



MISSOURI
DEPARTMENT OF
NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI AIR CONSERVATION COMMISSION

PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT

Under the authority of RSMo 643 and the Federal Clean Air Act the applicant is authorized to construct the air contaminant source(s) described below, in accordance with the laws, rules and conditions as set forth herein.

Permit Number: 082020-006 Project Number: 2020-05-049
Installation Number: 510-0040

Parent Company: Washington University School of Medicine

Parent Company Address: 500 South Euclid, St. Louis, MO 63110

Installation Name: Washington University School of Medicine

Installation Address: 500 South Euclid, St. Louis, MO 63110

Location Information: City of St. Louis

Application for Authority to Construct was made for:

The installation of a new Boiler #2 rated at 85 MMBtu/hr at the Washington University School of Medicine. This review was conducted in accordance with Section (5), Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, *Construction Permits Required*.

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- Standard Conditions (on reverse) are applicable to this permit.
- Standard Conditions (on reverse) and Special Conditions are applicable to this permit.



Director or Designee
Department of Natural Resources

August 17, 2020
Effective Date

STANDARD CONDITIONS:

Permission to construct may be revoked if you fail to begin construction or modification within two years from the effective date of this permit. Permittee should notify the Enforcement and Compliance Section of the Air Pollution Control Program if construction or modification is not started within two years after the effective date of this permit, or if construction or modification is suspended for one year or more.

You will be in violation of 10 CSR 10-6.060 if you fail to adhere to the specifications and conditions listed in your application, this permit and the project review. In the event that there is a discrepancy between the permit application and this permit, the conditions of this permit shall take precedence. Specifically, all air contaminant control devices shall be operated and maintained as specified in the application, associated plans and specifications.

You must notify the Enforcement and Compliance Section of the Department's Air Pollution Control Program of the anticipated date of start up of this (these) air contaminant source(s). The information must be made available within 30 days of actual startup. Also, you must notify the Department's regional office responsible for the area within which you are located within 15 days after the actual start up of this (these) air contaminant source(s).

A copy of the permit application and this permit and permit review shall be kept at the installation address and shall be made available to Department's personnel upon request.

You may appeal this permit or any of the listed special conditions to the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC), P.O. Box 1557, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as provided in RSMo 643.075.6 and 621.250.3. If you choose to appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within 30 days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed. If it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC.

If you choose not to appeal, this certificate, the project review and your application and associated correspondence constitutes your permit to construct. The permit allows you to construct and operate your air contaminant source(s), but in no way relieves you of your obligation to comply with all applicable provisions of the Missouri Air Conservation Law, regulations of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources and other applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances.

The Air Pollution Control Program invites your questions regarding this air pollution permit. Please contact the Construction Permit Unit using the contact information below.

Contact Information:
Missouri Department of Natural Resources
Air Pollution Control Program
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176
(573) 751-4817

The regional office information can be found at the following website:
<http://dnr.mo.gov/regions/>

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

The permittee is authorized to construct and operate subject to the following special conditions:

The special conditions listed in this permit were included based on the authority granted to the Missouri Air Pollution Control Program by the Missouri Air Conservation Law (specifically 643.075) and by the Missouri Rules listed in Title 10, Division 10 of the Code of State Regulations (specifically 10 CSR 10-6.060). For specific details regarding conditions, see 10 CSR 10-6.060 paragraph (3)(E). "Conditions required by permitting authority."

