



## **PART 70**

# **PERMIT TO OPERATE**

Under the authority of RSMo 643 and the Federal Clean Air Act the applicant is authorized to operate the air contaminant source(s) described below, in accordance with the laws, rules, and conditions set forth herein.

**Operating Permit Number:** OP2014-013  
**Expiration Date:** JUL 01 2020  
**Installation ID:** 095-0139  
**Project Number:** 2011-05-052

**Installation Name and Address**

KCP&L - GMO Greenwood Generating Station  
14015 S Smart Road  
Greenwood, MO 64034  
Jackson County

**Parent Company's Name and Address**

Great Plains Energy, Inc.  
P.O. Box 418679  
Kansas City, MO 64141

**Installation Description:**

This installation was originally constructed in 1975, to operate combustion turbines for the generation of electric power. The main sources of air pollutants include four (4) diesel/natural gas fired combustion turbines, one emergency generator powered by a diesel engine, and a solvent parts washer. Other small emission sources at this installation include two (2) fixed roof storage tanks for No. 2 fuel oil, storage tanks for turbine lube oil (4 units), No. 2 fuel oil transfer and fuel powered maintenance equipment. This facility is major for CO, SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, VOC, formaldehyde and Greenhouse Gases (CO<sub>2</sub>e). The emergency generator is subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III.

**JUL 02 2015**

Effective Date

  
Director or Designee  
Department of Natural Resources

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## Table of Contents

<b>I. INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION AND EQUIPMENT LISTING .....</b>	<b>3</b>
INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION .....	3
EMISSION UNITS WITH LIMITATIONS .....	3
EMISSION UNITS WITHOUT LIMITATIONS .....	4
<b>II. PLANT WIDE EMISSION LIMITATIONS.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>III. EMISSION UNIT SPECIFIC EMISSION LIMITATIONS .....</b>	<b>6</b>
PERMIT CONDITION 001 .....	6
10 CSR 10-6.260 Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds .....	6
EU01 THROUGH EU04 –COMBUSTION TURBINES .....	6
PERMIT CONDITION 002.....	7
10 CSR 10-6.362 Clean Air Interstate Rule Annual NOx Trading Program.....	7
10 CSR 10-6.364 Clean Air Interstate Rule Seasonal NOx Trading Program .....	7
10 CSR 10-6.366 Clean Air Interstate Rule SOx Trading Program.....	7
EU01 THROUGH EU04 –COMBUSTION TURBINES .....	7
PERMIT CONDITION 003.....	8
10 CSR 10-6.070 New Source Performance Standards .....	8
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart IIII Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines.....	8
EU06 – EMERGENCY GENERATOR .....	8
PERMIT CONDITION 004.....	9
10 CSR 10-2.210 Control of Emissions from Solvent Metal Cleaning.....	9
EU09 – SOLVENT PARTS WASHER.....	9
<b>IV. CORE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS .....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>V. GENERAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.....</b>	<b>18</b>
10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)6 REOPENING-PERMIT FOR CAUSE .....	23
<b>VI. ATTACHMENTS .....</b>	<b>23</b>
ATTACHMENT A.....	24

## I. Installation Description and Equipment Listing

### INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION

This installation was originally constructed in 1975, to operate combustion turbines for the generation of electric power. The main sources of air pollutants include four (4) diesel/natural gas fired combustion turbines, one emergency generator powered by a diesel engine, and a solvent parts washer. Other small emission sources at this installation include two (2) fixed roof storage tanks for No. 2 fuel oil, storage tanks for turbine lube oil (4 units), No. 2 fuel oil transfer and fuel powered maintenance equipment. This facility is major for CO, SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, VOC, formaldehyde and Greenhouse Gases (CO<sub>2e</sub>). The emergency generator is subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III.

<b>Reported Air Pollutant Emissions, tons per year</b>					
Pollutants	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Particulate Matter ≤ Ten Microns (PM <sub>10</sub> )	0.84	0.97	1.57	1.46	0.37
Particulate Matter ≤ 2.5 Microns (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	0.84	0.97	1.57	1.46	0.87
Sulfur Oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> )	0.07	0.34	2.08	0.40	2.14
Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )	19.49	24.33	36.80	59.30	47.23
Volatile Organic Compounds(VOC)	0.99	0.30	0.47	0.46	0.36
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	10.49	11.89	18.10	17.95	14.18

### EMISSION UNITS WITH LIMITATIONS

The following list provides a description of the equipment at this installation that emits air pollutants and that are identified as having unit-specific emission limitations.

Emission Unit #	Description of Emission Unit	
EU01	Combustion Turbine – Unit 1	EP01
EU02	Combustion Turbine – Unit 2	EP02
EU03	Combustion Turbine – Unit 3	EP03
EU04	Combustion Turbine – Unit 4	EP04
EU06	Emergency Generator	EP06
EU12	Solvent Parts Washer	EP12

**EMISSION UNITS WITHOUT LIMITATIONS**

The following list provides a description of the equipment that does not have unit specific limitations at the time of permit issuance.

Description of Emission Source

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No. 2 Fuel Oil Storage Tanks (2 units)	EP05
Tanker Fuel Loading	EP07
Turbine Lube Oil Reservoir Storage Tanks (4 Units)	
Fuel Powered Maintenance Equipment	
Portable Space Heaters (3 Units)	
72 hp natural gas generator	

## **II. Plant Wide Emission Limitations**

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

None.

### III. Emission Unit Specific Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

**PERMIT CONDITION 001**  
 10 CSR 10-6.260 Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds

<b>EU01 through EU04 –COMBUSTION TURBINES</b>		
<b>Emission Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer/ Model #</b>
EU01	Combustion Turbine – Unit 1 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B
EU02	Combustion Turbine – Unit 2 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B
EU03	Combustion Turbine – Unit 3 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B
EU04	Combustion Turbine – Unit 4 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B

**Emission Limitation:**

1. Emissions from any new source operation shall not contain more than five hundred parts per million by volume (500 ppmv) of sulfur dioxide.
2. Stack gasses shall not contain more than thirty-five milligrams (35 mg) per cubic meter of sulfuric acid or sulfur trioxide or any combination of those gases averaged on any consecutive three hour time period.

**Operational Limitation/Equipment Specifications:**

The emission units shall be limited to burning No. 2 fuel oil with a sulfur content less than 2.3% or natural gas.

**Monitoring/Recordkeeping:**

1. The permittee shall maintain an accurate record of the sulfur content of fuel used. Fuel purchase receipts, analyzed samples or certifications that verify the fuel type and sulfur content will be acceptable.
2. These records shall be made available for inspection to the Department of Natural Resources' personnel upon request.
3. All records shall be maintained for five years.

**Reporting:**

The permittee shall report any deviations/exceedances of this permit condition using the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III).

