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**EXPANDED HEAT REMOVAL PILOT STUDY QUARTERLY REPORT**

**BRIDGETON LANDFILL**

**BRIDGETON, ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MISSOURI**

**October 2016**

**Prepared For:**

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# Expanded Heat Removal Pilot Study

## Quarterly Report

*Bridgeton Landfill, LLC*

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

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This document is being submitted as a quarterly update for the Expanded Heat Removal Pilot Study underway in the South Quarry of the Bridgeton Landfill (BL) in Bridgeton, Missouri. This update was requested by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) in a letter dated September 4, 2014, and includes a summary of work and data collected during the Third Quarter 2016 operational period.

The following discussion includes a summary of activities and field data compiled during the Third Quarter 2016 operational period. This quarterly update provides a presentation of in-waste temperature measurements, heat removal results for each removal location, status of the current heat removal system, operating log for the reporting period, and a discussion of measurement results. Graphical presentations of data collected from in-place waste Temperature Monitoring Probes (TMPs) are presented in **Appendix A**. Graphical presentations of heat removal point data are provided in **Appendix B**. Plan views of the TMP locations and current heat removal system are provided as **Appendix C** and **Appendix D**, respectively. **Appendix E** provides entries made to the Heat Extraction System Operating Log during the Third Quarter 2016 operational period.

# 2 SYSTEM OPERATION

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The heat extraction system has operated consistently during the Third Quarter 2016 operational period, with the following exceptions described below and presented in **Appendix E**:

- The cooling loop pump was observed to be in an inactive state on July 15<sup>th</sup>, 2016 and was restarted the same day;
- The flow meter at heat removal location GIW-7 was observed to be malfunctioning on July 18<sup>th</sup>, 2016. The flow meter was taken apart for troubleshooting on July 20<sup>th</sup>, 2016. Upon taking the meter apart, a clog in the meter was discovered. The clog was removed, the flow meter re-assembled, reinstalled, and returned to normal operation on July 20<sup>th</sup>, 2016;
- The temperature probe at location Temperature Monitoring Location 3 (TML-3), previously installed to measure cooling fluid temperature directly at a location along the system piping, was replaced on July 20<sup>th</sup>, 2016;
- On July 25<sup>th</sup>, 2016 the heat extraction system was observed to be off. Feezor Engineering, Inc. (FEI) restarted the system, but no temperature reading was able to be read at the main system control panel. The system vendor was contacted to come out to troubleshoot the temperature display. During troubleshooting by the vendor, a malfunctioning temperature transmitter was determined to be cause of the

malfunctioning panel temperature display. On July 26<sup>th</sup>, 2016, the system vendor replaced the temperature transmitter to restore the panel temperature display to working order; and

- On September 4<sup>th</sup>, 2016, the heat extraction system was observed to be shut off. The main system pump was determined to be inoperable and the system's propylene glycol exhausted. After troubleshooting the system, it was determined that U-tube cooling points in GIW-5 and GIW-10 were leaking, depleting the system's propylene glycol. The cooling fluid was presumably lost to the waste mass. GIW-5 was disconnected from the heat extraction system, a new main system pump was obtained, and the fluid supply tank was temporarily filled with water. Accordingly, the heat extraction system was able to be restarted later the same day, minus GIW-5. The leak in GIW-10 was determined to be fairly insignificant and allowed to remain online. GIW-5 and GIW-10 were retrofitted with the pipe-in-pipe design by the facility allowing for reconnection to the heat extraction system on September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2016.

Except as described above, the system has operated with minimal operational or physical changes since the expansion completed on June 26, 2015 (GIWs-08, -09, -11, -12 and -13). A review of **Appendix B** shows heat removal rates were generally consistent at each location during the Third Quarter 2016 operational period.

### 3 DATA SUMMARY

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In-waste temperature measurements were collected on a weekly basis during the Third Quarter 2016 operational period as part of the on-going pilot study. Graphical presentations of in-waste temperature measurements are presented in **Appendix A**. The inflow temperature, outflow temperature, and flow rate are measured and recorded at each heat removal unit on a weekly basis. These measurements are utilized to calculate the heat extraction rate (in kilowatts) at each individual removal point. The heat extraction rates for each point are graphically presented with the respective flow rate (in gallons per minute) in **Appendix B**.

### 4 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

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The BL continued the generally successful operation of twelve (12) heat removal locations during the Third Quarter 2016 reporting period. Except as described in Section 2, the heat removal system has operated with only minor maintenance, since the expansion of the system during June 2015 except the above-referenced items in Section 2. The system generally continues to operate with minimal interruption.

Measurements collected during the reporting period are generally consistent with data recorded during previous quarters. A review of in-waste temperature measurements shows consistent temperatures during the reporting period, with the exception of TMPs in the

immediate vicinity of GIW-5 (5-5N, 5-5S, 5-9N, and 5-9S). The temperatures of the TMPs near GIW-5 were greater than temperatures observed in the recent past subsequent to the location's temporary disconnection from the heat extraction system during the period of September 4<sup>th</sup> through September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2016. The TMPs at approximately five (5) and nine (9) feet to the north of heat removal point GIW-10 continue to exhibit significant temperature reductions compared to measurements obtained prior to heat removal system initiation.

Subsurface temperatures on the north side of the heat removal locations continue to remain significantly lower compared to the south side. This suggests normal landfill heat generation in the waste to the north of the heat removal points.

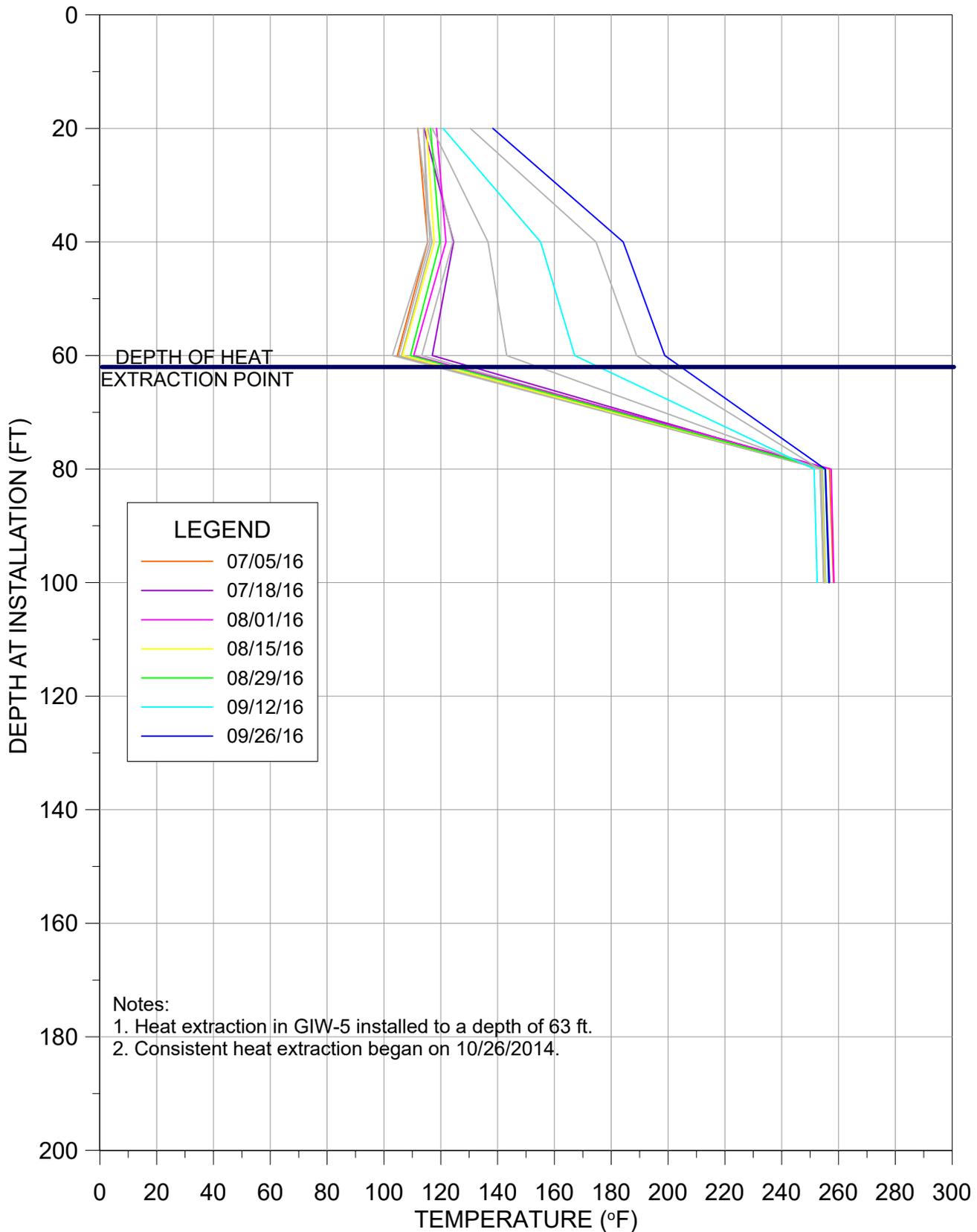
A review of the heat removal point data for this reporting period has also been conducted. The initial (south line) heat removal locations (GIW-02, -03, -04, -05, -06, -07, and -10) have shown relatively steady rates of energy removal, with the exception of the heat removal rate of GIW-5, which appeared to be losing fluid on September 4<sup>th</sup>, 2016. Prior to September 4<sup>th</sup> GIW-05 exhibited a relatively steady rate of heat removal. The steady-state heat removal rates of the northern line of heat removal locations (GIW-08, -09, -11, -12, and -13) are generally greater than the steady-state heat removal rates of the southern line. This is expected and likely attributed to the greater depth of the heat removal locations on the northern line.

BL is continuing the operation of the expanded heat removal pilot study system at the facility, and has recently completed construction of and has commenced operation of the Heat Extraction Barrier as described in a November 2015 *Technical Evaluation of a Heat Extraction Barrier*, prepared by FEI and approved by MDNR correspondence dated December, 4 2015. As required by Comment No. 8 of the December 4, 2015 MDNR letter, incorporated by reference in Section VIII.35.c of the April 28, 2016 Administrative Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent for Removal Actions (ASAOC), system status summary reporting frequency is updated from a quarterly basis to a monthly basis. Accordingly, monthly reports will be submitted on the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month (or the first business day following the 20<sup>th</sup> if it falls on a weekend) going forward.

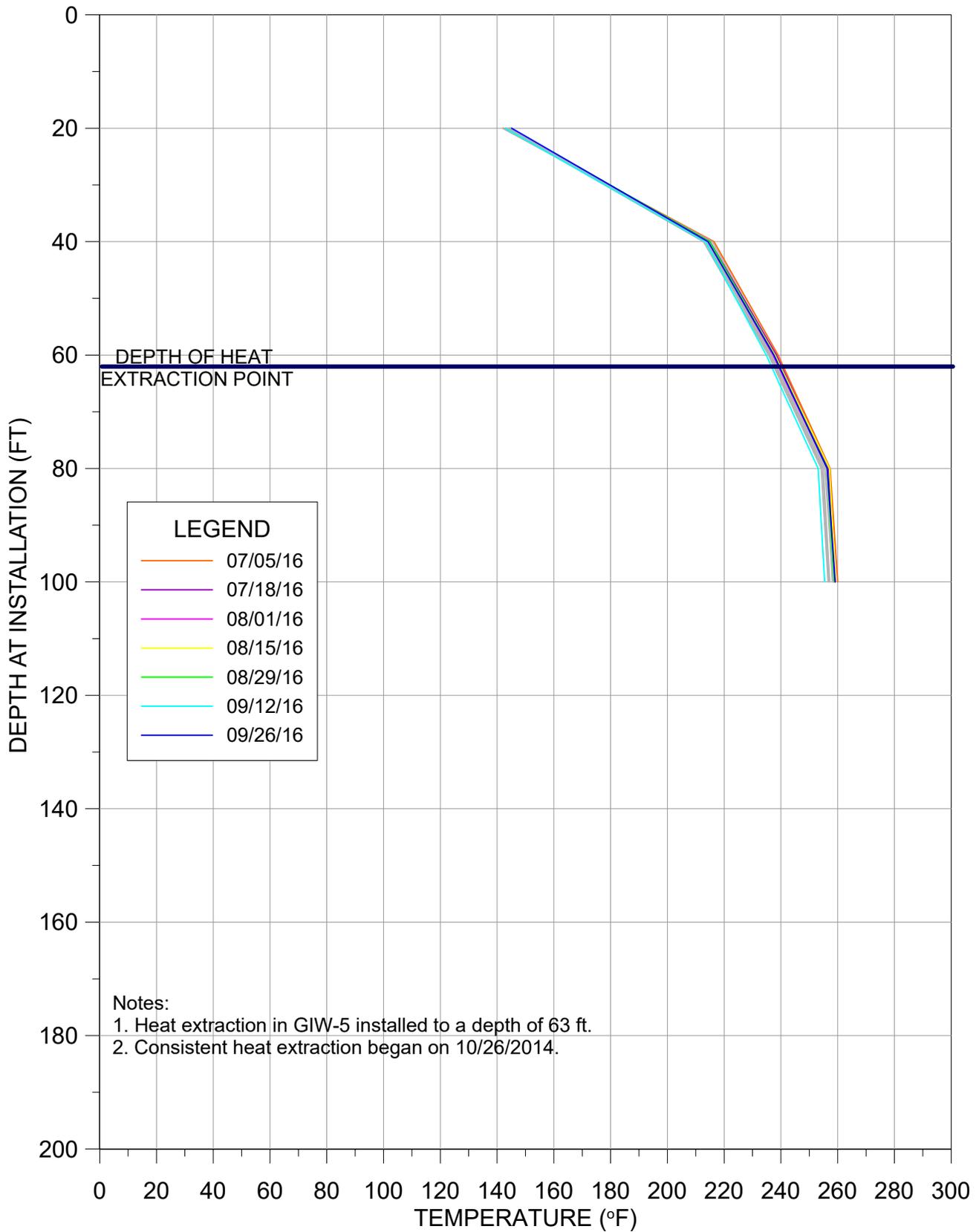
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Appendix A – Temperature Monitoring Probe Graphs (Third Quarter 2016)