Washington University School of Medicine
City of St. Louis

1. Operational Limitations – No. 2 Fuel Oil Usage
 - A. Washington University School of Medicine shall combust less than 0.9 million (MM) gallons of No. 2 fuel oil in any consecutive 12-month period in Boiler #2 (EP-01).
 - B. Washington University School of Medicine shall develop and use forms to demonstrate compliance with Special Condition 1.A. The forms shall contain at a minimum the following information,
 - 1) Installation name
 - 2) Installation ID
 - 3) Permit number
 - 4) Current month
 - 5) Current 12-month date range
 - 6) Monthly usage of No. 2 fuel oil by Boiler #2 (EP-01)
 - 7) Consecutive 12-month rolling total usage of No. 2 fuel oil by Boiler #2 (EP-01)
 - 8) Indication of compliance with Special Condition 1.A.
2. Fuel Restrictions
 - A. Washington University School of Medicine shall exclusively combust natural gas or No. 2 fuel oil in Boiler #2 (EP-01).
 - B. Washington University School of Medicine shall not combust No. 2 fuel oil with a sulfur content in excess of 0.5 percent by weight in Boiler #2 (EP-01).
 - C. Washington University School of Medicine shall demonstrate compliance with Special Condition 2.B by obtaining the sulfur content certification from the supplier of the fuel oil or conduct testing for each shipment of fuel oil using ASTM Method D4239 or other methods preapproved by the Air Pollution Control Program's Compliance/Enforcement Section.
3. Boiler Requirements
 - A. Boiler #2 (EP-01) shall meet the definition of gas-fired boiler at §63.11237.
 - B. Washington University School of Medicine shall install low NO_x burners in Boiler #2 (EP-01).

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

The permittee is authorized to construct and operate subject to the following special conditions:

4. Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements
 - A. Washington University School of Medicine shall maintain all records required by this permit for not less than five years and shall make them available immediately to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources' personnel upon request.
 - B. Washington University School of Medicine shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Compliance/Enforcement Section, by mail at P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or by e-mail at AirComplianceReporting@dnr.mo.gov, no later than 10 days after the end of the month during which any record required by this permit shows an exceedance of a limitation imposed by this permit.

REVIEW OF APPLICATION FOR AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT AND OPERATE
SECTION (5) REVIEW

Project Number: 2020-05-049
Installation ID Number: 510-0040
Permit Number: 082020-006

Installation Address:

Washington University School of
Medicine
500 South Euclid
St. Louis, MO 63110

Parent Company:

Washington University School of
Medicine
500 South Euclid
St. Louis, MO 63110

City of St. Louis

REVIEW SUMMARY

- Washington University School of Medicine has applied for authority to construct a new Boiler #2 rated at 85 MMBtu/hr, fired with natural gas as the primary fuel and No. 2 fuel oil as backup.
- The application was deemed complete on May 26, 2020.
- HAP emissions are expected from the combustion of natural gas and fuel oil. Individual HAP emissions are not expected to exceed their SMAL and combined installation-wide HAP emissions are not expected to exceed the 25.0 tpy de minimis level.
- 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc, "Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units" applies to the equipment.
- None of the NESHAPs apply to this installation. None of the currently promulgated MACT regulations apply to the proposed equipment. 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart JJJJJJ "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Area Sources; Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers" does not apply since per §63.11237 the unit is defined as gas-fired because the unit will only use fuel oil during periods of gas curtailment, gas supply interruption, startups, and periodic testing.
- Low NO_x burners are being used to control the NO_x emissions from the equipment in this permit.
- This review was conducted in accordance with Section (5) of Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, *Construction Permits Required*. Potential emissions of all pollutants are conditioned below de minimis levels.
- This installation is located in City of St. Louis, a nonattainment area for Ozone.

- This installation is not on the List of Named Installations found in 10 CSR 10-6.020(3)(B), Table 2. The installation's major source level is 250 tons per year and fugitive emissions are not counted toward major source applicability.
- Ambient air quality modeling was not performed since potential emissions of the application are below de minimis levels.
- Emissions testing is not required for the equipment as a part of this permit. Testing may be required as part of other state, federal or applicable rules.
- An application to amend Washington University School of Medicine's Part 70 Operating Permit is required for this installation within 1 year of equipment startup.
- Approval of this permit is recommended with special conditions.

INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION

Washington University School of Medicine is a large medical school complex located within the City of St. Louis, Missouri. Air emission sources generally include boilers, emergency generators, an incinerator, fuel oil tanks, and parts washers. Emissions include products of combustion, volatile organic compounds, greenhouse gasses, particulate matter, and hazardous air pollutants. The facility maintains a major source Part 70 Operating Permit, OP2018-051 that expires January 06, 2023, since the facility has the potential to emit nitrogen oxide and carbon monoxide above Part 70 major source thresholds.

The following NSR permits have been issued to Washington University School of Medicine from the Air Pollution Control Program.