<p><b>PERMIT CONDITION 002</b>          10 CSR 10-6.362 Clean Air Interstate Rule Annual NOx Trading Program          10 CSR 10-6.364 Clean Air Interstate Rule Seasonal NOx Trading Program          10 CSR 10-6.366 Clean Air Interstate Rule SOx Trading Program</p>
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<b>EU01 through EU04 –COMBUSTION TURBINES</b>		
<b>Emission Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer/ Model #</b>
EU01	Combustion Turbine – Unit 1 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B
EU02	Combustion Turbine – Unit 2 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B
EU03	Combustion Turbine – Unit 3 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B
EU04	Combustion Turbine – Unit 4 Maximum Hourly Design Rate (MHDR) = 953.5 MMBtu/hr (FO#2) and 1,009.6 MMBtu/hr (NG)	General Electric 7821 B

**Emission Limitation:**

The permittee shall obtain a CAIR Source Permit for the combustion turbines (EU01 through EU04).

A CAIR Permit is being issued to the permittee in conjunction with this Title V permit and will remain effective for the life of the operating permit. (See Attachment A)

**Monitoring/Recordkeeping:**

The permittee shall retain the most current CAIR permit issued to this installation on-site and shall make such permit available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources’ personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Annual Compliance Certification.

The permittee shall report any deviations of the monitoring/recordkeeping requirements of this permit condition in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification required by Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION 003**

10 CSR 10-6.070 New Source Performance Standards  
 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal  
 Combustion Engines

**EU08 – Emergency Generator**

Emission Unit	Description
EU06	3,058 BHP Diesel engine for emergency generator

40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII applicable requirements listed by citation:			
Engine Category	2007 model year and later Emergency CI/black start < 30 l/cyl	Monitoring and Maintenance Requirements	60.4209(a) only - 60.4209(b) is not applicable to this engine. 60.4211(a), (c).
Date Constructed	after 7/11/2005 and manufactured after 4/1/2006	Compliance Requirements	60.4206, 60.4211(a), (c), (f), (g)
Emission Standards	60.4205(b), 60.4202(a)(2), 89.112, 89.113 (new non-road CI engines >750HP (Tier 2))	Continuous Compliance	60.4206
		Notification Requirements	60.4214(b)
Operating Time Limitations	60.4211(f)(1), (2), (4)	Recordkeeping Requirements	None.
Fuel Requirements	60.4207(a), (b), (e)	Reporting Requirements	None.
Performance Tests	60.4212 (applies only if performance test is conducted)	General Provisions (40 CFR Part 60)	Yes, except per Subpart IIII Table 8, the following do not apply: 60.11, 60.13, 60.18. The following General Provisions are modified by Subpart IIII: 60.2, 60.7, 60.8.

**Tier 2 Emission Standards for >750HP Non-Road CI Engines [40 CFR 89.112]:**

Pollutant	Limit
CO	3.5 g/KW-hr (2.6 g/HP-hr)
PM	0.20 g/KW-hr (0.15 g/HP-hr)
NMHC+NOx	6.4 g/KW-hr (4.8 g/HP-hr)

**Monitoring:**

1. The permittee must operate and maintain the engine according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. [60.4211(a), (c)]
2. The permittee must install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed. [60.4214(b)]
3. The permittee must minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the emission standards applicable to all times other than startup apply. [§63.6625(h)]

**Continuous Compliance:**

1. The permittee must operate and maintain the engine to achieve required emission standards over the entire life of the engine. [§60.4206]
2. The permittee must operate and maintain the engine (and any control device) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. [§60.4211(a)]
3. Engine must be certified to the applicable emission standards by the manufacturer and the engine must be installed and configured according to the manufacturer's emission-related specifications [§60.4211(c)]
4. The permittee must operate the engine within the time limitations in §60.4211(f)(1) through (3) to maintain the engine's status as an emergency engine.

**PERMIT CONDITION 004**  
 10 CSR 10-2.210 Control of Emissions from Solvent Metal Cleaning

<b>EU09 – SOLVENT PARTS WASHER</b>			
<b>Emission Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer/Model #</b>	<b>EQ Reference #</b>
EU12	Solvent Parts Washer Six (6) gallon capacity	Gray Mills Clean-o-Matic Model 300A	EP12

**Emission Limitation:**

No owner or operator shall operate a cold cleaner using a solvent with a vapor pressure greater than 1.0 mm Hg at 20 degrees Celsius.

*Exception: The permittee may use an alternative method for reducing cold cleaning emissions if the level of emission control is equivalent to or greater than the requirements listed above. The director must approve the alternative method.*

**Operational Limitation/Equipment Specifications:**

1. Each cold cleaner shall have a cover which will prevent the escape of solvent vapors from the solvent bath while in the closed position, or an enclosed reservoir which limits the escape of solvent vapors from the solvent bath whenever parts are not being processed in the cleaner.
2. When one or more of the following conditions exist, the design of the cover shall be such that it can be easily operated with one hand such that minimal disturbing of the solvent vapors in the tank occurs. (For covers larger than ten square feet, this shall be accomplished by either mechanical assistance such as spring loading or counter weighing or by power systems):

- a) The solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.3 psi measure at 37.8 degrees Celsius (37.8°C) (100 degrees Fahrenheit (100°F)), such as in mineral spirits.
- b) The solvent is agitated; or
- c) The solvent is heated.
3. Each cold cleaner shall have a drainage facility, which will be internal, so that parts are enclosed under the cover while draining.
4. If an internal drainage facility cannot fit into the cleaning system and the solvent vapor pressure is less than 0.6 psi measured at 37.8°C (100°F), then the cold cleaner shall have an external drainage facility which provides for the solvent to drain back into the solvent bath.
5. Solvent sprays, if used, shall be a solid fluid stream (not a fine, atomized or shower-type spray) and at a pressure which does not cause splashing above or beyond the freeboard.
6. A permanent conspicuous label summarizing the operating procedures shall be affixed to the equipment.
7. Any cold cleaner which uses a solvent that has a solvent vapor pressure greater than 0.6 psi measured at 37.8°C (100°F) or is heated above 48.9°C (120°F), must use one of the following control devices:
  - a) A freeboard ratio of at least 0.75;
  - b) Water cover (solvent must be insoluble in and heavier than water); or
  - c) Other control systems with a mass balance demonstrated overall VOC emissions reduction efficiency greater than or equal to 65%. These control systems must receive approval from the director prior to their use.
8. Each cold cleaner shall be operated as follows:
  - a) Cold cleaner covers shall be closed whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaners or the solvent must drain into an enclosed reservoir.
  - b) Clean parts shall be drained in the freeboard area for at least 15 seconds or until dripping ceases, whichever is longer.
  - c) Whenever a cold cleaner fails to perform within the operating parameters established for it by this regulation, the unit shall be shut down immediately and shall remain shut down until trained service personnel are able to restore operation within the established operating procedures.
  - d) Solvent leaks shall be repaired immediately or the cleaner shall be shut down and leaks secured until the leaks are repaired.
  - e) Any waste material removed from a cold cleaner shall be disposed of by one of the following methods or an equivalent method approved by the director or EPA:
    - i) Reduction of the waste material to less than 20% VOC solvent by distillation and proper disposal of the still bottom waste, or
    - ii) Stored in closed containers for transfer to a contract reclamation service or disposal facility approved by the director.
    - iii) Waste solvent shall be stored in covered containers only.
9. Operators must be trained as follows:
  - a) Only persons trained in at least the operation and equipment requirements specified in this rule for their particular solvent metal cleaning process to operate this equipment;
  - b) The supervisor of any person who operates a solvent metal cleaning process shall receive equivalent or greater operational training than the operators; and
  - c) Refresher training shall be given to all solvent metal cleaning equipment operators at least once every 12-month period.