# TMP-5-5N

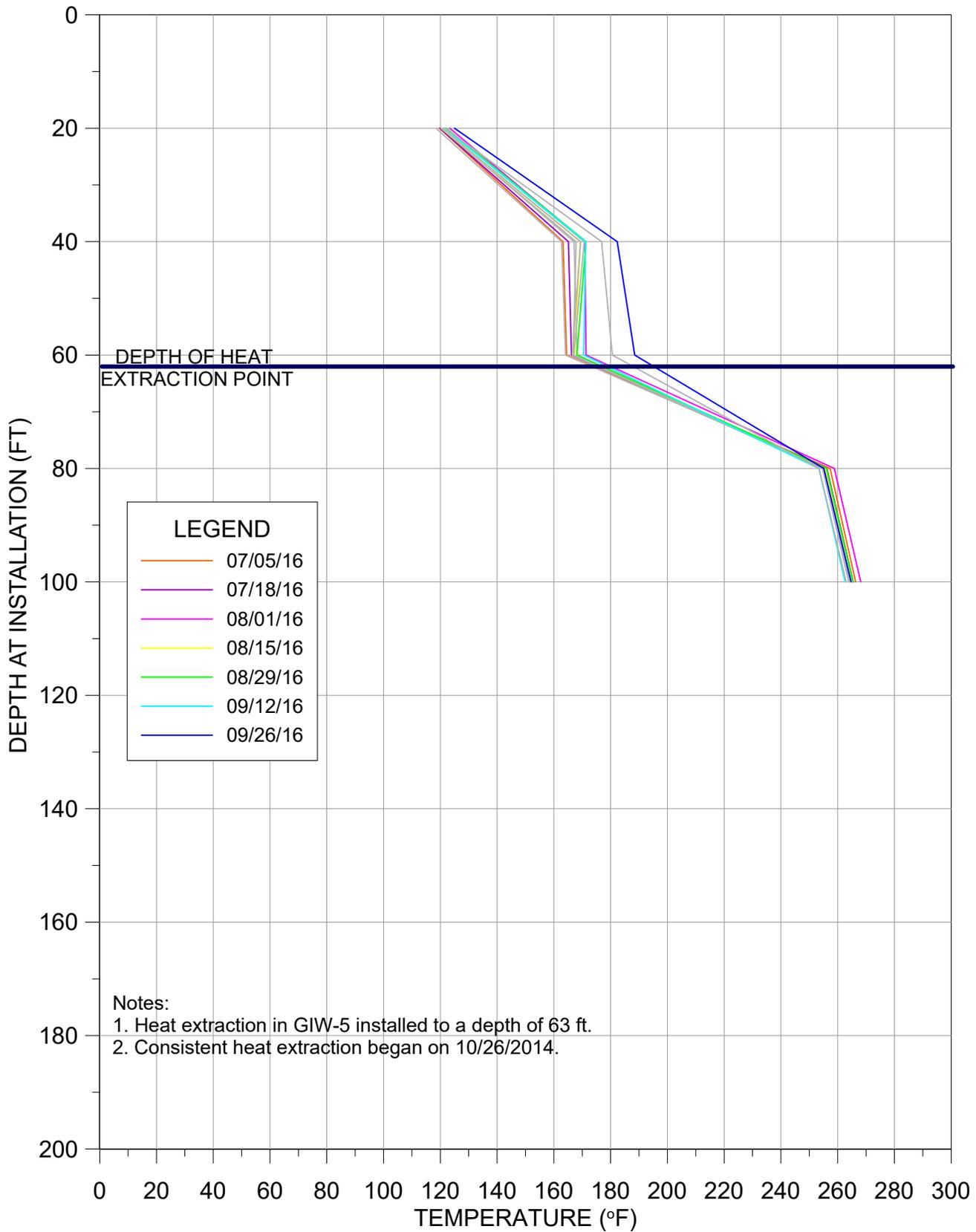


# TMP-5-5S



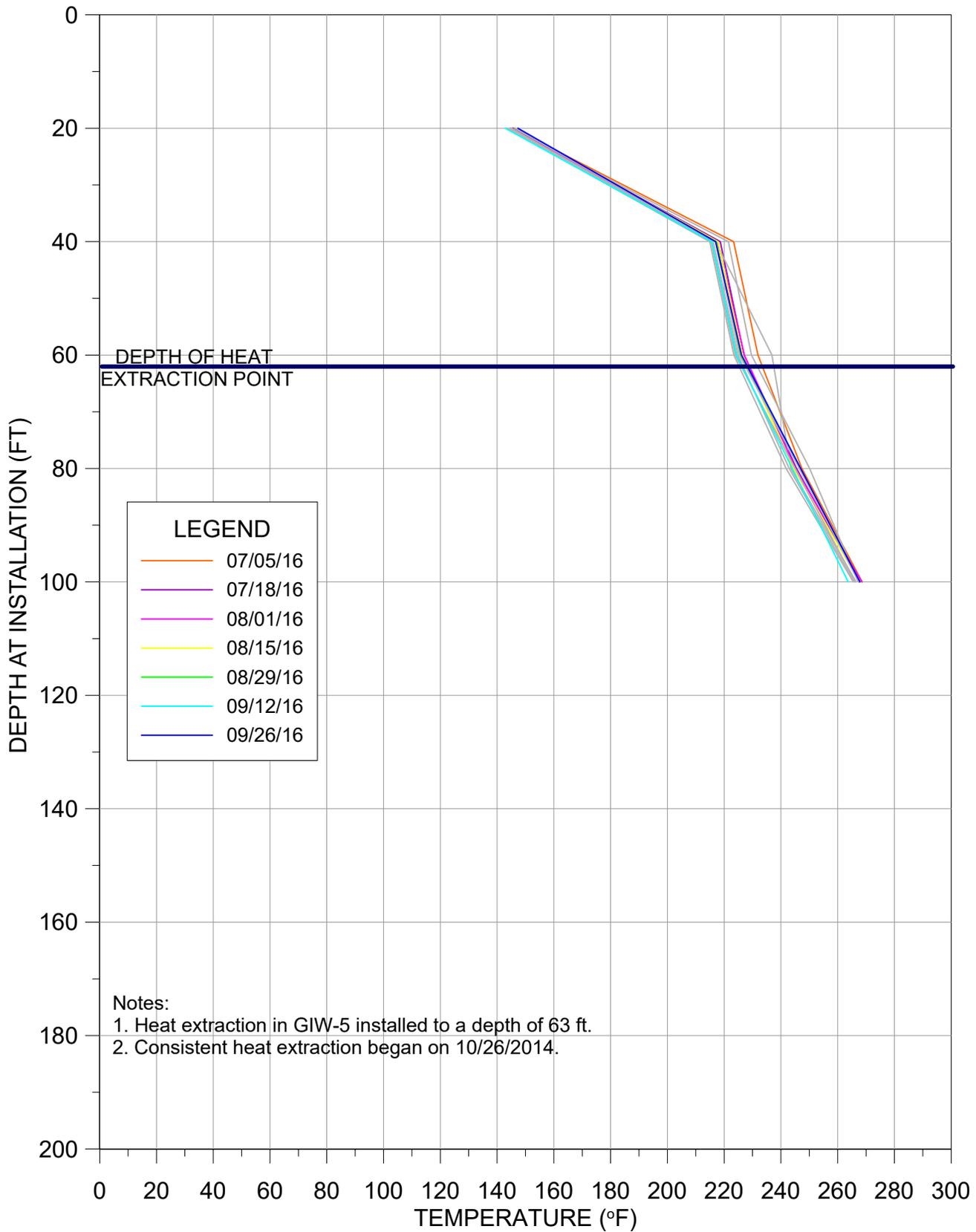
Notes:  
1. Heat extraction in GIW-5 installed to a depth of 63 ft.  
2. Consistent heat extraction began on 10/26/2014.

# TMP-5-9N



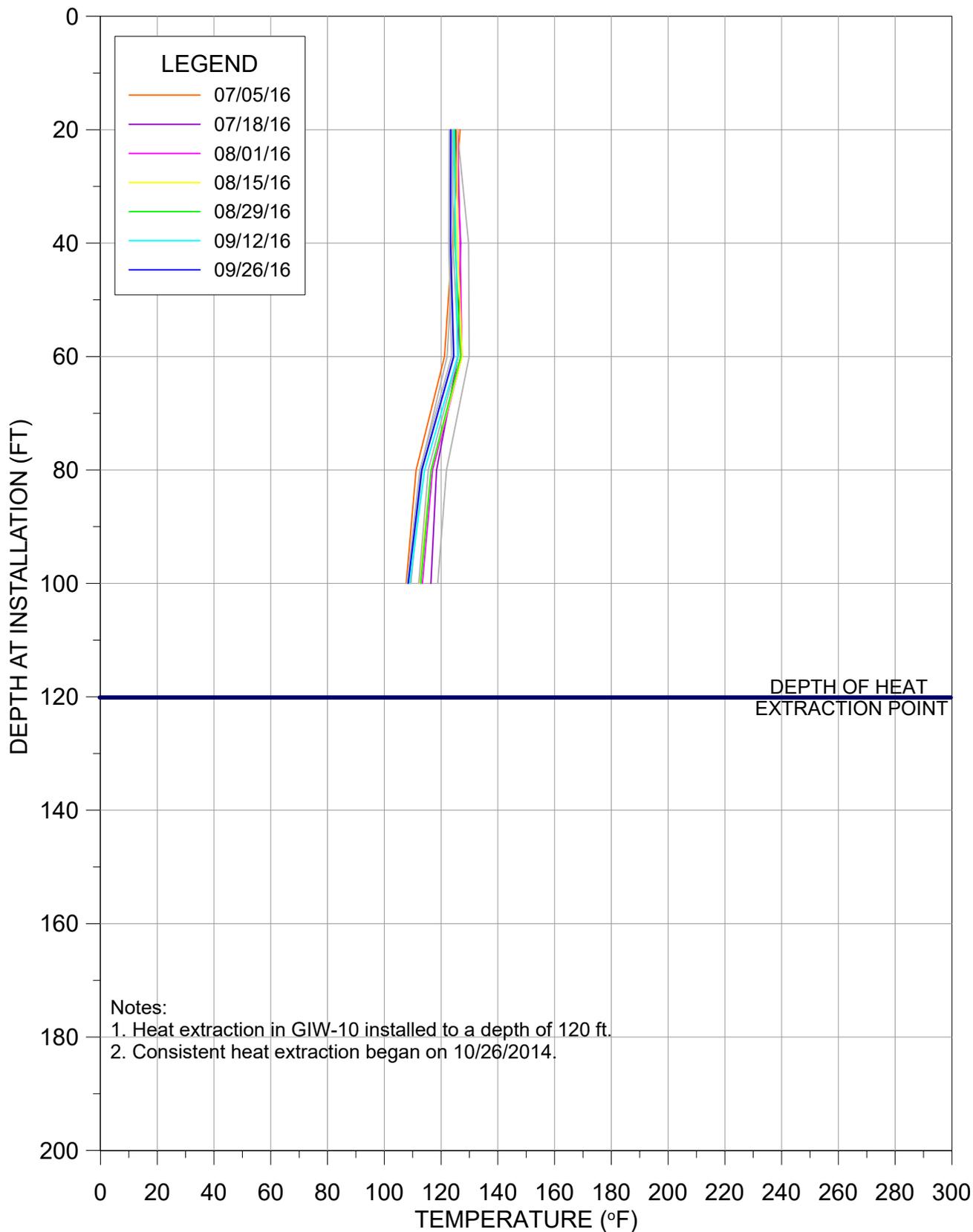
Notes:  
1. Heat extraction in GIW-5 installed to a depth of 63 ft.  
2. Consistent heat extraction began on 10/26/2014.

# TMP-5-9S

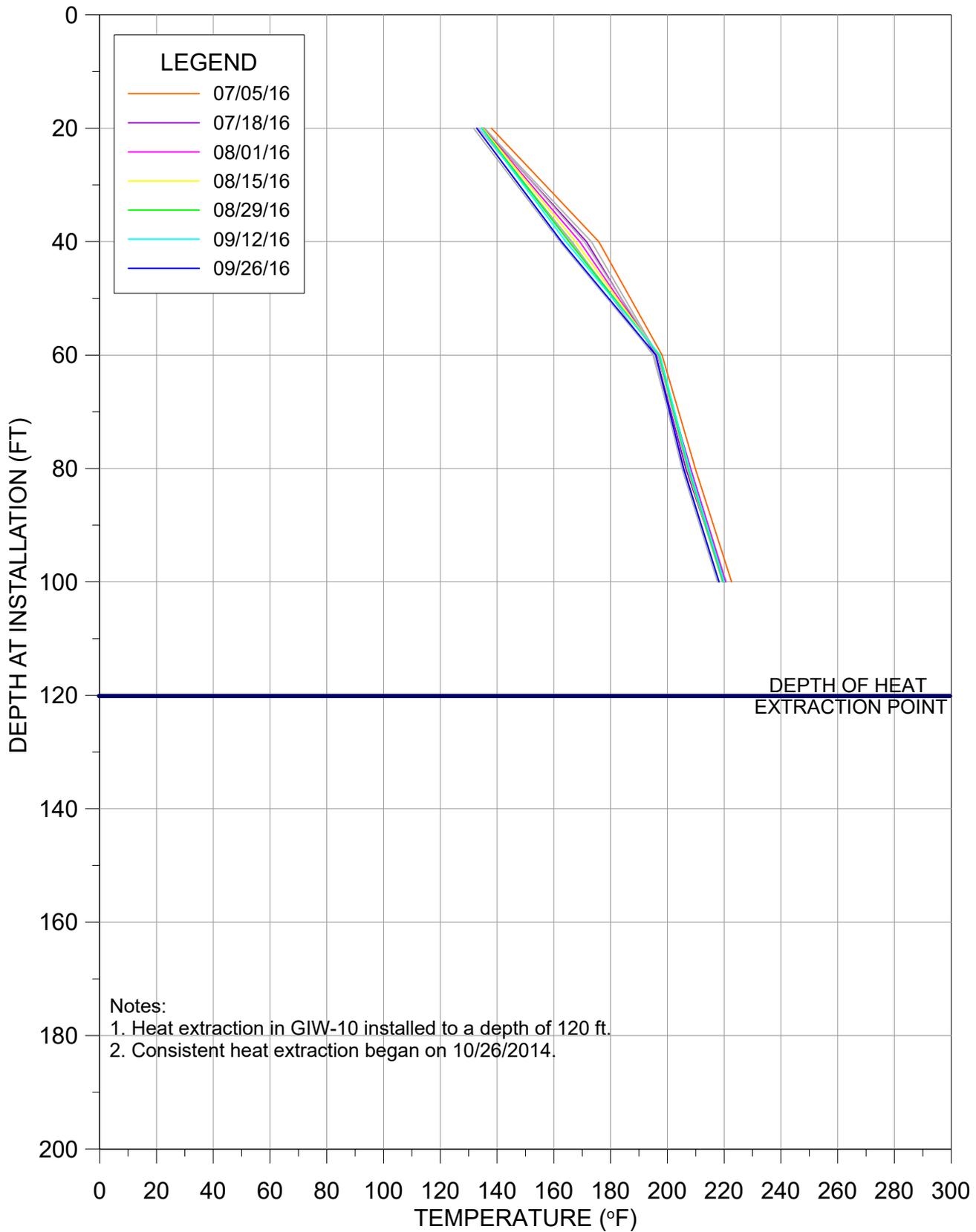


Notes:  
1. Heat extraction in GIW-5 installed to a depth of 63 ft.  
2. Consistent heat extraction began on 10/26/2014.