Table 1: NSR Permit History

Permit Number	Description
95-05-056	Boiler
95-05-056PM	Increase sulfur content of fuel oil
98-10-060	Emergency generators and tanks
01-05-013	Boiler
01-05-014	Emergency generator
01-05-014A	Removing opacity limits on emergency generator
062007-010	Replacement of two existing boilers

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Washington University School of Medicine plans to install a new Boiler #2 (EP-01) rated at 85 MMBtu/hr fired with natural gas as the primary fuel and fired with No. 2 fuel oil as backup. The boiler will be equipped with low NO_x burners. The new Boiler #2 will replace a previously permitted boiler that has been shutdown longer than 5 years. Washington University School of Medicine has requested permit limits on the use of No. 2 fuel oil so emissions remain below de minimis levels.

Washington University School of Medicine has initiated decommissioning and removal of the previously permitted boiler being replaced by new Boiler #2. No other emission units will be installed as part of this project.

EMISSIONS/CONTROLS EVALUATION

The emission factors used in this analysis were obtained from the EPA document AP-42, *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors*, Fifth Edition, Section 1.3 “Fuel Oil Combustion,” May 2010, and Section 1.4 “Natural Gas Combustion,” July 1998. Low NO_x burner specific emission factors for NO_x from the combustion of both natural gas and fuel oil from the burner manufacturer were confirmed to be less than AP-42 emission factors, however AP-42 low NO_x burner emission factors were used since they represent the worst-case. Worst-case PTE represent the maximum of either continuous operation on natural gas or operation on fuel oil at 0.9 MMGal/yr plus the balance of the year operating on natural gas.

The following table provides an emissions summary for this project. Existing potential emissions were taken from operating permit OP2018-051. Existing actual emissions were taken from the installation’s 2019 EIQ. Potential emissions of the application represent the worst-case potential of the new equipment operating on either natural gas or a combination of natural gas and No 2 fuel oil, assuming continuous operation (8760 hours per year). New installation conditioned potential represents the sum of existing potential and project potential.

Table 2: Emissions Summary (tpy)

Pollutant	Regulatory <i>De Minimis</i> Levels	Existing Potential Emissions	Existing Actual Emissions (2019 EIQ)	Potential Emissions of the Project	New Installation Conditioned Potential
PM	25.0	25.3	N/D	1.5	26.8
PM ₁₀	15.0	25.3	24.1	3.3	28.6
PM _{2.5}	10.0	25.3	15.7	3.0	28.3
SO _x	40.0	71.1	0.5	32.3	103.4
NO _x	40.0	340.3	34.8	22.4	362.7
VOC	40.0	11.4	2.0	2.1	13.5
CO	100.0	138.9	24.5	30.7	169.6
HAPs	10.0/25.0	2.7	N/D	0.7	3.4

N/D = Not Determined

PERMIT RULE APPLICABILITY

This review was conducted in accordance with Section (5) of Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, *Construction Permits Required*. Potential emissions of all pollutants are conditioned below de minimis levels.

APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

Washington University School of Medicine shall comply with the following applicable requirements. The Missouri Air Conservation Laws and Regulations should be consulted for specific record keeping, monitoring, and reporting requirements. Compliance with these emission standards, based on information submitted in the application, has been verified at the time this application was approved. For a complete list of applicable requirements for your installation, please consult your operating permit.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- *Operating Permits*, 10 CSR 10-6.065
- *Start-Up, Shutdown, and Malfunction Conditions*, 10 CSR 10-6.050
- *Submission of Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information*, 10 CSR 10-6.110
 - Per 10 CSR 10-6.110(4)(B)2.A a full EIQ is required for the first full calendar year the equipment approved by this permit is in operation and annually thereafter.
- *Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin*, 10 CSR 10-6.170
- *Restriction of Emission of Odors*, 10 CSR 10-6.165

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

- *New Source Performance Regulations*, 10 CSR 10-6.070
 - *Standards of Performance for Small Industrial –Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units*, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc
- *Restriction of Particulate Matter Emissions From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating*, 10 CSR 10-6.405
- *Control of Emissions of Nitrogen Oxides*, 10 CSR 10-5.510
- *Control of Sulfur Emissions From Stationary Boilers*, 10 CSR 10-5.570

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

On the basis of this review conducted in accordance with Section (5), Missouri State

Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, *Construction Permits Required*, it is recommended that this permit be granted with special conditions.