**Monitoring:**

The permittee shall monitor the throughputs of the solvents monthly and maintain material safety data sheets of the cleanup solvents used at the installation.

**Recordkeeping:**

1. The permittee shall monitor the throughputs of the solvents monthly and maintain material safety data sheets of the cleanup solvents used at the installation.
2. The permittee shall maintain the following records for each purchase of cold cleaner solvent (Attachment A):
  - a) Name and address of the solvent supplier.
  - b) Date of purchase.
  - c) Type of solvent purchased.
  - d) Vapor pressure of solvent in mm Hg at 20°C or 68°F.
3. The permittee shall keep monthly inventory records of solvent types and amounts purchased and solvent consumed. The records shall include all types and amounts of solvent containing waste material transferred to either a contract reclamation service or to a disposal installation and all amounts distilled on the premises (see Attachment B). The record also shall include maintenance and repair logs that occurred on the cold cleaner (Attachments H).
4. The permittee shall keep training records of solvent metal cleaning for each employee on an annual basis (Attachment D).
5. All records shall be maintained for five years.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from or exceedance of any of the terms imposed by this regulation, or any malfunction which causes a deviation from or exceedance of this regulation shall be submitted semi-annually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by Section IV of this permit.

## IV. Core Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following regulations or codes. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), the Code of State Regulations (CSR), and local ordinances for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued. The following is only an excerpt from the regulation or code, and is provided for summary purposes only.

### **10 CSR 10-6.045 Open Burning Requirements**

- 1) General Provisions. The open burning of tires, petroleum-based products, asbestos containing materials, and trade waste is prohibited, except as allowed below. Nothing in this rule may be construed as to allow open burning which causes or constitutes a public health hazard, nuisance, a hazard to vehicular or air traffic, nor which violates any other rule or statute.
- 2) Refer to the regulation for a complete list of allowances. The following is a listing of exceptions to the allowances:
  - a) Burning of household or domestic refuse. Burning of household or domestic refuse is limited to open burning on a residential premises having not more than four dwelling units, provided that the refuse originates on the same premises, with the following exception:
    - i) Kansas City metropolitan area. The open burning of household refuse must take place in an area zoned for agricultural purposes and outside that portion of the metropolitan area surrounded by the corporate limits of Kansas City and every contiguous municipality;
  - b) Yard waste, with the following exception:
    - i) Kansas City metropolitan area. The open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of vegetation shall require an open burning permit;
- 3) Certain types of materials may be open burned provided an open burning permit is obtained from the director. The permit will specify the conditions and provisions of all open burning. The permit may be revoked if the owner or operator fails to comply with the conditions or any provisions of the permit.
- 4) KCP&L - Greenwood Generating Station may be issued an annually renewable open burning permit for open burning provided that an air curtain destructor or incinerator is utilized and only tree trunks, tree limbs, vegetation or untreated wood waste are burned. Open burning shall occur at least two hundred (200) yards from the nearest occupied structure unless the owner or operator of the occupied structure provides a written waiver of this requirement. Any waiver shall accompany the open burning permit application. The permit may be revoked if KCP&L - Greenwood Generating Station fails to comply with the provisions or any condition of the open burning permit.
  - a) In a nonattainment area, as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.020, paragraph (2)(N)5., the director shall not issue a permit under this section unless the owner or operator can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the director that the emissions from the open burning of the specified material would be less than the emissions from any other waste management or disposal method.
- 5) Reporting and Recordkeeping. New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart CCCC establishes certain requirements for air curtain destructors or incinerators that burn wood trade waste. These requirements are established in 40 CFR 60.2245-60.2260. The provisions of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart CCCC promulgated as of September 22, 2005, shall apply and are hereby incorporated by reference in this rule, as published by the U.S. Government Printing Office, 732 N Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401. To comply with NSPS 40 CFR 60.2245-60.2260, sources must conduct an annual Method 9 test. A copy of the annual Method 9 test results shall be submitted to the director.

- 6) Test Methods. The visible emissions from air pollution sources shall be evaluated as specified by 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A–Test Methods, Method 9–Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources. The provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 promulgated as of December 23, 1971, is incorporated by reference in this rule, as published by the U.S. Government Printing Office, 732 N Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.050 Start-up, Shutdown and Malfunction Conditions**

- 1) In the event of a malfunction, which results in excess emissions that exceed one hour, the permittee shall submit to the director within two business days, in writing, the following information:
  - a) Name and location of installation;
  - b) Name and telephone number of person responsible for the installation;
  - c) Name of the person who first discovered the malfunction and precise time and date that the malfunction was discovered.
  - d) Identity of the equipment causing the excess emissions;
  - e) Time and duration of the period of excess emissions;
  - f) Cause of the excess emissions;
  - g) Air pollutants involved;
  - h) Best estimate of the magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable requirement and the operating data and calculations used in estimating the magnitude;
  - i) Measures taken to mitigate the extent and duration of the excess emissions; and
  - j) Measures taken to remedy the situation that caused the excess emissions and the measures taken or planned to prevent the recurrence of these situations.
- 2) The permittee shall submit the paragraph 1 information list to the director in writing at least ten days prior to any maintenance, start-up or shutdown, which is expected to cause an excessive release of emissions that exceed one hour. If notice of the event cannot be given ten days prior to the planned occurrence, it shall be given as soon as practicable prior to the release. If an unplanned excess release of emissions exceeding one hour occurs during maintenance, start-up or shutdown, the director shall be notified verbally as soon as practical during normal working hours and no later than the close of business of the following working day. A written notice shall follow within ten working days.
- 3) Upon receipt of a notice of excess emissions issued by an agency holding a certificate of authority under Section 643.140, RSMo, the permittee may provide information showing that the excess emissions were the consequence of a malfunction, start-up or shutdown. The information, at a minimum, should be the paragraph 1 list and shall be submitted not later than 15 days after receipt of the notice of excess emissions. Based upon information submitted by the permittee or any other pertinent information available, the director or the commission shall make a determination whether the excess emissions constitute a malfunction, start-up or shutdown and whether the nature, extent and duration of the excess emissions warrant enforcement action under Section 643.080 or 643.151, RSMo.
- 4) Nothing in this rule shall be construed to limit the authority of the director or commission to take appropriate action, under Sections 643.080, 643.090 and 643.151, RSMo to enforce the provisions of the Air Conservation Law and the corresponding rule.
- 5) Compliance with this rule does not automatically absolve the permittee of liability for the excess emissions reported.

### **10 CSR 10-6.060 Construction Permits Required**

The permittee shall not commence construction, modification, or major modification of any installation subject to this rule, begin operation after that construction, modification, or major modification, or begin operation of any installation which has been shut down longer than five years without first obtaining a permit from the permitting authority.