# TMP-10-5N

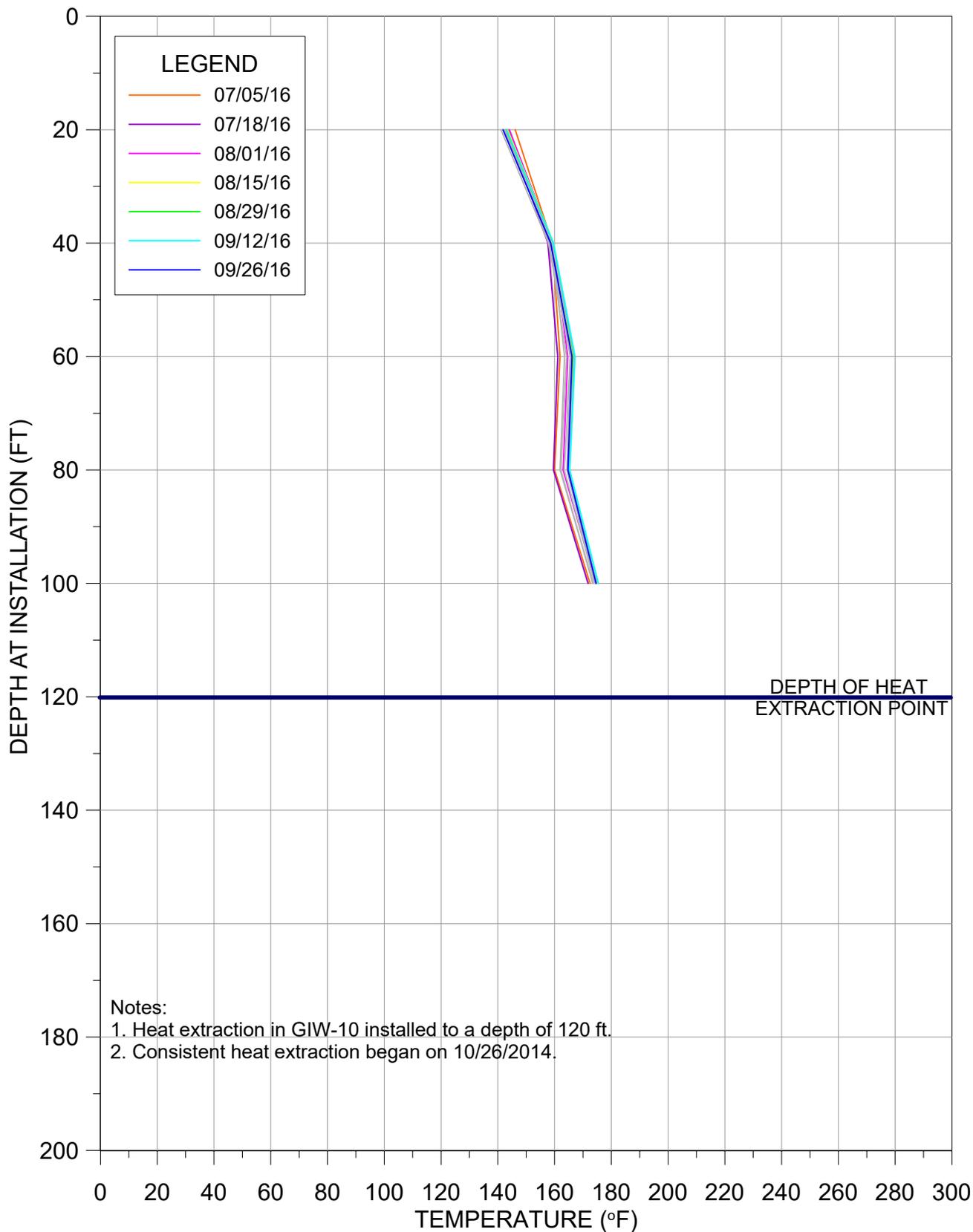


# TMP-10-5S



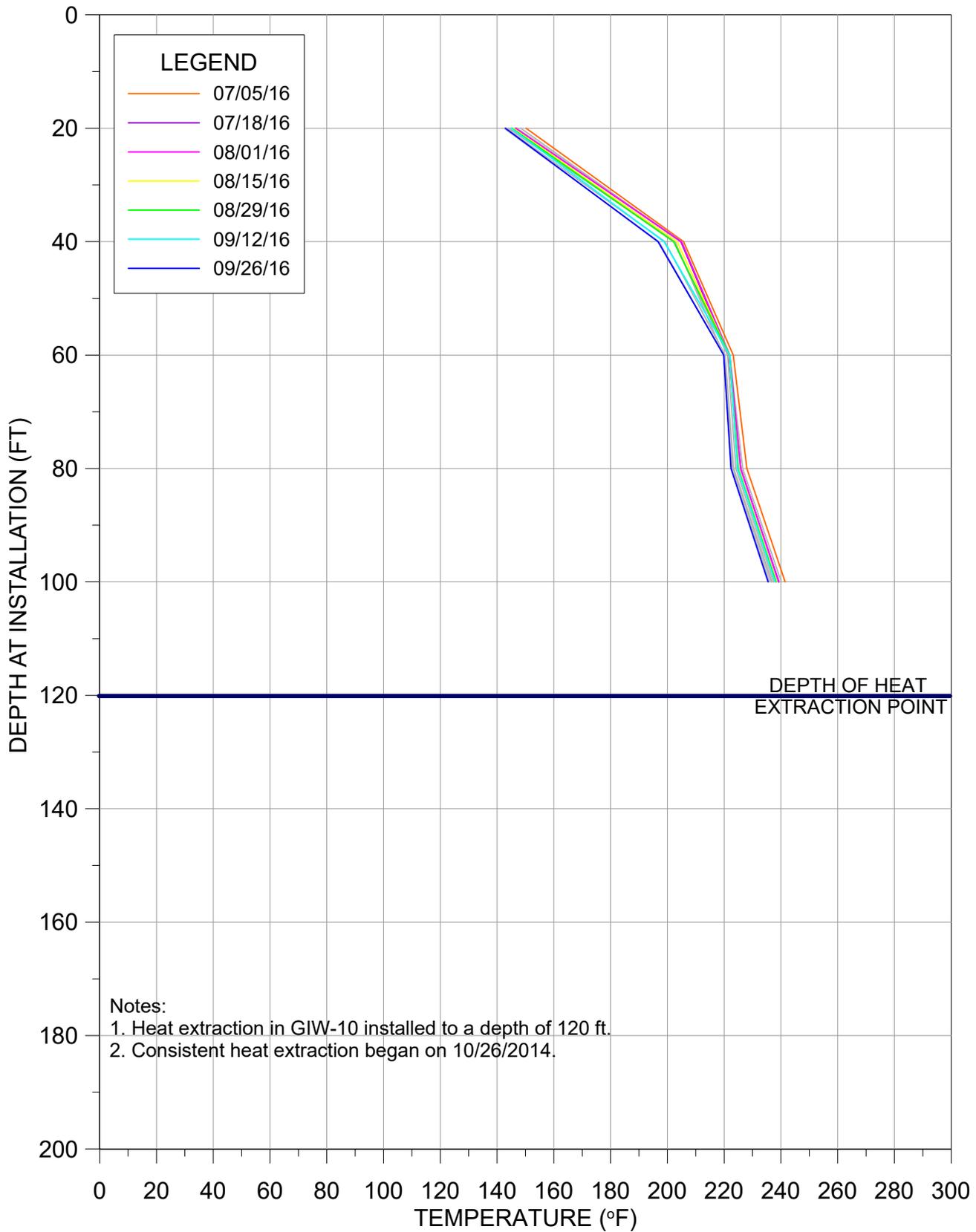
Notes:  
1. Heat extraction in GIW-10 installed to a depth of 120 ft.  
2. Consistent heat extraction began on 10/26/2014.

# TMP-10-9N



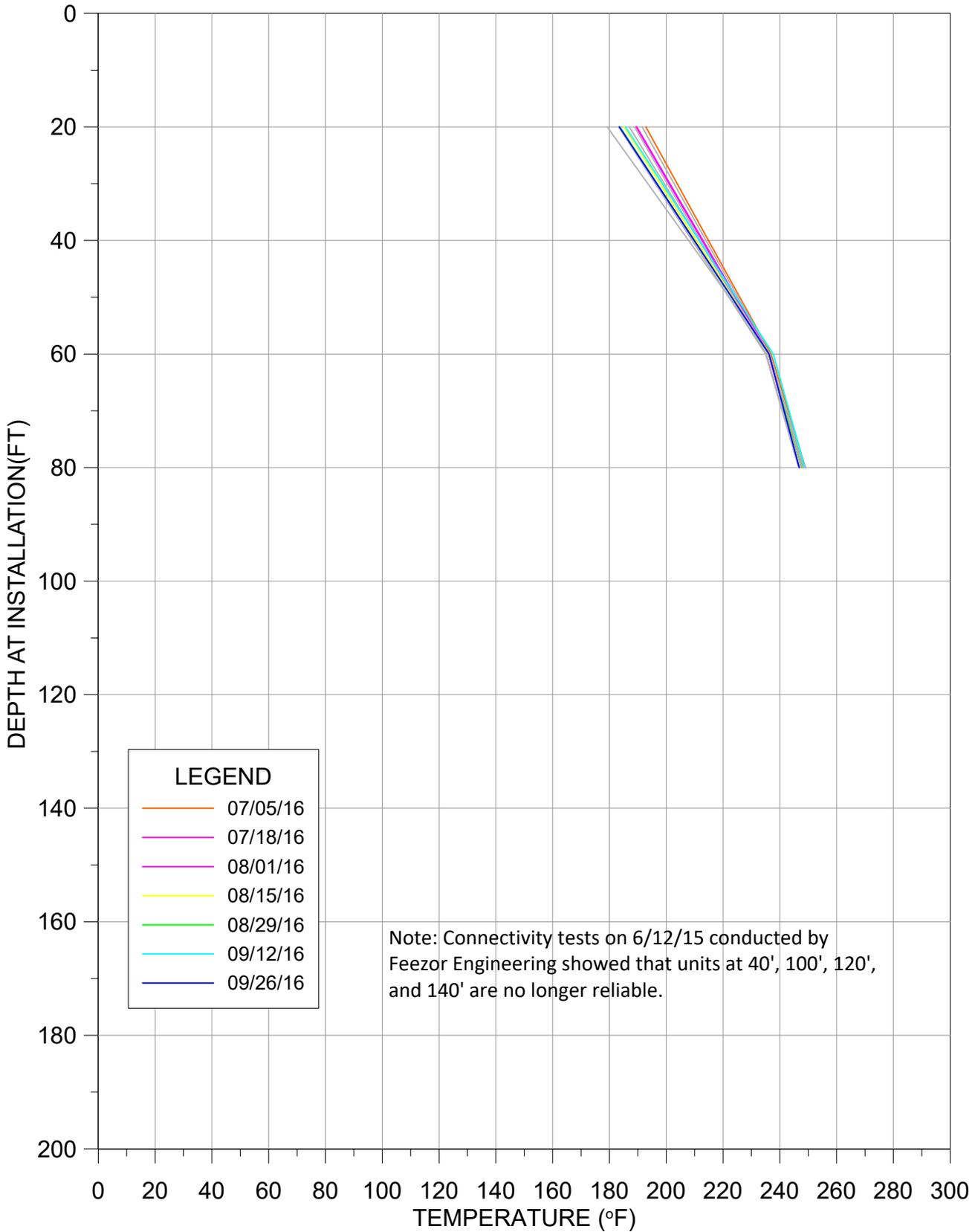
Notes:  
1. Heat extraction in GIW-10 installed to a depth of 120 ft.  
2. Consistent heat extraction began on 10/26/2014.

# TMP-10-9S

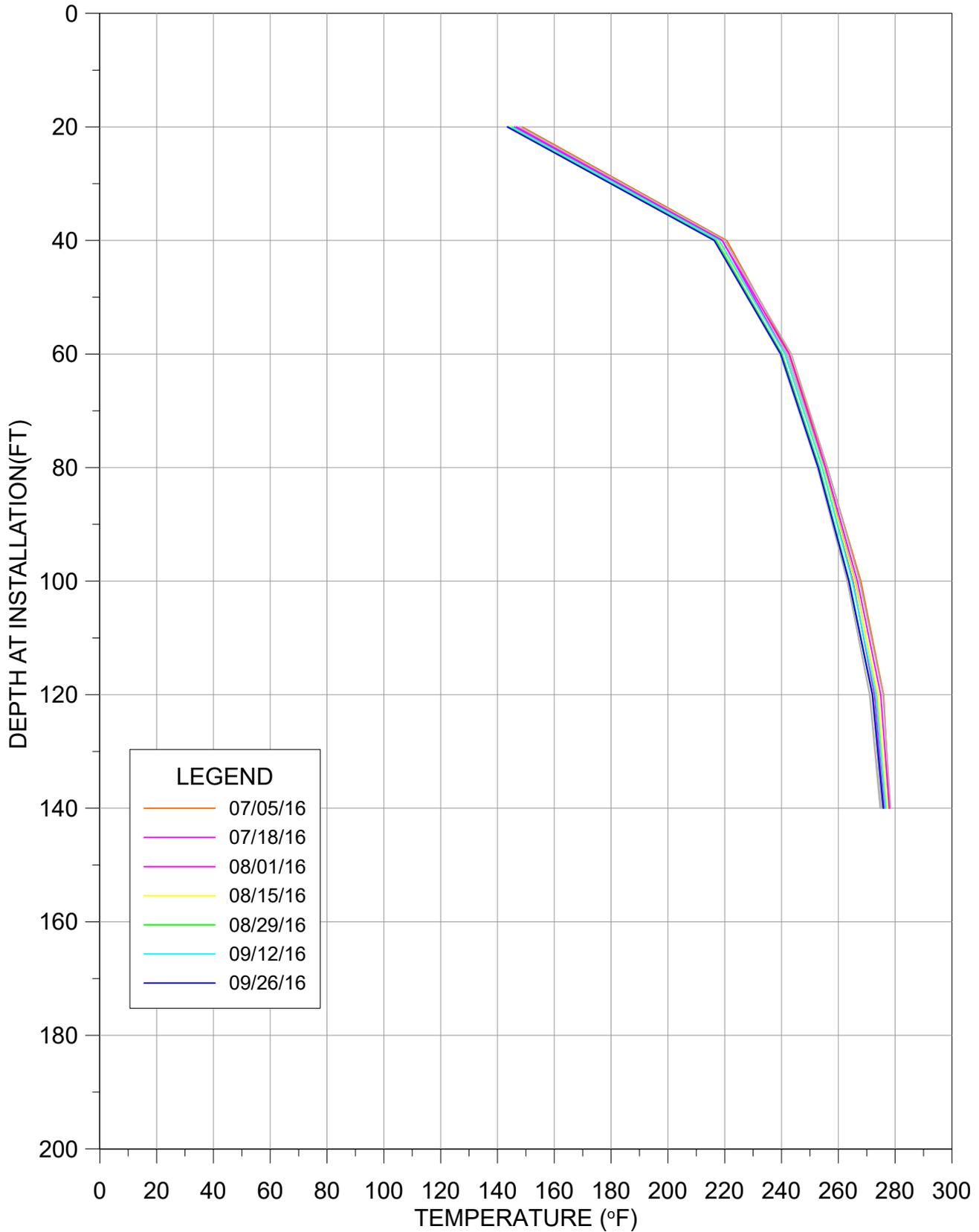


Notes:  
1. Heat extraction in GIW-10 installed to a depth of 120 ft.  
2. Consistent heat extraction began on 10/26/2014.