PERMIT DOCUMENTS

The following documents are incorporated by reference into this permit:

- The Application for Authority to Construct form, dated May 20, 2020, received May 26, 2020, designating Washington University School of Medicine as the owner and operator of the installation.

APPENDIX A

Abbreviations and Acronyms

% percent	Mgal 1,000 gallons
°F degrees Fahrenheit	MW megawatt
acfm actual cubic feet per minute	MHDR maximum hourly design rate
BACT Best Available Control Technology	MMBtu Million British thermal units
BMPs Best Management Practices	MMCF million cubic feet
Btu British thermal unit	MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet
CAM Compliance Assurance Monitoring	NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service	NESHAPs National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
CEMS Continuous Emission Monitor System	NO_x nitrogen oxides
CFR Code of Federal Regulations	NSPS New Source Performance Standards
CO carbon monoxide	NSR New Source Review
CO₂ carbon dioxide	PM particulate matter
CO_{2e} carbon dioxide equivalent	PM_{2.5} particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in aerodynamic diameter
COMS Continuous Opacity Monitoring System	PM₁₀ particulate matter less than 10 microns in aerodynamic diameter
CSR Code of State Regulations	ppm parts per million
dscf dry standard cubic feet	PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration
EIQ Emission Inventory Questionnaire	PTE potential to emit
EP Emission Point	RACT Reasonable Available Control Technology
EPA Environmental Protection Agency	RAL Risk Assessment Level
EU Emission Unit	SCC Source Classification Code
fps feet per second	scfm standard cubic feet per minute
ft feet	SDS Safety Data Sheet
GACT Generally Available Control Technology	SIC Standard Industrial Classification
GHG Greenhouse Gas	SIP State Implementation Plan
gpm gallons per minute	SMAL Screening Model Action Levels
gr grains	SO_x sulfur oxides
GWP Global Warming Potential	SO₂ sulfur dioxide
HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant	SSM Startup, Shutdown & Malfunction
hr hour	tph tons per hour
hp horsepower	tpy tons per year
lb pound	VMT vehicle miles traveled
lbs/hr pounds per hour	VOC Volatile Organic Compound
MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology	
µg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter	
m/s meters per second	