### **10 CSR 10-6.065 Operating Permits**

The permittee shall file a complete application for renewal of this operating permit at least six months before the date of permit expiration. In no event shall this time be greater than eighteen months. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)1.A(V)] The permittee shall retain the most current operating permit issued to this installation on-site. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C(II)] The permittee shall immediately make such permit available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources personnel upon request. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3.B]

### **10 CSR 10-6.110 Submission of Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information**

- 1) The permittee shall submit full emissions report either electronically via MoEIS, which requires Form 1.0 signed by an authorized company representative, or on Emission Inventory Questionnaire (EIQ) paper forms on the frequency specified in this rule and in accordance with the requirements outlined in this rule. Alternate methods of reporting the emissions, such as spreadsheet file, can be submitted for approval by the director.
- 2) The permittee may be required by the director to file additional reports.
- 3) Public Availability of Emission Data and Process Information. Any information obtained pursuant to the rule(s) of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission that would not be entitled to confidential treatment under 10 CSR 10-6.210 shall be made available to any member of the public upon request.
- 4) The permittee shall pay an annual emission fee per ton of regulated air pollutant emitted according to the schedule in the rule. This fee is an emission fee assessed under authority of RSMo. 643.079.
- 5) The fees shall be payable to the Department of Natural Resources and shall be accompanied by the emissions report.
- 6) The permittee shall complete required reports on state supplied EIQ forms or electronically via MoEIS. Alternate methods of reporting the emissions can be submitted for approval by the director. The reports shall be submitted to the director by April 1 after the end of each reporting year. If the full emissions report is filed electronically via MoEIS, this due date is extended to May 1.
- 7) The reporting period shall end on December 31 of each calendar year. Each report shall contain the required information for each emission unit for the twelve (12)-month period immediately preceding the end of the reporting period.
- 8) The permittee shall collect, record and maintain the information necessary to complete the required forms during each year of operation of the installation.

### **10 CSR 10-6.130 Controlling Emissions During Episodes of High Air Pollution Potential**

This rule specifies the conditions that establish an air pollution alert (yellow/orange/red/purple), or emergency (maroon) and the associated procedures and emission reduction objectives for dealing with each. The permittee shall submit an appropriate emergency plan if required by the Director.

**10 CSR 10-6.150 Circumvention**

The permittee shall not cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any other means which, without resulting in reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission or air contaminant which violates a rule of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission.

**10 CSR 10-6.170**

**Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin**

**Emission Limitation:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or allow to occur any handling, transporting or storing of any material; construction, repair, cleaning or demolition of a building or its appurtenances; construction or use of a road, driveway or open area; or operation of a commercial or industrial installation without applying reasonable measures as may be required to prevent, or in a manner which allows or may allow, fugitive particulate matter emissions to go beyond the premises of origin in quantities that the particulate matter may be found on surfaces beyond the property line of origin. The nature or origin of the particulate matter shall be determined to a reasonable degree of certainty by a technique proven to be accurate and approved by the director.
- 2) The permittee shall not cause nor allow to occur any fugitive particulate matter emissions to remain visible in the ambient air beyond the property line of origin.
- 3) Should it be determined that noncompliance has occurred, the director may require reasonable control measures as may be necessary. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a) Revision of procedures involving construction, repair, cleaning and demolition of buildings and their appurtenances that produce particulate matter emissions;
  - b) Paving or frequent cleaning of roads, driveways and parking lots;
  - c) Application of dust-free surfaces;
  - d) Application of water; and
  - e) Planting and maintenance of vegetative ground cover.

**10 CSR 10-6.180 Measurement of Emissions of Air Contaminants**

- 1) The director may require any person responsible for the source of emission of air contaminants to make or have made tests to determine the quantity or nature, or both, of emission of air contaminants from the source. The director may specify testing methods to be used in accordance with good professional practice. The director may observe the testing. All tests shall be performed by qualified personnel.
- 2) The director may conduct tests of emissions of air contaminants from any source. Upon request of the director, the person responsible for the source to be tested shall provide necessary ports in stacks or ducts and other safe and proper sampling and testing facilities, exclusive of instruments and sensing devices as may be necessary for proper determination of the emission of air contaminants.
- 3) The director shall be given a copy of the test results in writing and signed by the person responsible for the tests.

**10 CSR 10-6.165 Restriction of Emission of Odors**

**This requirement is not federally enforceable.**

No person may cause, permit or allow the emission of odorous matter in concentrations and frequencies or for durations that odor can be perceived when one volume of odorous air is diluted with seven volumes of odor-free air for two separate trials not less than 15 minutes apart within the period of one hour. This odor evaluation shall be taken at a location outside of the installation's property boundary.

**Title VI – 40 CFR Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone**

- 1) The permittee shall comply with the standards for labeling of products using ozone-depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E:
  - a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported, all products containing a class I substance, and all products directly manufactured with a class I substance must bear the required warning statement if it is being introduced into interstate commerce pursuant to §82.106.
  - b) The placement of the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to §82.108.
  - c) The form of the label bearing the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to §82.110.
  - d) No person may modify, remove, or interfere with the required warning statement except as described in §82.112.
- 2) The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:
  - a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to §82.156.
  - b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to §82.158.
  - c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to §82.161.
  - d) Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances must comply with recordkeeping requirements pursuant to §82.166. ("MVAC-like" appliance as defined at §82.152).
  - e) Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment must comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to §82.156.
  - f) Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant must keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to §82.166.
- 3) If the permittee manufactures, transforms, imports, or exports a class I or class II substance, the permittee is subject to all the requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A, Production and Consumption Controls.
- 4) If the permittee performs a service on motor (fleet) vehicles when this service involves ozone-depleting substance refrigerant (or regulated substitute substance) in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee is subject to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air conditioners. The term "motor vehicle" as used in Subpart B does not include a vehicle in which final assembly of the vehicle has not been completed. The term "MVAC" as used in Subpart B does not include the air-tight sealed refrigeration system used as refrigerated cargo, or system used on passenger buses using HCFC-22 refrigerant.
- 5) The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Program (SNAP) promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G, Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. *Federal Only - 40 CFR Part 82*

**10 CSR 10-6.280 Compliance Monitoring Usage**

- 1) The permittee is not prohibited from using the following in addition to any specified compliance methods for the purpose of submission of compliance certificates:

- a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
  - b) Monitoring method(s) approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, "Operating Permits", and incorporated into an operating permit; and
  - c) Any other monitoring methods approved by the director.
- 2) Any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a permittee has violated or is in violation of any such plan or other applicable requirement. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred by a permittee:
- a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
  - b) A monitoring method approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, "Operating Permits", and incorporated into an operating permit; and
  - c) Compliance test methods specified in the rule cited as the authority for the emission limitations.
- 3) The following testing, monitoring or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods:
- a) Applicable monitoring or testing methods, cited in:
    - i) 10 CSR 10-6.030, "Sampling Methods for Air Pollution Sources";
    - ii) 10 CSR 10-6.040, "Reference Methods";
    - iii) 10 CSR 10-6.070, "New Source Performance Standards";
    - iv) 10 CSR 10-6.080, "Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants"; or
  - b) Other testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods, if approved by the director, that produce information comparable to that produced by any method listed above.

## V. General Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following requirements. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued,

### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.B Permit Duration**

This permit is issued for a term of five years, commencing on the date of issuance. This permit will expire at the end of this period unless renewed.

### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C General Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements**

- 1) Recordkeeping
  - a) All required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application.
  - b) Copies of all current operating and construction permits issued to this installation shall be kept on-site for as long as the permits are in effect. Copies of these permits shall be made immediately available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources' personnel upon request.
- 2) Reporting
  - a) All reports shall be submitted to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102.
  - b) The permittee shall submit a report of all required monitoring by:
    - i) October 1st for monitoring which covers the January through June time period, and
    - ii) April 1st for monitoring which covers the July through December time period.
    - iii) Exception. Monitoring requirements which require reporting more frequently than semi-annually shall report no later than 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter in which the measurements were taken.
  - c) Each report shall identify any deviations from emission limitations, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, or any other requirements of the permit, this includes deviations or Part 64 exceedances.
  - d) Submit supplemental reports as required or as needed. Supplemental reports are required no later than ten days after any exceedance of any applicable rule, regulation or other restriction. All reports of deviations shall identify the cause or probable cause of the deviations and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.
    - i) Notice of any deviation resulting from an emergency (or upset) condition as defined in paragraph (6)(C)7.A of 10 CSR 10-6.065 (Emergency Provisions) shall be submitted to the permitting authority either verbally or in writing within two working days after the date on which the emission limitation is exceeded due to the emergency, if the permittee wishes to assert an affirmative defense. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that indicate an emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency. The permitted installation must show that it was operated properly at the time and that during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or requirements in the permit. The notice must contain a description of the emergency, the steps taken to mitigate emissions, and the corrective actions taken.

- ii) Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety or the environment shall be reported as soon as practicable.
- iii) Any other deviations identified in the permit as requiring more frequent reporting than the permittee's semi-annual report shall be reported on the schedule specified in this permit, and no later than ten days after any exceedance of any applicable rule, regulation, or other restriction.
- e) Every report submitted shall be certified by the responsible official, except that, if a report of a deviation must be submitted within ten days after the deviation, the report may be submitted without a certification if the report is resubmitted with an appropriate certification within ten days after that, together with any corrected or supplemental information required concerning the deviation.
- f) The permittee may request confidential treatment of information submitted in any report of deviation.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.D Risk Management Plan Under Section 112(r)**

The permittee shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, Accidental Release Prevention Requirements. If the permittee has more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in process, as determined by 40 CFR Section 68.115, the permittee shall submit a Risk Management Plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 68 no later than the latest of the following dates:

- 1) June 21, 1999;
- 2) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under 40 CFR Section 68.130; or
- 3) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.F Severability Clause**

In the event of a successful challenge to any part of this permit, all uncontested permit conditions shall continue to be in force. All terms and conditions of this permit remain in effect pending any administrative or judicial challenge to any portion of the permit. If any provision of this permit is invalidated, the permittee shall comply with all other provisions of the permit.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.G General Requirements**

- 1) The permittee must comply with all of the terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with a permit condition constitutes a violation and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, permit revocation and re-issuance, permit modification or denial of a permit renewal application.
- 2) The permittee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary for the permittee to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit
- 3) The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened, reissued or terminated for cause. Except as provided for minor permit modifications, the filing of an application or request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the filing of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- 4) This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, nor grant any exclusive privilege.
- 5) The permittee shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that the Air Pollution Control Program reasonably may require to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening, reissuing or revoking the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee also shall furnish to

the Air Pollution Control Program copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. The permittee may make a claim of confidentiality for any information or records submitted pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.H Incentive Programs Not Requiring Permit Revisions**

No permit revision will be required for any installation changes made under any approved economic incentive, marketable permit, emissions trading, or other similar programs or processes provided for in this permit.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.I Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios**

None.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3 Compliance Requirements**

- 1) Any document (including reports) required to be submitted under this permit shall contain a certification signed by the responsible official.
- 2) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow authorized officials of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, or their authorized agents, to perform the following (subject to the installation's right to seek confidential treatment of information submitted to, or obtained by, the Air Pollution Control Program):
  - a) Enter upon the premises where a permitted installation is located or an emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - c) Inspect, at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
  - d) As authorized by the Missouri Air Conservation Law, Chapter 643, RSMo or the Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the terms of this permit, and all applicable requirements as outlined in this permit.
- 3) All progress reports required under an applicable schedule of compliance shall be submitted semi-annually (or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement). These progress reports shall contain the following:
  - a) Dates for achieving the activities, milestones or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when these activities, milestones or compliance were achieved, and
  - b) An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measures adopted.
- 4) The permittee shall submit an annual certification that it is in compliance with all of the federally enforceable terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emissions limitations, standards, or work practices. These certifications shall be submitted annually by April 1st, unless the applicable requirement specifies more frequent submission. These certifications shall be submitted to EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, as well as the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. All deviations and Part 64 exceedances and excursions must be included in the compliance certifications. The compliance certification shall include the following:
  - a) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
  - b) The current compliance status, as shown by monitoring data and other information reasonably available to the installation;

- c) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
- d) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the installation, both currently and over the reporting period; and
- e) Such other facts as the Air Pollution Control Program will require in order to determine the compliance status of this installation.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)6 Permit Shield**

- 1) Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements as of the date that this permit is issued, provided that:
  - a) The applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit, or
  - b) The permitting authority, in acting on the permit revision or permit application, determines in writing that other requirements, as specifically identified in the permit, are not applicable to the installation, and this permit expressly includes that determination or a concise summary of it.
- 2) Be aware that there are exceptions to this permit protection. The permit shield does not affect the following:
  - a) The provisions of Section 303 of the Act or Section 643.090, RSMo concerning emergency orders,
  - b) Liability for any violation of an applicable requirement which occurred prior to, or was existing at, the time of permit issuance,
  - c) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program,
  - d) The authority of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Air Pollution Control Program of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to obtain information, or
  - e) Any other permit or extra-permit provisions, terms or conditions expressly excluded from the permit shield provisions.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7 Emergency Provisions**

- 1) An emergency or upset as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7.A shall constitute an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emissions limitations. To establish an emergency- or upset-based defense, the permittee must demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence, the following:
  - a) That an emergency or upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the source of the emergency or upset,
  - b) That the installation was being operated properly,
  - c) That the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize emissions that exceeded technology-based emissions limitations or requirements in this permit, and
  - d) That the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Air Pollution Control Program within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and any corrective actions taken.
- 2) Be aware that an emergency or upset shall not include noncompliance caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)8 Operational Flexibility**

An installation that has been issued a Part 70 operating permit is not required to apply for or obtain a permit revision in order to make any of the changes to the permitted installation described below if the changes are not Title I modifications, the changes do not cause emissions to exceed emissions allowable

under the permit, and the changes do not result in the emission of any air contaminant not previously emitted. The permittee shall notify the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, at least seven days in advance of these changes, except as allowed for emergency or upset conditions. Emissions allowable under the permit means a federally enforceable permit term or condition determined at issuance to be required by an applicable requirement that establishes an emissions limit (including a work practice standard) or a federally enforceable emissions cap that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.