# TMP-19

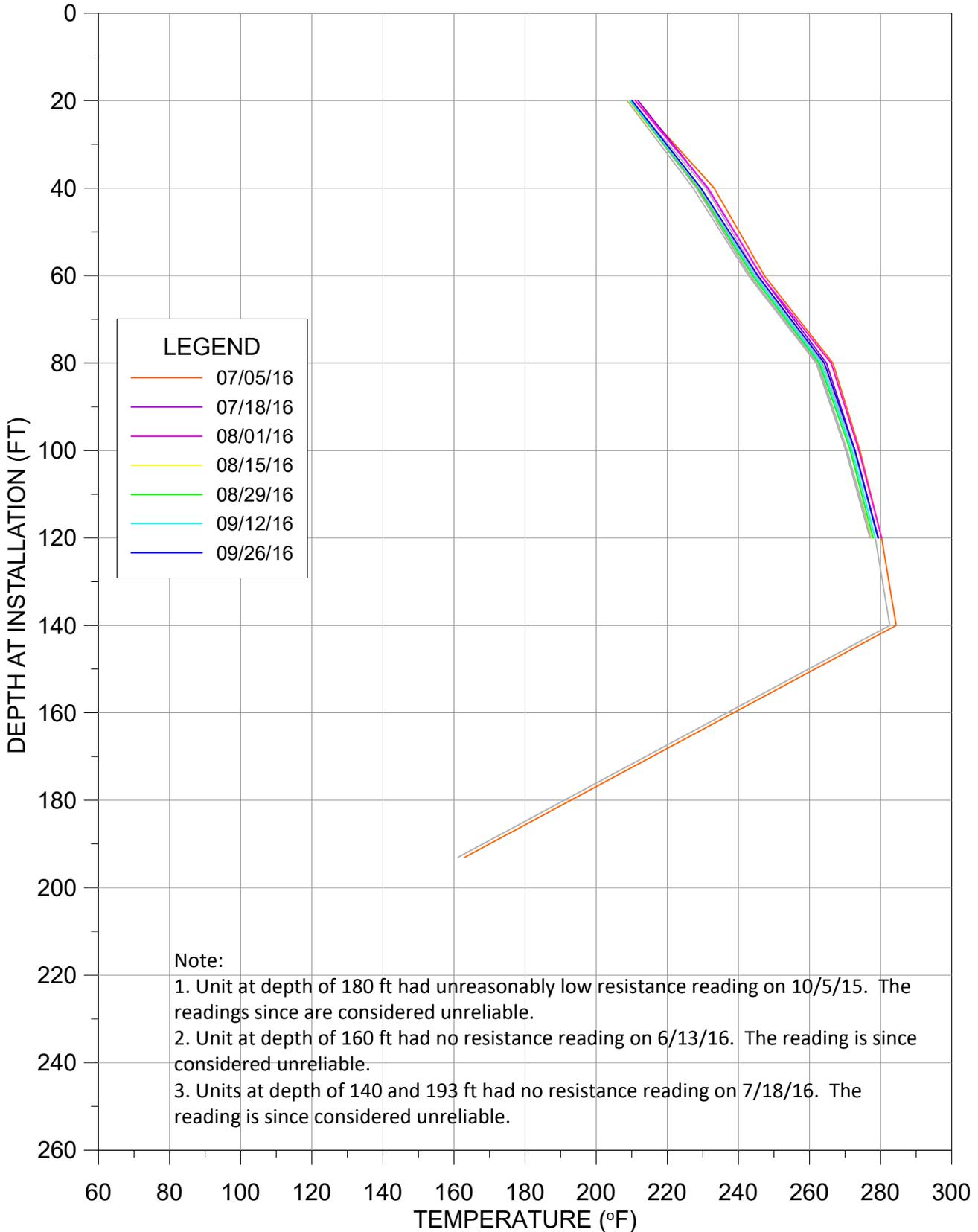


# TMP-20

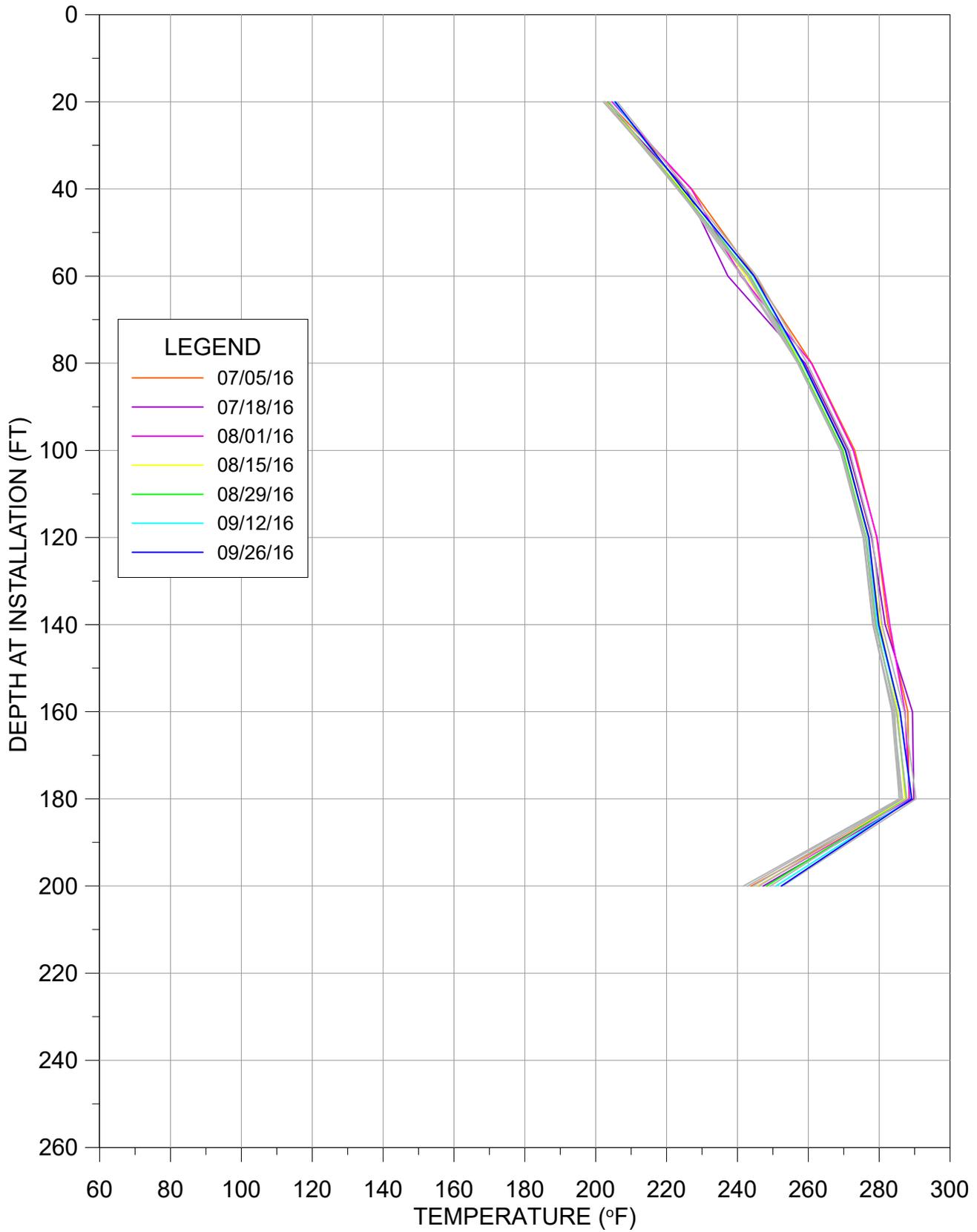


TEMPERATURE VS DEPTH  
BRIDGETON LANDFILL

# TMP-31

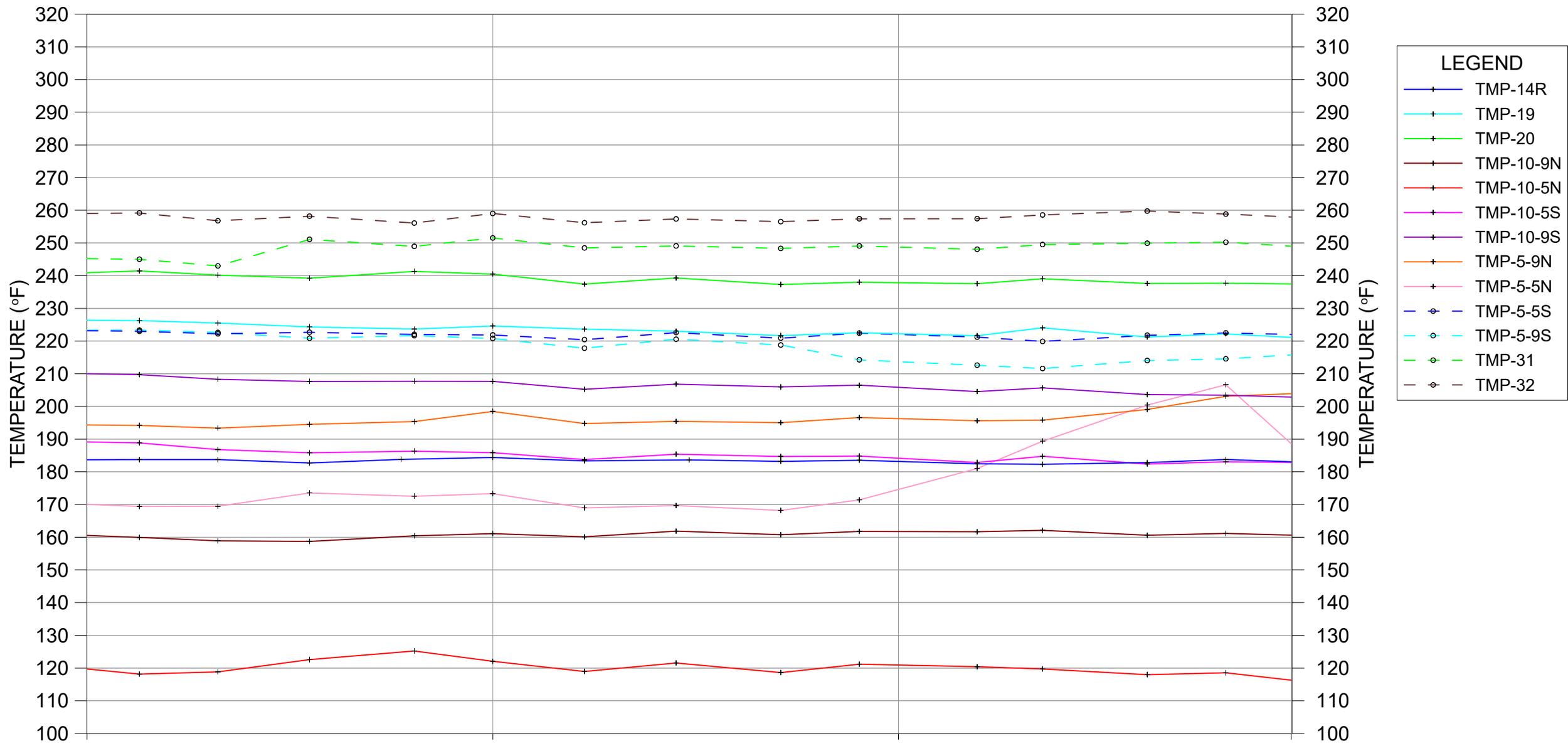


# TMP-32



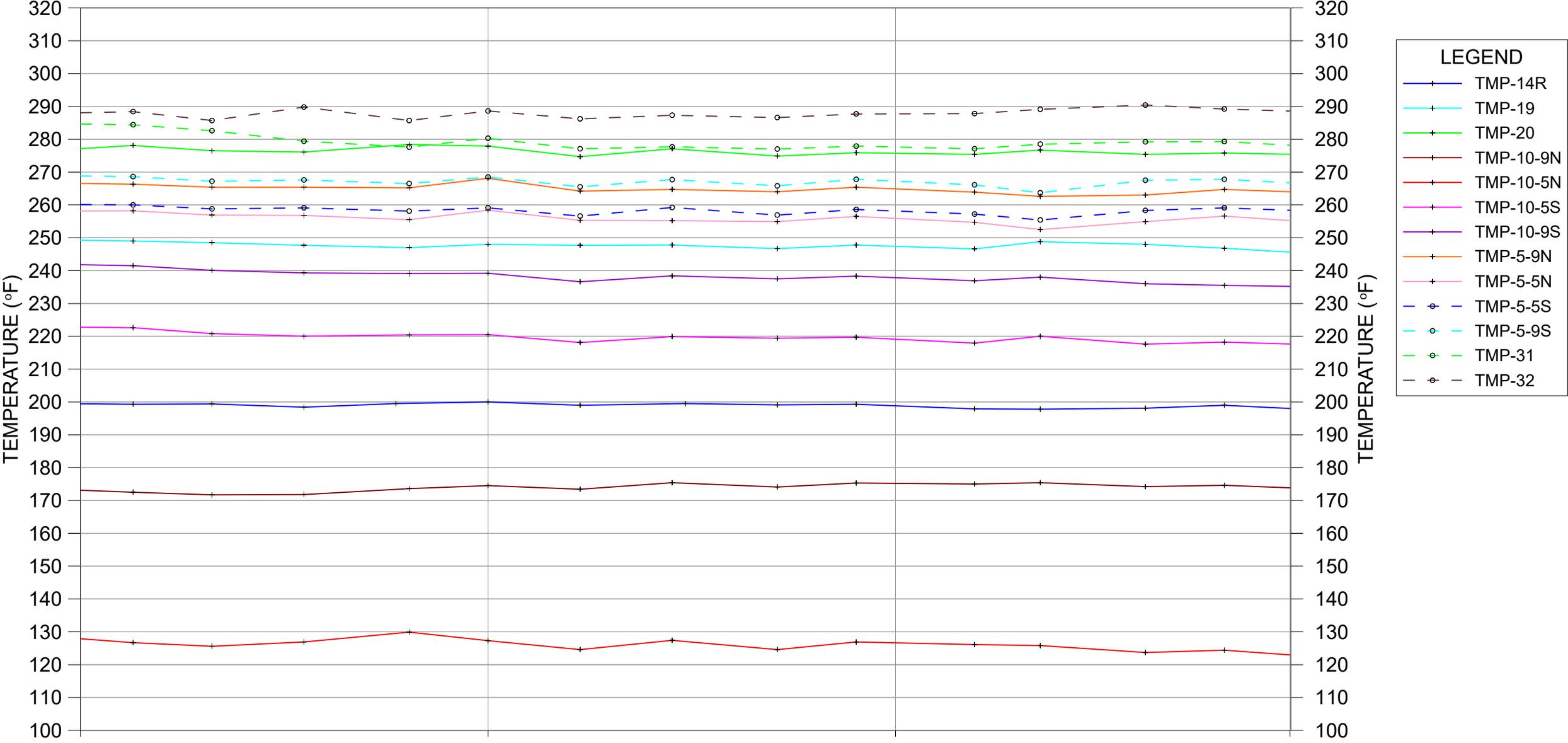
TEMPERATURE VS DEPTH  
BRIDGETON LANDFILL