Air Pollution Control Program

Table of Hazardous Air Pollutants and Screening Model Action Levels

Chemical	CAS #	SMAL tons/yr	Group ID	VOC	PM	Chemical	CAS #	SMAL tons/yr	Group ID	VOC	PM
ACETALDEHYDE	75-07-0	9		Y	N	CHLOROMETHYL METHYL ETHER	107-30-2	0.1		Y	N
ACETAMIDE	60-35-5	1		Y	N	CHLOROPRENE	126-99-8	1		Y	N
ACETONITRILE	75-05-8	4		Y	N	CHROMIUM (VI) COMPOUNDS		0.002	L	N	Y
ACETOPHENONE	98-86-2	1		Y	N	CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS		5	L	N	Y
ACETYLAMINOFLUORINE, [2-]	53-96-3	0.005	V	Y	Y	CHRYSENE	218-01-9	0.01	V	Y	N
ACROLEIN	107-02-8	0.04		Y	N	COBALT COMPOUNDS		0.1	M	N	Y
ACRYLAMIDE	79-06-1	0.02		Y	N	COKE OVEN EMISSIONS	8007-45-2	0.03	N	Y	N
ACRYLIC ACID	79-10-7	0.6		Y	N	CRESOL, [META-]	108-39-4	1	B	Y	N
ACRYLONITRILE	107-13-1	0.3		Y	N	CRESOL, [ORTHO-]	95-48-7	1	B	Y	N
ALLYL CHLORIDE	107-05-1	1		Y	N	CRESOL, [PARA-]	106-44-5	1	B	Y	N
AMINOBIHENYL, [4-]	92-67-1	1	V	Y	N	CRESOLS (MIXED ISOMERS)	1319-77-3	1	B	Y	N
ANILINE	62-53-3	1		Y	N	CUMENE	98-82-8	10		Y	N
ANISIDINE, [ORTHO-]	90-04-0	1		Y	N	CYANIDE COMPOUNDS		0.1	O	Y	N
ANTHRACENE	120-12-7	0.01	V	Y	N	DDE	72-55-9	0.01	V	Y	Y
ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS		5	H	N	Y	DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE, (DEHP)	117-81-7	5		Y	N
ANTIMONY PENTAFLUORIDE	7783-70-2	0.1	H	N	Y	DIAMINOTOLUENE, [2,4-]	95-80-7	0.02		Y	N
ANTIMONY POTASSIUM TARTRATE	28300-74-5	1	H	N	Y	DIAZOMETHANE	334-88-3	1		Y	N
ANTIMONY TRIOXIDE	1309-64-4	1	H	N	Y	DIBENZ(A,H)ANTHRACENE	53-70-3	0.01		Y	N
ANTIMONY TRISULFIDE	1345-04-6	0.1	H	N	Y	DIOXINS/FURANS		6E-07	D,V	Y	N
ARSENIC COMPOUNDS		0.005	I	N	Y	DIBENZOFURAN	132-64-9	5	V	Y	N
ASBESTOS	1332-21-4	0	A	N	Y	DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE, [1,2-]	96-12-8	0.01		Y	N
BENZ(A)ANTHRACENE	56-55-3	0.01	V	Y	N	DIBROMOETHANE, [1,2-]	106-93-4	0.1		Y	N
BENZENE	71-43-2	2		Y	N	DIBUTYL PHTHALATE	84-74-2	10		Y	Y
BENZIDINE	92-87-5	0.0003	V	Y	N	DICHLOROBENZENE, [1,4-]	106-46-7	3		Y	N
BENZO(A)PYRENE	50-32-8	0.01	V	Y	N	DICHLOROBENZIDENE, [3,3-]	91-94-1	0.2	V	Y	Y
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	205-99-2	0.01	V	Y	N	DICHLOROETHANE, [1,1-]	75-34-3	1		Y	N
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	207-08-9	0.01	V	Y	N	DICHLOROETHANE, [1,2-]	107-06-2	0.8		Y	N
BENZOTRICHLORIDE	98-07-7	0.006		Y	N	DICHLOROETHYLENE, [1,1-]	75-35-4	0.4		Y	N
