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Parts I & III</u> STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED <u>October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994</u> , AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.						

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** Operating permits for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs) must include influent monitoring and reporting for Biochemical Oxygen Demand₅(BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) at the minimum regulatory frequency. Influent monitoring must be compared with effluent monitoring to determine whether the facility is meeting the removal efficiency requirement for equivalent to secondary treatment (>65% removal).
- *** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is to be maintained at or above 6.0 pH units.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
 - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
 - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS(continued)

2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
 - (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
 - (c) That the effluent limit established in part A of the permit will be exceeded.
5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
 6. Water Quality Standards
 - (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
 - (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
 - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
 - (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
 - (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
 - (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
 - (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
 7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities
 - (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
 - (b) If sludge is not removed by a contract hauler, permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

Date of Fact Sheet: August 8, 2006

Date of Public Notice: August 25, 2006

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT
FACT SHEET

This Fact Sheet explains the applicable regulations and rationale for development of this permit and the public participation process.

NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: MO-0098981

FACILITY NAME: Gray Summit Sewer District of Franklin County

OWNER NAME: Gray Summit Sewer District of Franklin County

LOCATION: Gray Summit, Missouri

RECEIVING STREAM: Tributary to Labadie Creek

FACILITY CONTACT PERSON: Wesley or June Daggett

TEL (636)742-3004

FACILITY DESCRIPTION AND RATIONALE

This facility is a two cell waste stabilization lagoon that was upgraded in 1980 under Construction permit #22-2821. It has a design flow of 32,400 gallons per day and a population equivalent of 324. It currently serves 106 single family residential homes. The average flow over the past two years, based on discharge monitoring reports submitted by the permittee, is 8,000 gallons per day. A UAA was conducted on the tributary to Labadie Creek in July of 2005. No WBCR was observed. The stream did not have enough depth to meet the WBCR use at 5 of 5 sites. The WBCR designation was removed. The ammonia limits proposed are the default numbers used, based on the close distance of the classified stream and the absence of a stream study showing degradation of ammonia. This permit will be issued for a period of five years.

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