# AVERAGE TEMPERATURES



TEMPERATURE VS TIME  
BRIDGETON LANDFILL  
(07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

# MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES

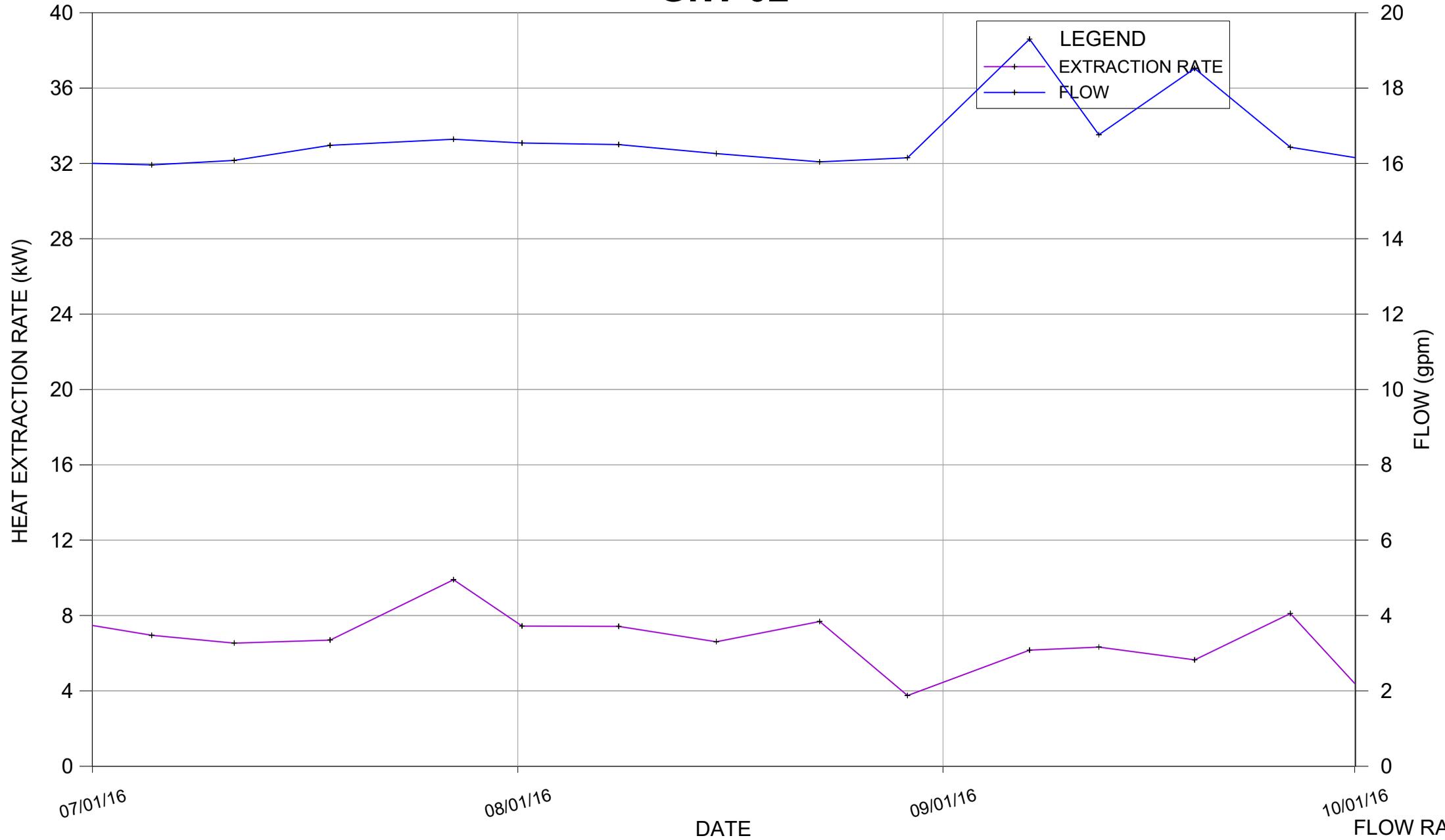


TEMPERATURE VS TIME  
BRIDGETON LANDFILL  
(07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

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Appendix B – Heat Removal Point Data Graphs (Third Quarter 2016)