BENZYL CHLORIDE	100-44-7	0.1		Y	N	DICHLOROMETHANE	75-09-2	10		N	N
BERYLLIUM COMPOUNDS		0.008	J	N	Y	DICHLOROPHOENOX ACETIC ACID, [2,4-]	94-75-7	10	C	Y	Y
BERYLLIUM SALTS		2E-05	J	N	Y	DICHLOROPROPANE, [1,2-]	78-87-5	1		Y	N
BIPHENYL, [1,1-]	92-52-4	10	V	Y	N	DICHLOROPROPENE, [1,3-]	542-75-6	1		Y	N
BIS(CHLOROETHYL)ETHER	111-44-4	0.06		Y	N	DICHLORVOS	62-73-7	0.2		Y	N
BIS(CHLOROMETHYL)ETHER	542-88-1	0.0003		Y	N	DIETHANOLAMINE	111-42-2	5		Y	N
BROMOFORM	75-25-2	10		Y	N	DIETHYL SULFATE	64-67-5	1		Y	N
BROMOMETHANE	74-83-9	10		Y	N	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	112-34-5	5	P	Y	N
BUTADIENE, [1,3-]	106-99-0	0.07		Y	N	DIMETHOXYBENZIDINE, [3,3-]	119-90-4	0.1	V	Y	Y
BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE, [2-]	112-07-2	5	P	Y	N	DIMETHYL BENZIDINE, [3,3-]	119-93-7	0.008	V	Y	Y
BUTYLENE OXIDE, [1,2-]	106-88-7	1		Y	N	DIMETHYL CARBAMOYL CHLORIDE	79-44-7	0.02		Y	N
CADMIUM COMPOUNDS		0.01	K	N	Y	DIMETHYL FORMAMIDE	68-12-2	1		Y	N
CALCIUM CYANAMIDE	156-62-7	10		Y	Y	DIMETHYL HYDRAZINE, [1,1-]	57-14-7	0.008		Y	N
CAPROLACTAM (Delisted)	105-60-2					DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	131-11-3	10		Y	N
CAPTAN	133-06-2	10		Y	Y	DIMETHYL SULFATE	77-78-1	0.1		Y	N
CARBARYL	63-25-2	10	V	Y	Y	DIMETHYLAMINOAZOBENZENE, [4-]	60-11-7	1		Y	N
CARBON DISULFIDE	75-15-0	1		Y	N	DIMETHYLANILINE, [N-N-]	121-69-7	1		Y	N
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	56-23-5	1		Y	N	DINITRO-O-CRESOL, [4,6-] (Note 6)	534-52-1	0.1	E	Y	Y
CARBONYL SULFIDE	463-58-1	5		Y	N	DINITROPHENOL, [2,4-]	51-28-5	1		Y	N
CATECHOL	120-80-9	5		Y	N	DINITROTOLUENE, [2,4-]	121-14-2	0.02		Y	N
CHLORAMBEN	133-90-4	1		Y	Y	DIOXANE, [1,4-]	123-91-1	6		Y	N
CHLORDANE	57-74-9	0.01		Y	Y	DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE, [1,2-]	122-66-7	0.09	V	Y	Y
CHLORINE	7782-50-5	0.1		N	N	DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE, [4,4-]	101-68-8	0.1	V	Y	N
CHLOROACETIC ACID	79-11-8	0.1		Y	N	EPICHLOROHYDRIN	106-89-8	2		Y	N
CHLOROACETOPHENONE, [2-]	532-27-4	0.06		Y	N	ETHOXYETHANOL, [2-]	110-80-5	10	P	Y	N
CHLOROBENZENE	108-90-7	10		Y	N	ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE, [2-]	111-15-9	5	P	Y	N
CHLOROBENZILATE	510-15-6	0.4	V	Y	Y	ETHYL ACRYLATE	140-88-5	1		Y	N
CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	0.9		Y	N	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	10		Y	N