- 1) Section 502(b)(10) changes. Changes that, under Section 502(b)(10) of the Act, contravene an express permit term may be made without a permit revision, except for changes that would violate applicable requirements of the Act or contravene federally enforceable monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting or compliance requirements of the permit.
  - a) Before making a change under this provision, The permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, describing the changes to be made, the date on which the change will occur, and any changes in emission and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the Air Pollution Control Program shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. Written notice shall be provided to the EPA and the Air Pollution Control Program as above at least seven days before the change is to be made. If less than seven days' notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to these unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the EPA and the Air Pollution Control Program as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.
  - b) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)9 Off-Permit Changes**

- 1) Except as noted below, the permittee may make any change in its permitted operations, activities or emissions that is not addressed in, constrained by or prohibited by this permit without obtaining a permit revision. Insignificant activities listed in the application, but not otherwise addressed in or prohibited by this permit, shall not be considered to be constrained by this permit for purposes of the off-permit provisions of this section. Off-permit changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:
  - a) The change must meet all applicable requirements of the Act and may not violate any existing permit term or condition; the permittee may not change a permitted installation without a permit revision if this change is subject to any requirements under Title IV of the Act or is a Title I modification;
  - b) The permittee must provide written notice of the change to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, no later than the next annual emissions report. This notice shall not be required for changes that are insignificant activities under 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)3. This written notice shall describe each change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.
  - c) The permittee shall keep a record describing all changes made at the installation that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement and the emissions resulting from these changes; and
  - d) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

### **10 CSR 10-6.020(2)(R)39 Responsible Official**

The application utilized in the preparation of this permit was signed by Kevin Noblet, Senior Director-Renewables and Gas Generation. If this person terminates employment, or is reassigned different duties such that a different person becomes the responsible person to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs, the owner or operator of this air contaminant source shall notify the Director of the Air Pollution Control Program of the change. Said notification shall be in writing and shall be submitted within 30 days of the change. The notification shall include the name and title of the new person assigned by the source owner or operator to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs. All representations, agreement to terms and conditions and covenants made by the former responsible person that were used in the establishment of limiting permit conditions on this permit will continue to be binding on the installation until such time that a revision to this permit is obtained that would change said representations, agreements and covenants.

### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)6 Reopening-Permit for Cause**

This permit may be reopened for cause if:

- 1) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) receives notice from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that a petition for disapproval of a permit pursuant to 40 CFR § 70.8(d) has been granted, provided that the reopening may be stayed pending judicial review of that determination,
- 2) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made which resulted in establishing the emissions limitation standards or other terms of the permit,
- 3) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to the installation; however, reopening on this ground is not required if—:
  - a) The permit has a remaining term of less than three years;
  - b) The effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire;or
  - c) The additional applicable requirements are implemented in a general permit that is applicable to the installation and the installation receives authorization for coverage under that general permit,
- 4) The installation is an affected source under the acid rain program and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements), become applicable to that source, provided that, upon approval by EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit; or
- 5) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources or EPA determines that the permit must be reopened and revised to assure compliance with applicable requirements.

### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)1.C Statement of Basis**

This permit is accompanied by a statement setting forth the legal and factual basis for the permit conditions (including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions). This Statement of Basis, while referenced by the permit, is not an actual part of the permit.

## **VI. Attachments**

Attachments follow.

**Attachment A**

# **TITLE V: CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE (CAIR) PERMIT**

In accordance with Title V of the Clean Air Act and Missouri State Rules 10 CSR 10-6.362, *Clean Air Interstate Rule Annual Nox Trading Program*, 10 CSR 10-6.364 *Clean Air Interstate Rule Seasonal NOx Trading Program*, and 10 CSR 10-6.366, *Clean Air Interstate Rule Sox Trading Program*, the State of Missouri issues this CAIR Permit.

**Installation Name: KCP&L GMO – Greenwood Generating Station**

**ORIS Code: 6074**

**Unit IDs: 1, 2, 3 and 4**

The permit application submitted for this source, as corrected by the State of Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Air Pollution Control Program, Operating Permit Section, is attached. The owners and operators of this source must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in this application.

This CAIR Permit applies only to units 1, 2, 3 and 4 at KCP&L- GMO Greenwood Generating Station, plant 095-0139.

This CAIR permit is being issued in conjunction with this operating permit and is effective for the same period of time as the operating permit. The permittee shall submit an application to renew this CAIR permit in conjunction with the operating permit renewal application.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Director or Designee,  
Department of Natural Resources



Greenwood Energy Center

Plant Name (from Step 1)

CAIR Permit Application  
Page 2

**STEP 3,  
continued**

(b) Monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements.

(1) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of subparts HH, HHH, and HHHH (as applicable) of 40 CFR part 96.

(2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with subparts HH, HHH, and HHHH (as applicable) of 40 CFR part 96 shall be used to determine compliance by each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) with the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> emissions limitation, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> emissions limitation, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season emissions limitation (as applicable) under paragraph (c) of §96.106, §96.206, and §96.306 (as applicable).

(c) Nitrogen oxides emissions requirements.

(1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under §96.154(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total nitrogen oxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> units at the source, as determined in accordance with subpart HH of 40 CFR part 96.

(2) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) of §96.106 for the control period starting on the later of January 1, 2009 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under §96.170(b)(1), (2), or (5) and for each control period thereafter.

(3) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) of §96.106, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance was allocated.

(4) CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with subparts FF, GG, and II of 40 CFR part 96.

(5) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under §96.105 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

(6) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance does not constitute a property right.

(7) Upon recordation by the Administrator under subpart EE, FF, GG, or II of 40 CFR part 96, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance to or from a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source's compliance account is incorporated automatically in any CAIR permit of the source that includes the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit.

Sulfur dioxide emission requirements.

(1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of each CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source and each CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, a tonnage equivalent of CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under §96.254(a) and (b) not less than the tons of total sulfur dioxide emissions for the control period from all CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> units at the source, as determined in accordance with subpart HHH of 40 CFR part 96.

(2) A CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) of §96.206 for the control period starting on the later of January 1, 2010 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under §96.270(b)(1), (2), or (5) and for each control period thereafter.

(3) A CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) of §96.206, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowance was allocated.

(4) CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with subparts FFF, GGG, and III of 40 CFR part 96.

(5) A CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowance is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under §96.205 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

(6) A CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowance does not constitute a property right.

(7) Upon recordation by the Administrator under subpart FFF, GGG, or III of 40 CFR part 96, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowance to or from a CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source's compliance account is incorporated automatically in any CAIR permit of the source that includes the CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit.

Nitrogen oxides ozone season emissions requirements.

(1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under §96.354(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total nitrogen oxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season units at the source, as determined in accordance with subpart HHHH of 40 CFR part 96.

(2) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) of §96.306 for the control period starting on the later of May 1, 2009 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under §96.370(b)(1), (2), (3) or (7) and for each control period thereafter.

(3) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (c)(1) of §96.306, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season allowance was allocated.

(4) CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with subparts FFFF, GGGG, and IIII of 40 CFR part 96.

(5) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under §96.305 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

(6) A CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowance does not constitute a property right.