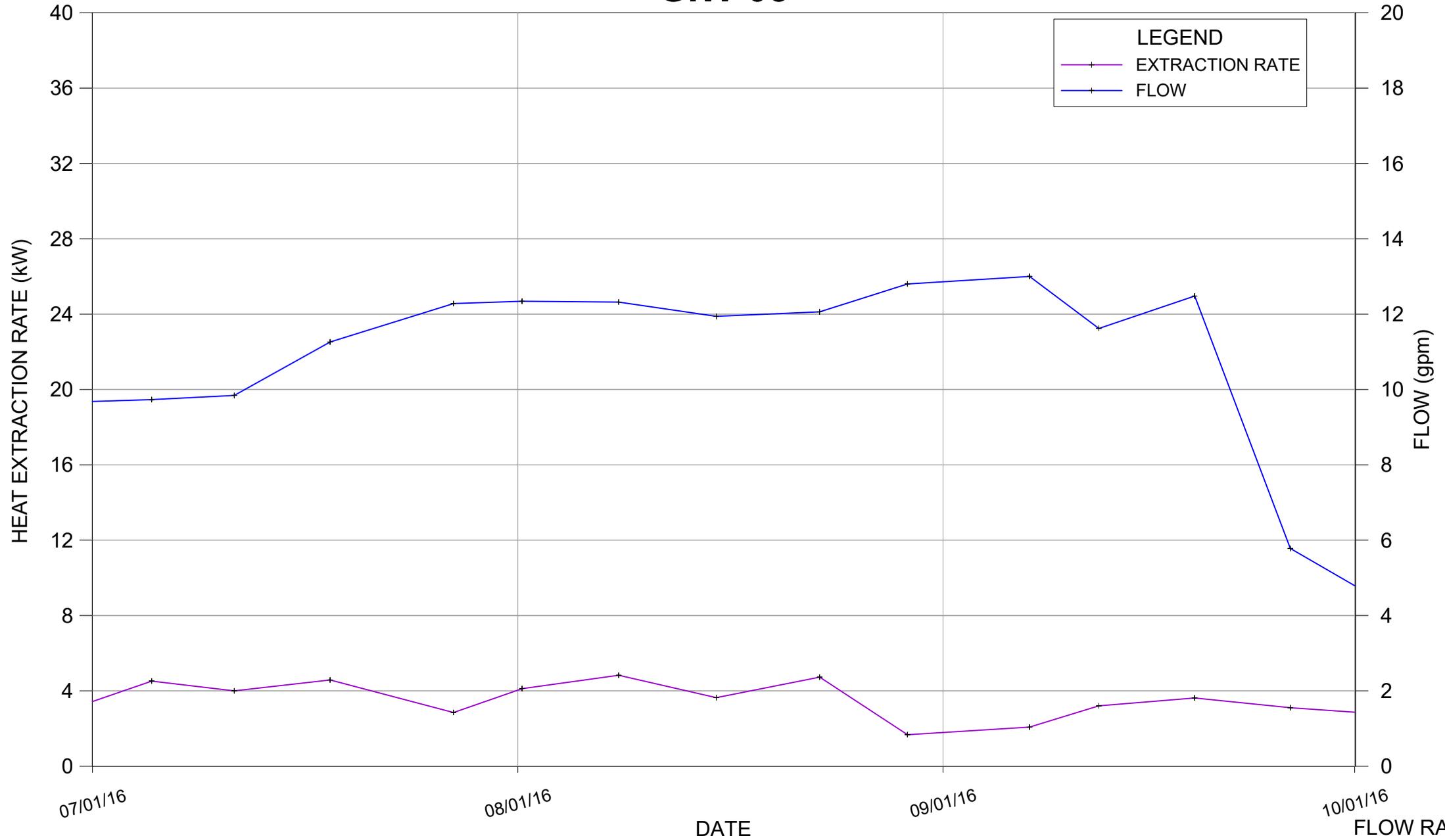
# GIW-02



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

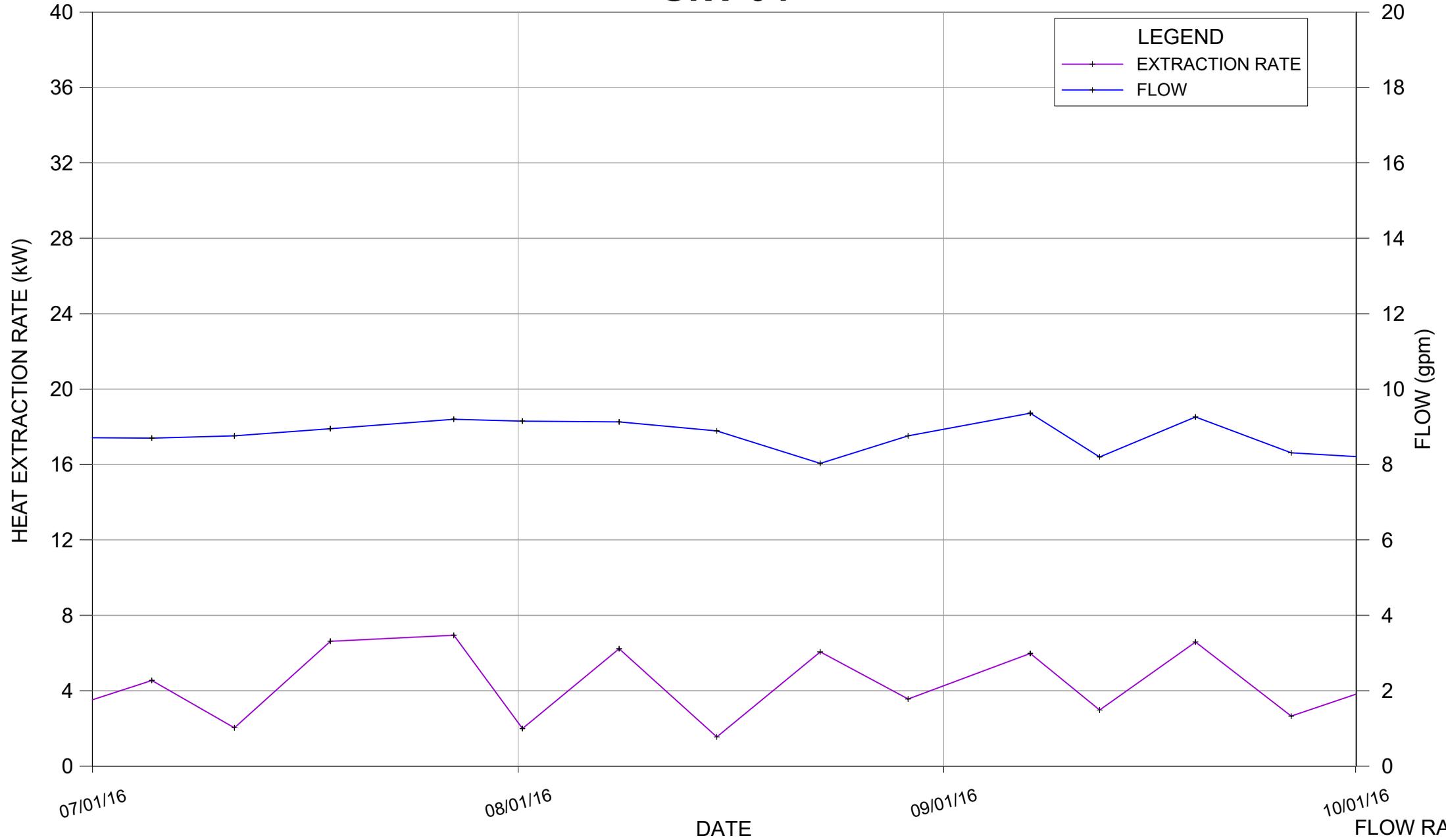
# GIW-03



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

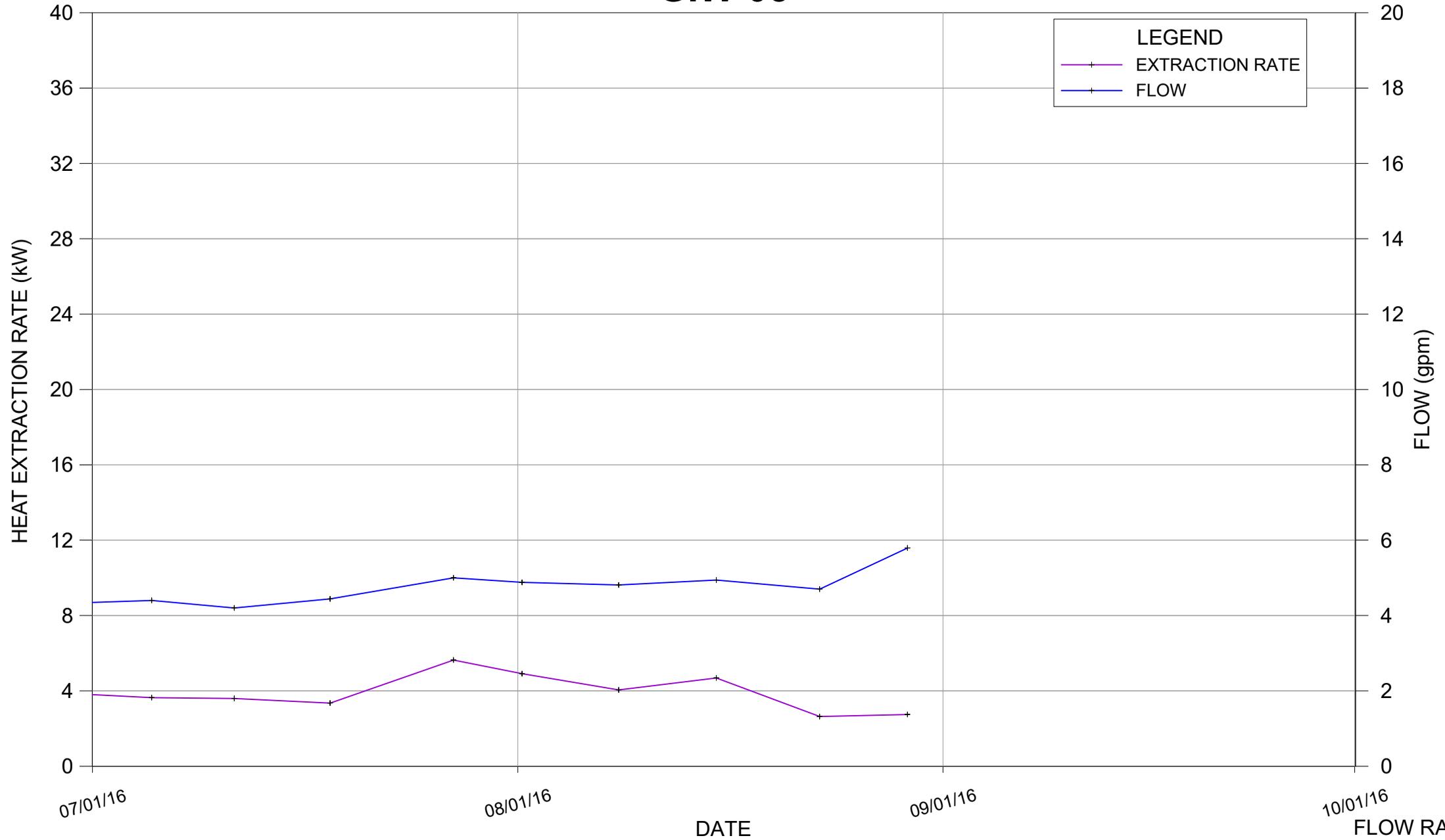
# GIW-04



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

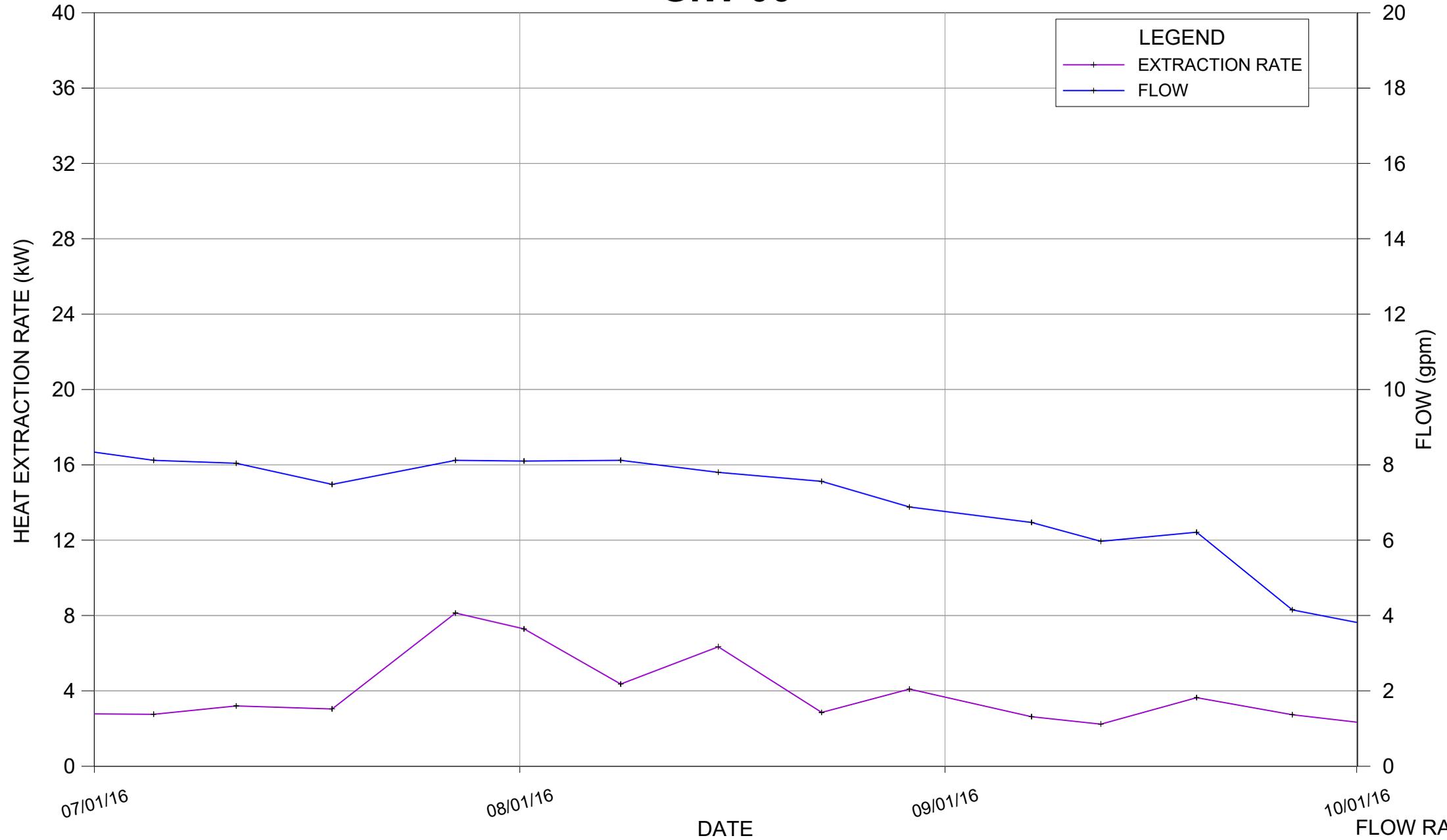