Air Pollution Control Program
Table of Hazardous Air Pollutants and Screening Model Action Levels

ETHYL CHLORIDE	75-00-3	10		Y	N	NITROBENZENE	98-95-3	1		Y	N
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	10		Y	N	NITROBIPHENYL, [4-]	92-93-3	1	V	Y	N
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (Delisted)	111-76-2					NITROPHENOL, [4-]	100-02-7	5		Y	N
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOHEXYL ETHER	112-25-4	5	P	Y	N	NITROPROPANE, [2-]	79-46-9	1		Y	N
ETHYLENE IMINE [AZIRIDINE]	151-56-4	0.003		Y	N	NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE, [N-]	62-75-9	0.001		Y	N
ETHYLENE OXIDE	75-21-8	0.1		Y	N	NITROSOMORPHOLINE, [N-]	59-89-2	1		Y	N
ETHYLENE THIOUREA	96-45-7	0.6		Y	Y	NITROSO-N-METHYLUREA, [N-]	684-93-5	0.0002		Y	N
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	2		Y	N	OCTACHLORONAPHTHALENE	2234-13-1	0.01	V	Y	N
GLYCOL ETHER (ETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHERS)		5	P	Y	N	PARATHION	56-38-2	0.1		Y	Y
GLYCOL ETHER (DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHERS)		5	P	Y	N	PCB [POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS]	1336-36-3	0.009	X	Y	Y
HEPTACHLOR	76-44-8	0.02		Y	N	PENTACHLORONITROBENZENE	82-68-8	0.3		Y	N
HEXACHLOROENZENE	118-74-1	0.01		Y	N	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	87-86-5	0.7		Y	N
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	87-68-3	0.9		Y	N	PHENOL	108-95-2	0.1		Y	N
HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE, [ALPHA-]	319-84-6	0.01	F	Y	N	PHENYLENEDIAMINE, [PARA-]	106-50-3	10		Y	N
HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE, [BETA-]	319-85-7	0.01	F	Y	N	PHOSGENE	75-44-5	0.1		Y	N
HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE, [DELTA-]	319-86-8	0.01	F	Y	N	PHOSPHINE	7803-51-2	5		N	N
HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE, [TECHNICAL]	608-73-1	0.01	F	Y	N	PHOSPHOROUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	7723-14-0	0.1		N	N
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	77-47-4	0.1		Y	N	PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	85-44-9	5		Y	N
HEXACHLOROETHANE	67-72-1	5		Y	N	POLYCYLIC ORGANIC MATTER		0.01	V	Y	N
HEXAMETHYLENE,-1,6-DIISOCYANATE	822-06-0	0.02		Y	N	PROPANE SULTONE, [1,3-]	1120-71-4	0.03		Y	Y
HEXAMETHYLPHOSPHORAMIDE	680-31-9	0.01		Y	N	PROPIOLACTONE, [BETA-]	57-57-8	0.1		Y	N
HEXANE, [N-]	110-54-3	10		Y	N	PROPIONALDEHYDE	123-38-6	5		Y	N
HYDRAZINE	302-01-2	0.004		N	N	PROPOXUR [BAYGON]	114-26-1	10		Y	Y
HYDROGEN CHLORIDE	7647-01-0	10		N	N	PROPYLENE OXIDE	75-56-9	5		Y	N
HYDROGEN FLUORIDE	7664-39-3	0.1		N	N	PROPYLENEIMINE, [1,2-]	75-55-8	0.003		Y	N
HYDROQUINONE	123-31-9	1		Y	N	QUINOLINE	91-22-5	0.006		Y	N
INDENO(1,2,3CD)PYRENE	193-39-5	0.01	V	Y	N	QUINONE	106-51-4	5		Y	N
ISOPHORONE	78-59-1	10		Y	N	RADIONUCLIDES		Note 1	Y	N	Y
LEAD COMPOUNDS		0.01	Q	N	Y	SELENIUM COMPOUNDS		0.1	W	N	Y
LINDANE [GAMMA-HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE]	58-89-9	0.01	F	Y	N	STYRENE	100-42-5	1		Y	N
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	108-31-6	1		Y	N	STYRENE OXIDE	96-09-3	1		Y	N
MANGANESE COMPOUNDS		0.8	R	N	Y	TETRACHLORO-DIBENZO-P-DIOXIN,[2,3,7,8]	1746-01-6	6E-07	D,V	Y	Y
MERCURY COMPOUNDS		0.01	S	N	N	TETRACHLOROETHANE, [1,1,2,2-]	79-34-5	0.3		Y	N
METHANOL	67-56-1	10		Y	N	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	127-18-4	10		N	N
METHOXYCHLOR	72-43-5	10	V	Y	Y	TITANIUM TETRACHLORIDE	7550-45-0	0.1		N	N
METHOXYETHANOL, [2-]	109-86-4	10	P	Y	N	TOLUENE	108-88-3	10		Y	N
METHYL CHLORIDE	74-87-3	10		Y	N	TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE, [2,4-]	584-84-9	0.1		Y	N
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (Delisted)	78-93-3					TOLUIDINE, [ORTHO-]	95-53-4	4		Y	N
METHYL HYDRAZINE	60-34-4	0.06		Y	N	TOXAPHENE	8001-35-2	0.01		Y	N
METHYL IODIDE	74-88-4	1		Y	N	TRICHLOROENZENE, [1,2,4-]	120-82-1	10		Y	N
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	108-10-1	10		Y	N	TRICHLOROETHANE, [1,1,1,1-]	71-55-6	10		N	N
METHYL ISOCYANATE	624-83-9	0.1		Y	N	TRICHLOROETHANE, [1,1,2-]	79-00-5	1		Y	N
METHYL METHACRYLATE	80-62-6	10		Y	N	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	79-01-6	10		Y	N
METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	1634-04-4	10		Y	N	TRICHLOROPHENOL, [2,4,5-]	95-95-4	1		Y	N
METHYLCYCLOPENTADIENYL MANGANESE	12108-13-3	0.1	R	N	Y	TRICHLOROPHENOL, [2,4,6-]	88-06-2	6		Y	N
METHYLENE BIS(2-CHLOROANILINE), [4,4-]	101-14-4	0.2	V	Y	Y	TRIETHYLAMINE	121-44-8	10		Y	N
METHYLENEDIANILINE, [4,4-]	101-77-9	1	V	Y	N	TRIFLURALIN	1582-09-8	9		Y	Y
METHYLNAPHTHALENE, [2-]	91-57-6	0.01	V	Y	N	TRIMETHYLPENTANE, [2,2,4-]	540-84-1	5		Y	N
MINERAL FIBERS		0	T	N	Y	URETHANE [ETHYL CARBAMATE]	51-79-6	0.8		Y	N
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	10	V	Y	N	VINYL ACETATE	108-05-4	1		Y	N
NAPHTHYLAMINE, [ALPHA-]	134-32-7	0.01	V	Y	N	VINYL BROMIDE	593-60-2	0.6		Y	N
NAPHTHYLAMINE, [BETA-]	91-59-8	0.01	V	Y	N	VINYL CHLORIDE	75-01-4	0.2		Y	N
NICKEL CARBONYL	13463-39-3	0.1	U	N	Y	XYLENE, [META-]	108-38-3	10	G	Y	N
NICKEL COMPOUNDS		1	U	N	Y	XYLENES (MIXED ISOMERS)	1330-20-7	10	G	Y	N
NICKEL REFINERY DUST		0.08	U	N	Y						
NICKEL SUBSULFIDE	12035-72-2	0.04	U	N	Y						