(7) Upon recordation by the Administrator under subpart EEEE, FFFF, GGGG, or IIII of 40 CFR part 96, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season allowance to or from a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source's compliance account is incorporated automatically in any CAIR permit of the source.

Greenwood Energy Center  
Plant Name (from Step 1)

CAIR Permit Application  
Page 3

**STEP 3,  
continued**

**(d) Excess emissions requirements.**

If a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source emits nitrogen oxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> emissions limitation, then:

- (1) The owners and operators of the source and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowances required for deduction under §96.154(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law; and
- (2) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of this subpart, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

If a CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source emits sulfur dioxide during any control period in excess of the CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> emissions limitation, then:

- (1) The owners and operators of the source and each CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowances required for deduction under §96.254(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law; and
- (2) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of this subpart, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

If a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source emits nitrogen oxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season emissions limitation, then:

- (1) The owners and operators of the source and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season allowances required for deduction under §96.354(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable State law; and
- (2) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of this subpart, the Clean Air Act, and applicable State law.

**(e) Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.**

(1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the permitting authority or the Administrator.

(i) The certificate of representation under §96.113, §96.213, and §96.313 (as applicable) for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under §96.113, §96.213, and §96.313 (as applicable) changing the CAIR designated representative.

(ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with subparts HH, HHH, and HHHH (as applicable) of 40 CFR part 96, provided that to the extent that subparts HH, HHH, and HHHH (as applicable) of 40 CFR part 96 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.

(iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable).

(iv) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR permit application and any other submission under the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable) or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable).

(2) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) and each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) at the source shall submit the reports required under the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable) including those under subparts HH, HHH, and HHHH (as applicable) of 40 CFR part 96.

**(f) Liability.**

(1) Each CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) and each NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) shall meet the requirements of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable).

(2) Any provision of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable) that applies to a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> units, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> units, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season units (as applicable) at the source.

(3) Any provision of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable) that applies to a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

Greenwood Energy Center  
Plant Name (from Step 1)

CAIR Permit Application  
Page 4

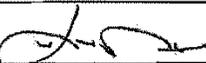
**STEP 3,  
continued**

(g) Effect on Other Authorities.

No provision of the CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Annual Trading Program, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program (as applicable), a CAIR permit application, a CAIR permit, or an exemption under § 96.105, §96.205, and §96.305 (as applicable) shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> source, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> source, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season source (as applicable) or CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> unit, CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> unit, and CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> Ozone Season unit (as applicable) from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

**Certification**

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the source or units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Kevin Noblet, Designated Representative	
Name	
Signature 	Date 1-20-14

## STATEMENT OF BASIS

### Permit Reference Documents

These documents were relied upon in the preparation of the operating permit. Because they are not incorporated by reference, they are not an official part of the operating permit.

- 1) Part 70 Operating Permit Application, received May 13, 2011; revised;
- 2) 2012 Emissions Inventory Questionnaire, received April 30, 2013; and
- 3) U.S. EPA document AP-42, *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors*; Volume I, Stationary Point and Area Sources, Fifth Edition;
- 4) webFIRE; and
- 5) CAIR Permit Application.

### Applicable Requirements Included in the Operating Permit but Not in the Application or Previous Operating Permits

In the operating permit application, the installation indicated they were not subject to the following regulation(s). However, in the review of the application, the agency has determined that the installation is subject to the following regulation(s) for the reasons stated.

None.

### Other Air Regulations Determined Not to Apply to the Operating Permit

The Air Pollution Control Program (APCP) has determined the following requirements to not be applicable to this installation at this time for the reasons stated.

#### 10 CSR 10-6.100, *Alternate Emission Limits*

This rule is not applicable because the installation is in an ozone attainment area.

#### 10 CSR 10-6.350, *Emission Limitations and Emissions Trading of Oxides of Nitrogen*

#### 10 CSR 10-6.360, *Control of NO<sub>x</sub> Emissions from Electric Generating Units and Non-Electric Generating Boilers*

These regulations are no longer applicable due to the implementation of the Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Program.

#### 10 CSR 10-6.220, *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*

This regulation is not applicable to stationary internal combustion engines operated in the Kansas City metropolitan area, therefore it was not included in the permit.

10 CSR 10-2.215 *Control of Emissions from Solvent Cleanup* does not apply to the installation because “cold cleaners” are exempted from regulatory requirements by 10 CSR 10-2.215(1)(C)1.

### Construction Permit History

No construction permits have been issued to this facility.

### New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Applicability

40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ, *Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines*

This subpart does not apply to the emergency generator (EU06) because it is not a spark ignition combustion engine. This subpart contains no requirements for engines less than 500 hp that were manufactured prior to July 1, 2008, therefore it was not applied to the 72 hp natural gas generator.

40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII, *Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines*

This subpart applies to the emergency generator (EU06). It does not apply to the 72 hp natural gas generator because it is not a compression ignition internal combustion engine.

40 CFR 60 Subpart GG *Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines*

This subpart does not apply to Combustion Turbine Units 1 through 4 (EU01 through EU04).

Greenwood Energy Center has documentation of a contractual obligation with the turbine manufacturer for all four turbines. This was dated October 8, 1976.

Subpart GG applies to any facility "which commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after October 3, 1977". "Construction" is defined by 40 CFR Section 60.2(g) as "fabrication, erection of installation of an affected facility." "Commenced" is defined by 40 CFR Section 60.2(i) to mean "that an owner or operator has undertaken a continuous program of construction or modification or that an owner or operator has entered into a contractual obligation to undertake and complete, within a reasonable time, a continuous program of construction or modification." As the regulation indicates, the element of "commencement" can be satisfied by the existence of a "contractual obligation".

Since Greenwood did commence construction before the effective date of Subpart GG (shown by contractual obligation), then Subpart GG does not apply.

40 CFR 60 Subpart K *Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After June 11, 1973, and Prior to May 19, 1978 and*

Subpart Ka *Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After May 18, 1978, and Prior to July 23, 1984*

These subparts do not apply to the No. 2 fuel oil storage tanks at this installation. No. 2 Fuel Oil is specifically exempt from these regulations.

### **Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) Applicability**

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart YYYY, *National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines.*

This facility is a major source of HAPs (due to the potential to emit formaldehyde is greater than 10 tons/year) therefore this regulation applies to this facility. However, according to §63.6090(b)(4), "Existing stationary combustion turbines in all subcategories do not have to meet the requirements of

this subpart and of subpart A of this part. No initial notification is necessary for any existing stationary combustion turbine, even if a new or reconstructed turbine in the same category would require an initial notification.” The four turbines were installed in 1975 and therefore meet the definition of existing stationary combustion turbine under §63.6090(a)(1) which is defined as being constructed or reconstructed on or before January 14, 2003.

40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines*.

The emergency generator (EU06) is not subject to the provisions of subpart ZZZZ due to the size of the engine, the date of manufacture of the unit and the classification of the unit as “emergency” use only. The 72 hp natural gas generator is subject to this subpart however the only requirements from this subpart for this unit is to meet the applicable requirements from 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ. Currently there are no standards in Subpart JJJJ that apply to this unit therefore neither Subpart ZZZZ nor Subpart JJJJ was applied to this emission unit.