# GIW-05



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

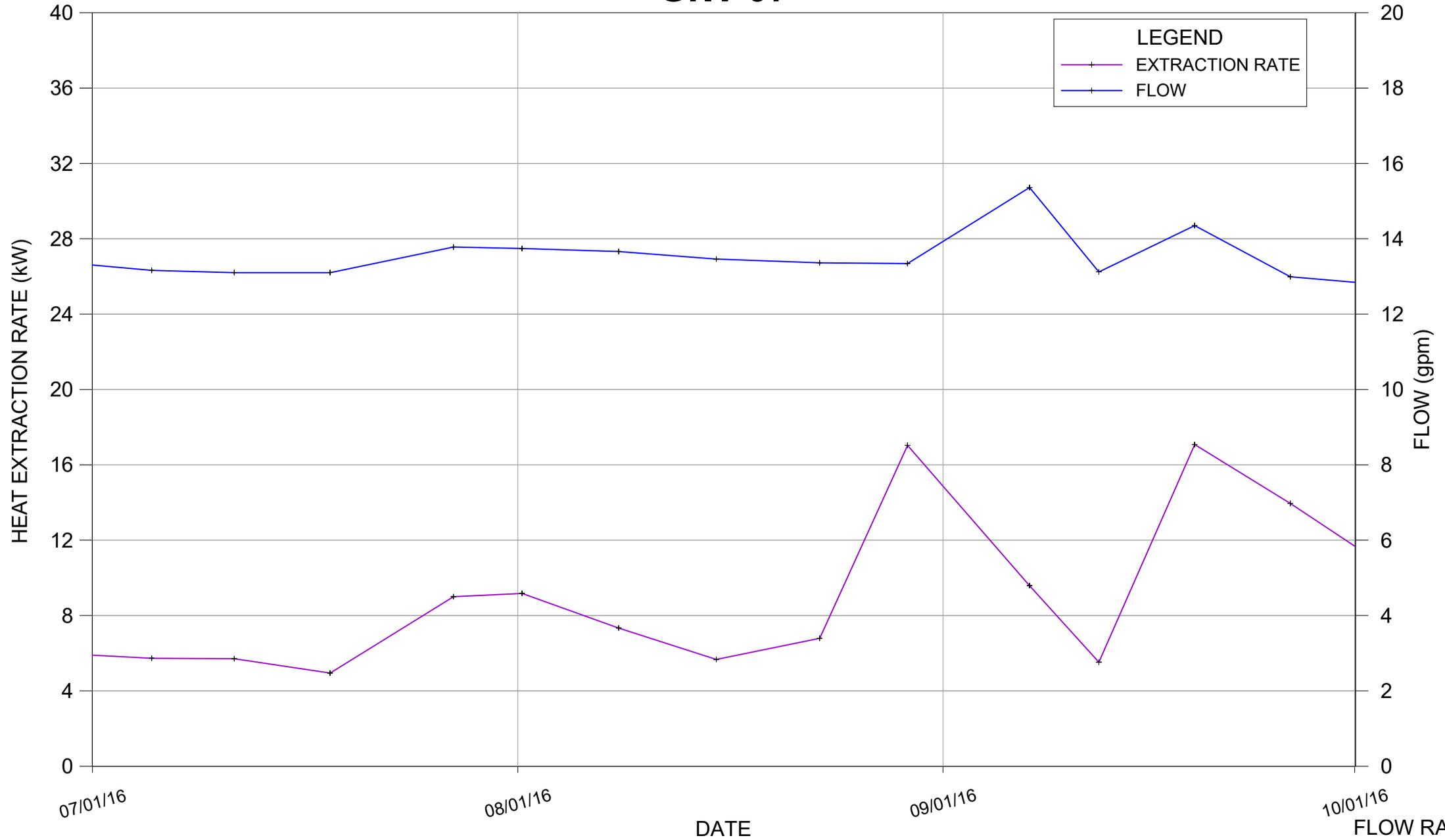
# GIW-06



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

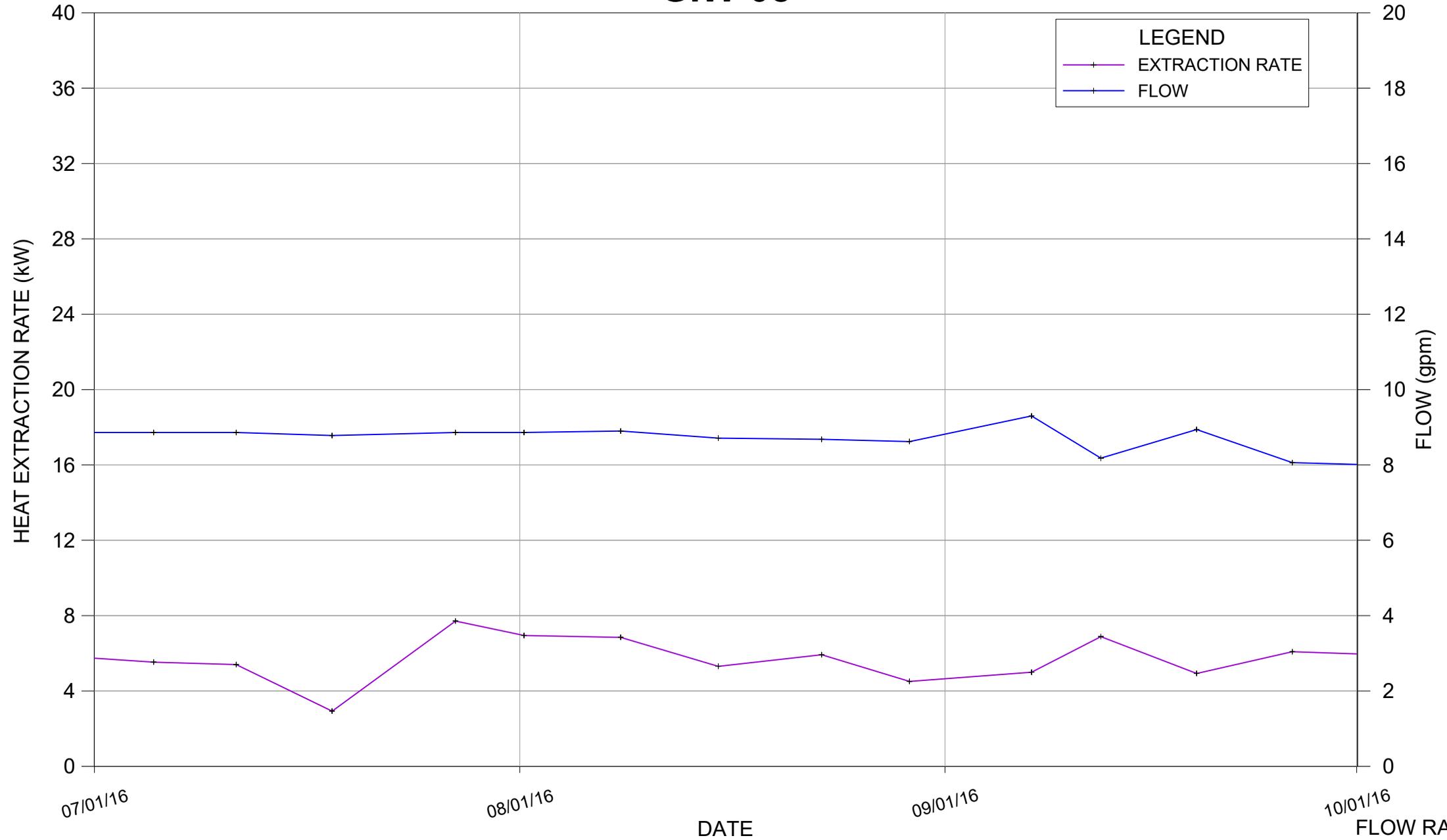
# GIW-07



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

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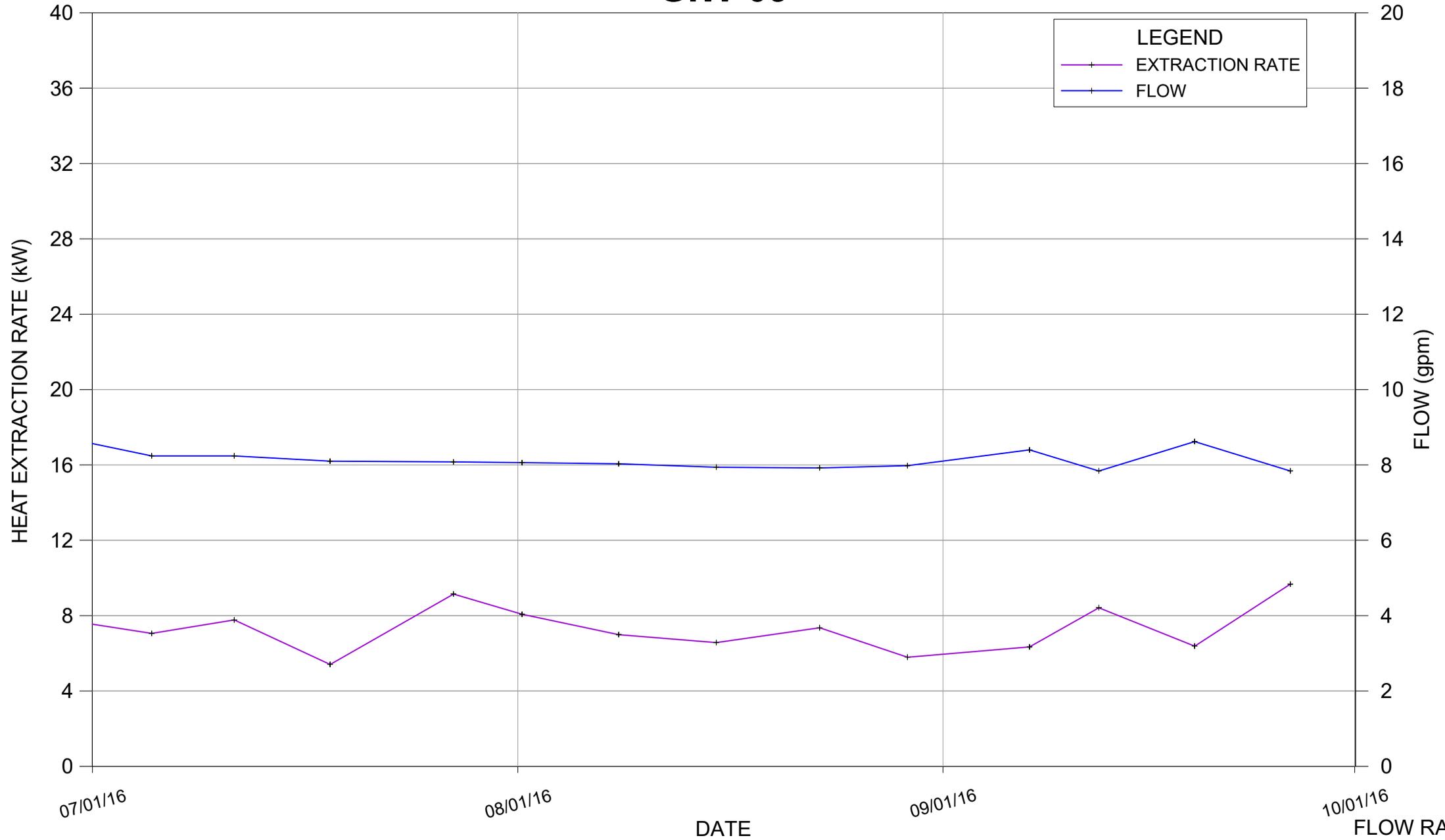
# GIW-08