Air Pollution Control Program Table of Hazardous Air Pollutants and Screening Model Action Levels

Legend	
Group ID	
A	Asbestos
B	Cresols/Cresylic Acid (isomers and mixtures)
C	2,4 - D, Salts and Esters
D	Dibenzofurans, Dibenzodioxins
E	4, 6 Dinitro-o-cresol, and Salts
F	Lindane (all isomers)
G	Xylenes (all isomers and mixtures)
H	Antimony Compounds
I	Arsenic Compounds
J	Beryllium Compounds
K	Cadmium Compounds
L	Chromium Compounds
M	Cobalt Compounds
N	Coke Oven Emissions
O	Cyanide Compounds
P	Glycol Ethers
Q	Lead Compounds (except elemental Lead)
R	Manganese Compounds
S	Mercury Compounds
T	Fine Mineral Fibers
U	Nickel Compounds
V	Polycyclic Organic Matter
W	Selenium Compounds
X	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (Aroclors)
Y	Radionuclides
Notes	The SMAL for radionuclides is defined as the effective dose equivalent to 0.3 millirems per year for 7 years exposure associated with a cancer risk of 1 in 1 million



Missouri Department of dnr.mo.gov

NATURAL RESOURCES

Michael L. Parson, Governor

Carol S. Comer, Director

August 17, 2020

Livi Isringhausen
Environmental Compliance Manager
Washington University School of Medicine
500 South Euclid Campus Box 8229
St. Louis, MO 63110

RE: New Source Review Permit - Project Number: 2020-05-049

Dear Livi Isringhausen:

Enclosed with this letter is your permit to construct. Please study it carefully and refer to Appendix A for a list of common abbreviations and acronyms used in the permit. Also, note the special conditions on the accompanying pages. The document entitled, "Review of Application for Authority to Construct," is part of the permit and should be kept with this permit in your files. Operation in accordance with these conditions, your new source review permit application and your amended operating permit is necessary for continued compliance. The reverse side of your permit certificate has important information concerning standard permit conditions and your rights and obligations under the laws and regulations of the State of Missouri.

This permit may include requirements with which you may not be familiar. If you would like the department to meet with you to discuss how to understand and satisfy the requirements contained in this permit, an appointment referred to as a Compliance Assistance Visit (CAV) can be set up with you. To request a CAV, please contact your local regional office or fill out an online request. The regional office contact information can be found at the following website: <http://dnr.mo.gov/regions/>. The online CAV request can be found at <http://dnr.mo.gov/cav/compliance.htm>.

If you were adversely affected by this permit decision, you may be entitled to pursue an appeal before the administrative hearing commission pursuant to Sections 621.250 and 643.075.6 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the administrative hearing commission within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the administrative hearing commission, whose contact information is: Administrative Hearing Commission, United States Post Office Building, 131 West High Street, Third Floor, P.O. Box 1557, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102, phone: 573-751-2422, fax: 573-751-5018, website: www.oa.mo.gov/ahc.

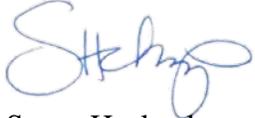


Livi Isringhausen
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If you have any questions regarding this permit, please do not hesitate to contact jarhw9, at the Department of Natural Resources' Air Pollution Control Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or at (573) 751-4817. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'S Heckenkamp', is written over the typed name.

Susan Heckenkamp
New Source Review Unit Chief

SH:jara

Enclosures

c: St. Louis Regional Office
PAMS File: 2020-05-049

Permit Number: 082020-006