### **National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Applicability**

In the permit application and according to APCP records, there was no indication that any Missouri Air Conservation Law, Asbestos Abatement, 643.225 through 643.250; 10 CSR 10-6.080, Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, Subpart M, National Standards for Asbestos; and 10 CSR 10-6.250, Asbestos Abatement Projects - Certification, Accreditation, and Business Exemption Requirements apply to this installation. The installation is subject to these regulations if they undertake any projects that deal with or involve any asbestos containing materials. None of the installation's operating projects underway at the time of this review deal with or involve asbestos containing material. Therefore, the above regulations were not cited in the operating permit. If the installation should undertake any construction or demolition projects in the future that deal with or involve any asbestos containing materials, the installation must follow all of the applicable requirements of the above rules related to that specific project.

### **Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Applicability**

40 CFR Part 64, *Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)*

The CAM rule applies to each pollutant specific emission unit that:

- Is subject to an emission limitation or standard, and
- Uses a control device to achieve compliance, and
- Has pre-control emissions that exceed or are equivalent to the major source threshold.

40 CFR Part 64 is not applicable because none of the pollutant-specific emission units uses a control device to achieve compliance with a relevant standard.

### **Greenhouse Gas Emissions**

This installation is a major source for greenhouse gases. Major stationary sources are required by the Clean Air Act (CAA) to obtain Part 70 operating permits. While Part 70 permits generally do not establish new emissions limits, they consolidate applicable requirements, as defined in Missouri State

Regulations 10 CSR 10-6.020(2)(A)23, into a comprehensive air permit. At the time of permit issuance, there were no applicable GHG requirements for this source.

Note that this source is subject to the Greenhouse Gas Reporting Rule. However, the preamble of the GHG Reporting Rule clarifies that Part 98 requirements do not have to be incorporated in Part 70 permits operating permits at this time. In addition, Missouri regulations do not require the installation to report CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in their Missouri Emissions Inventory Questionnaire; therefore, the installation's CO<sub>2</sub> emissions were not included within this permit. An estimate of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions is included in the statement of basis. The applicant is required to report the data directly to EPA. The public may obtain CO<sub>2</sub> emissions data for this installation by visiting EPA's Clean Air Markets website at: <http://camddataandmaps.epa.gov/gdm/index.cfm>.

### Updated Potential to Emit for the Installation

Pollutant	Potential to Emit (tons/yr) <sup>1</sup>
CO	1,597
CO <sub>2</sub> e	2,732,957
NO <sub>x</sub>	3,712
PM10	268.6
PM2.5	264.3
SO <sub>x</sub>	38,350
VOC	102.9
HAP	15.7
Formaldehyde	11.63

The potential to emit (PTE) was calculated assuming 8,760 hours of operation per year of the four combustion turbines and 500 hours per year for the emergency generator. Fugitive emissions were not included in the PTE because the facility is not on the List of Named Installations found in 10 CSR 10-6.020(3)(B), Table 2.

### Other Regulatory Determinations

#### 10 CSR 10-6.260, Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds

The following calculations demonstrate compliance with 10 CSR 10-6.260 when burning fuel oil with a sulfur content less than 2.3%

$$\text{Distillate Oil } SO_2 \text{ emission factor (lbs/MMBtu)} = \frac{101(2.3) \text{ lbs}/10^3 \text{ gal}}{140 \text{ MMBtu}/10^3 \text{ gal}} = 1.66 \text{ lb/MMBtu}$$

$$\text{ppmv } SO_2 = \left( \frac{1.66 \text{ lb}}{\text{MMBtu}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{MMBtu}}{10,320 \text{ wscf}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{ppmw}}{1.660E^{-7} \text{ lb/scf}} \right) \times \left( \frac{0.45 \text{ ppmv}}{\text{ppmw}} \right) = 433.42 \text{ ppmv}$$

SO<sub>3</sub> : According to AP-42 Table 3.1-2a footnote h: All sulfur in the fuel is assumed to be converted to SO<sub>2</sub>.

### Other Regulations Not Cited in the Operating Permit or the Above Statement of Basis

Any regulation which is not specifically listed in either the Operating Permit or in the above Statement of Basis does not appear, based on this review, to be an applicable requirement for this installation for one or more of the following reasons:

1. The specific pollutant regulated by that rule is not emitted by the installation;
2. The installation is not in the source category regulated by that rule;
3. The installation is not in the county or specific area that is regulated under the authority of that rule;
4. The installation does not contain the type of emission unit which is regulated by that rule;
5. The rule is only for administrative purposes.

Should a later determination conclude that the installation is subject to one or more of the regulations cited in this Statement of Basis or other regulations which were not cited, the installation shall determine and demonstrate, to the APCP's satisfaction, the installation's compliance with that regulation(s). If the installation is not in compliance with a regulation which was not previously cited, the installation shall submit to the APCP a schedule for achieving compliance for that regulation(s).

Prepared by:

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Jill Wade, P.E.  
Environmental Engineer

## MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 27, 2014

TO: Steve Courtney – KCP&L GMO Greenwood Generating Station

FROM: Jill Wade, PE – MO Department of Natural Resources, APCP

SUBJECT: Response to Public Comments

The draft Part 70 Operating Permit for KCP&L – Greenwood Generating Station (095-0139) was placed on public notice as of April 22, 2014 for a 30-day comment period. The public notice was published on the Department of Natural Resources’ Air Pollution Control Program’s web page at: <http://www.dnr.mo.gov/env/apcp/PermitPublicNotices.htm>. On April 29, 2014 the Air Pollution Control Program received comments via e-mail from Bob Cheever, EPA Region 7. The comments are addressed below in the order in which they appear within the e-mail.

\*\*\*\*\*

**Comment #1:** The open burning requirements included with the Section IV core permit requirements include requirements for the Kansas City metropolitan area, Springfield-Green County area, St. Joseph area and St. Louis metropolitan. The statement of basis indicates this facility is within the Kansas City metropolitan area, therefore the requirements for the Springfield-Green County area, St. Joseph area, and the St. Louis area are likely not applicable requirements for the Greenwood Generating Station.

**Response to Comment:** Non applicable portions of the open burning requirements have been removed from Section IV.

Mr. Kevin Noblet  
KCP&L - Greenwood Generating Station  
P.O. Box 418679  
Kansas City, MO 64141

Re: KCP&L - Greenwood Generating Station, 095-0139  
Permit Number: **OP2014-013**

Dear Mr. Noblet:

Enclosed with this letter is your Part 70 operating permit. Please review this document carefully. Operation of your installation in accordance with the rules and regulations cited in this document is necessary for continued compliance. It is very important that you read and understand the requirements contained in your permit.

You may appeal this permit to the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC), P.O. Box 1557, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as provided in RSMo 643.078.16 and 621.250.3. If you choose to appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed. If it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC.

If you have any questions or need additional information regarding this permit, please do not hesitate to contact Jill Wade at the Department of Natural Resources, Air Pollution Control Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, or by telephone at (573) 751-4817. Thank you for your time and attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

**AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM**

Michael J. Stansfield, P.E.  
Operating Permit Unit Chief

MJS:jwk

Enclosures

c: Kansas City Regional Office  
PAMS File: 2011-05-052