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

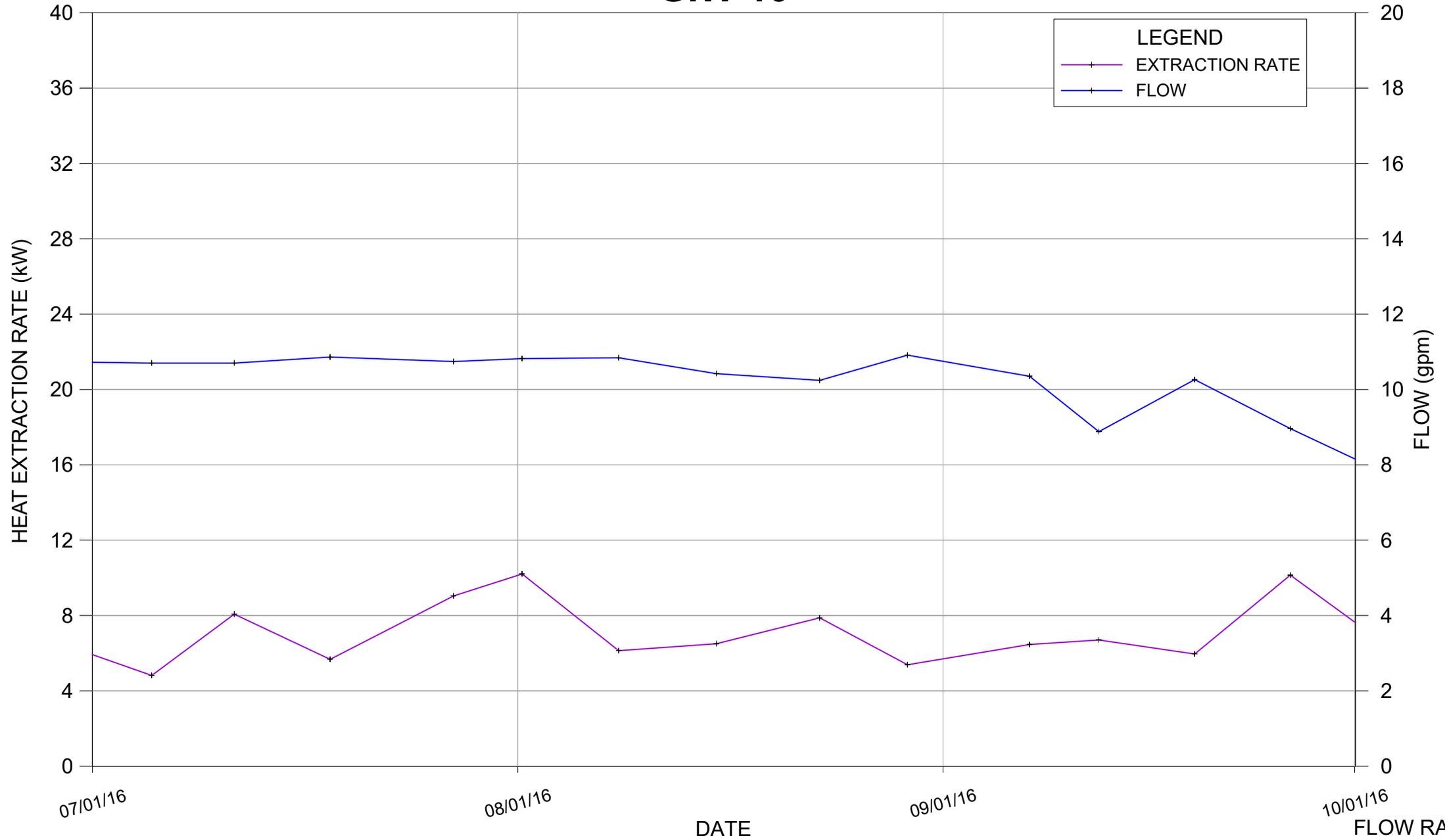
# GIW-09



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

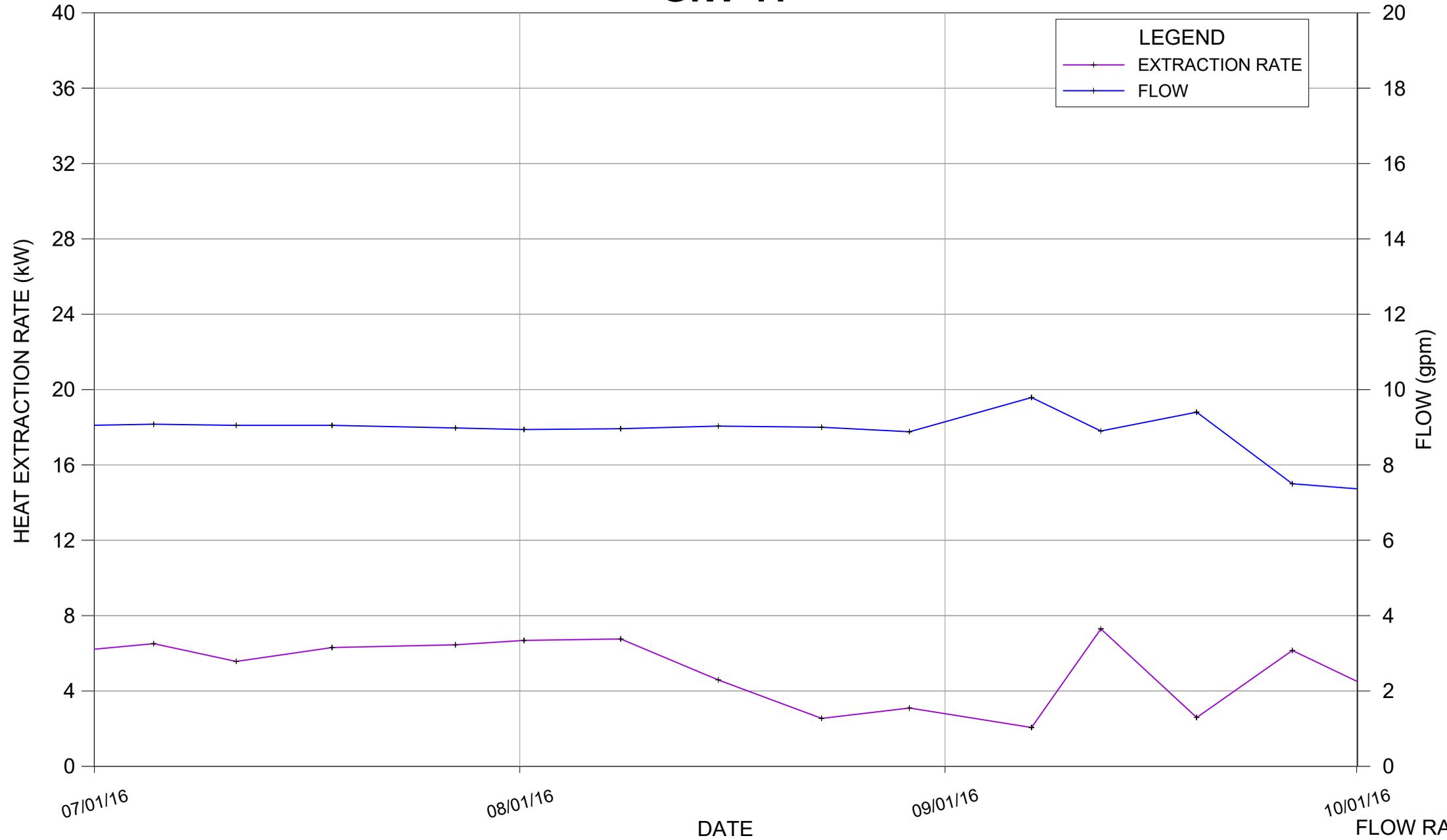
# GIW-10



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

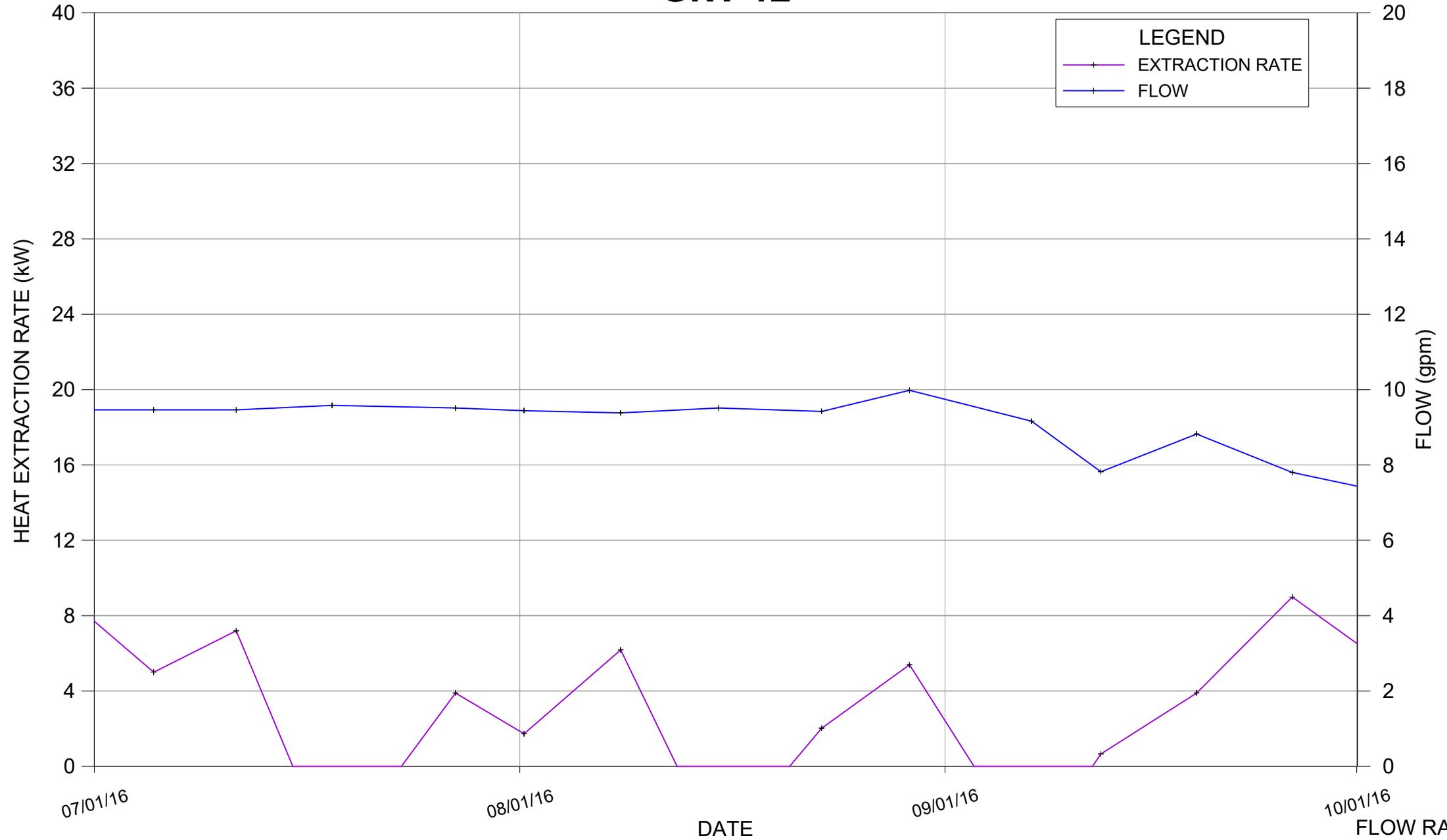
# GIW-11



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

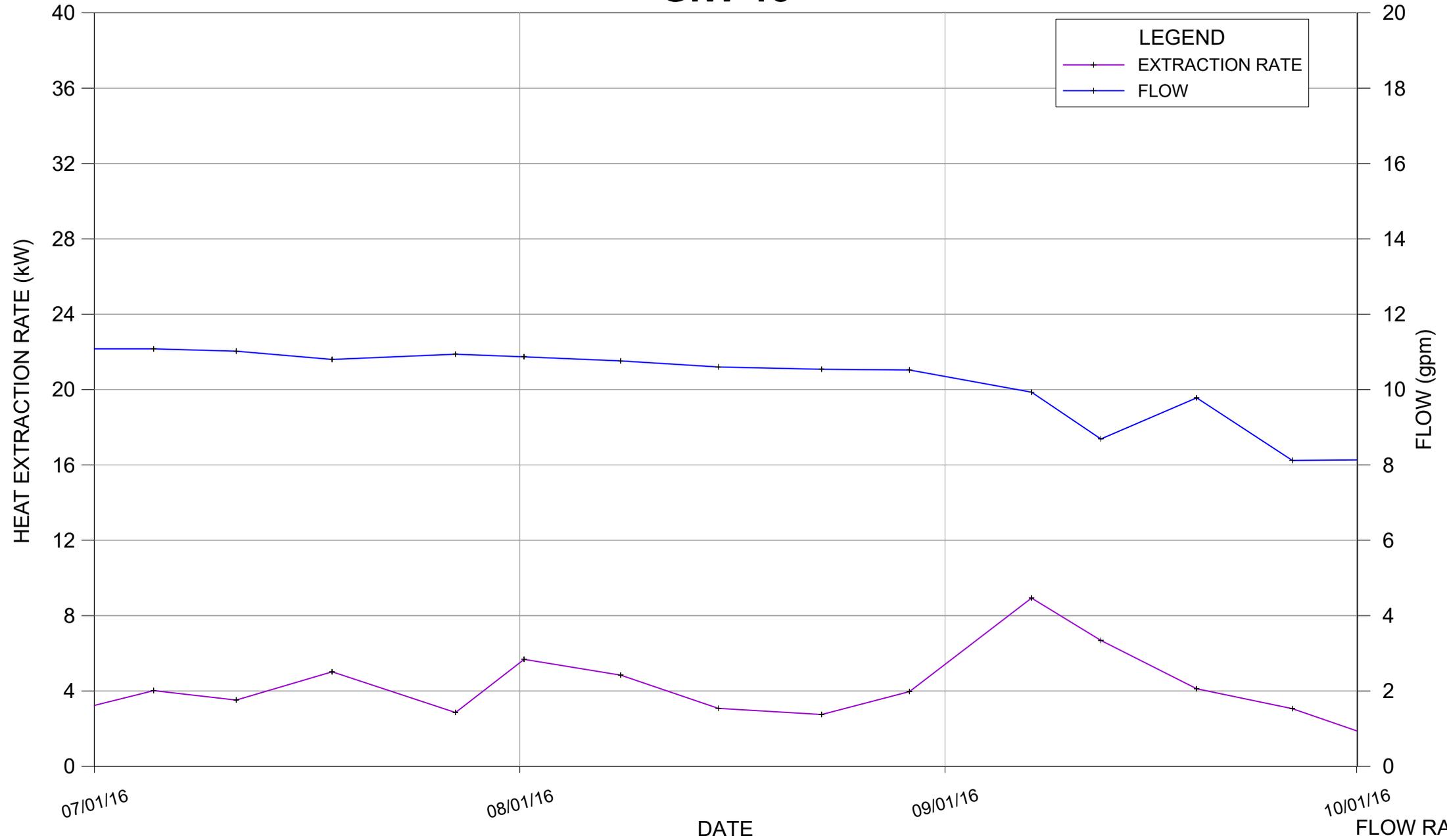
# GIW-12



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FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

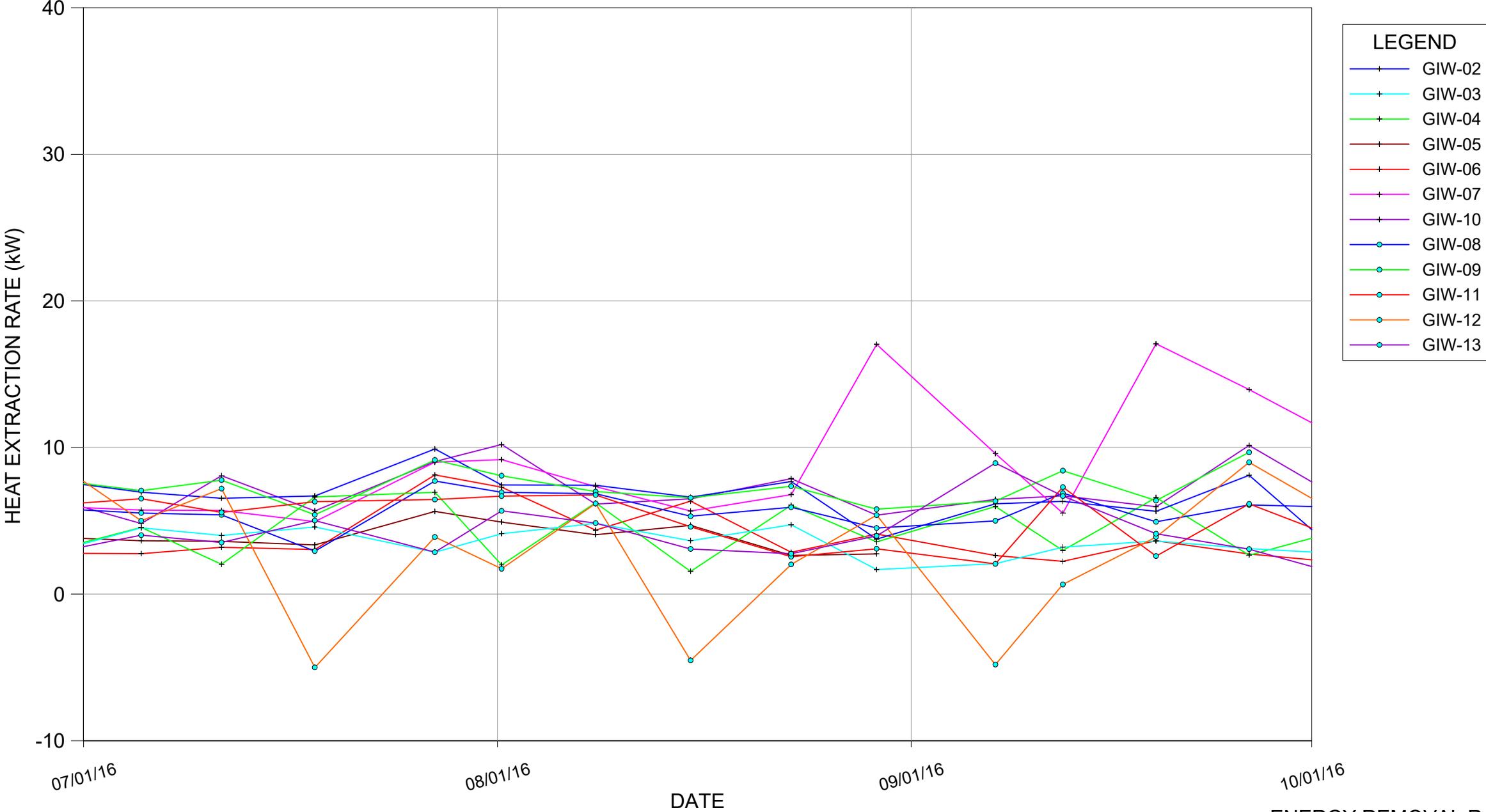
# GIW-13



Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

FLOW RATE AND HEAT EXTRACTION VS TIME BRIDGETON LANDFILL (07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

# RATE OF ENERGY REMOVAL

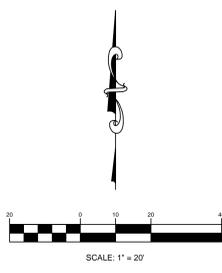
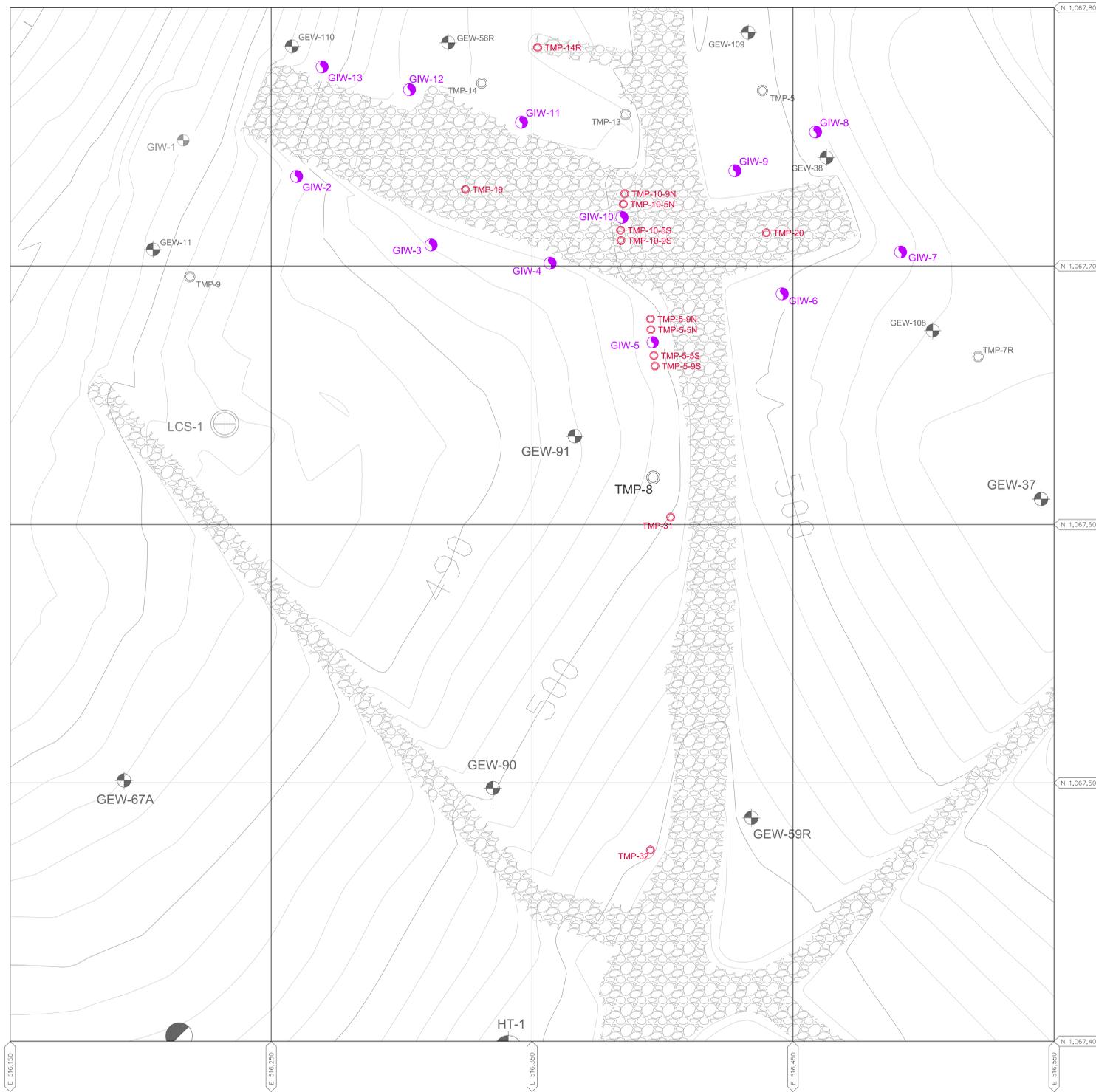


Note: Heat extraction rate data points are calculated based on instantaneously measured input and output temperatures and provide an snapshot. Input and output temperatures fluctuate and the heat extraction rate varies inbetween data points from the connecting lines shown.

ENERGY REMOVAL RATE  
BRIDGETON LANDFILL  
(07/01/16 - 09/30/16)

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## Appendix C – Temperature Monitoring Probe Layout



**LEGEND**

- EXISTING GRADE (2' CONTOUR)
- EXISTING GRADE (10' CONTOUR)
- EXISTING GAS EXTRACTION WELL
- EXISTING GAS INTERCEPTOR WELL
- EXISTING TEMPERATURE MONITORING PROBE
- HEAT REMOVAL POINT WITHIN GAS INTERCEPTOR WELL
- PILOT STUDY TEMPERATURE MONITORING PROBE

TMP INSTALLATION			
ID	Northing	Easting	Depth (ft)
TMP-19	1067729.43	516324.34	140
TMP-14R	1067784.62	516352.17	140
TMP-20	1067712.59	516439.87	140
TMP-5-9S	1067661.16	516397.18	100
TMP-5-5S	1067665.2	516396.79	100
TMP-5-5N	1067675.28	516395.69	100
TMP-5-9N	1067679.41	516395.37	100
TMP-10-9S	1067709.77	516384.13	100
TMP-10-5S	1067713.85	516384	100
TMP-10-5N	1067723.9	516384.95	100
TMP-10-9N	1067727.77	516385.53	100
TMP-31	1067602.84	516403.11	192.96
TMP-32	1067474.00	516395.36	205.2

NOTES:  
 1.) AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY WAS PROVIDED BY COOPER AERIAL SURVEYS CO. AND IS DATED MARCH 20, 2014.

BRIDGETON LANDFILL, LLC 13570 ST. CHARLES ROCK ROAD BRIDGETON, MISSOURI 63044	TEMPERATURE MONITORING PROBE LAYOUT		OCTOBER 2015	DRAWING NO.:
			DESIGNED BY: AMR	001
<b>TEMPERATURE MONITORING PROBE LAYOUT</b>			APPROVED BY: ALK	
PROJECT NUMBER: BT-045   FILE PATH:			REVISION	DATE

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## Appendix D – Heat Removal System Plan View



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Appendix E – Heat Extraction System Operating Log (Third Quarter 2016)











# BRIDGETON LANDFILL

## Heat Extraction System Operating Log

Name: Michael A. Spurgeon

Date: 7-26-16

Time: 1100

### Actions Taken or Observations:

1100 -> Joshua Smith More (BAC)  
came out and replaced  
Temperature Transmitter.  
1200 -> checked system. Everything is  
working.





