



**Missouri Department of Natural Resources**  
**Air Pollution Control Program**

## **PART 70**

# **PERMIT TO OPERATE**

Under the authority of RSMo 643 and the Federal Clean Air Act the applicant is authorized to operate the air contaminant source(s) described below, in accordance with the laws, rules, and conditions set forth here in.

**Operating Permit Number:** OP2010-077  
**Expiration Date:** JUL 27 2015  
**Installation ID:** 095-0114  
**Project Number:** 2006-12-073

**Installation Name and Address**

Hallmark Cards, Inc.  
P.O. Box 419580  
Kansas City, MO 64141  
Jackson County

**Parent Company's Name and Address**

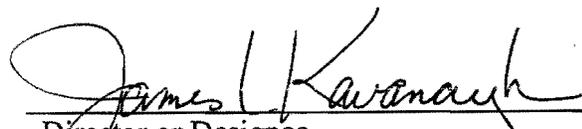
Hallmark Cards, Inc.  
P.O. Box 419580  
Kansas City MO, 64141

**Installation Description:**

Hallmark Cards, Inc. headquarters operations are located in Kansas City, Missouri. Emission sources include electroplating operations, printing operations, boilers, emergency generators and a gasoline storage tank. The facility is a potential major source of hazardous air pollutants and sulfur oxides.

JUL 28 2010

\_\_\_\_\_  
Effective Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Director or Designee  
Department of Natural Resources

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## I. Installation Description and Equipment Listing

### INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION

Hallmark Cards, Inc. headquarters operations are located in Kansas City, Missouri. Emission sources include electroplating operations, printing operations, boilers, emergency generators and a gasoline storage tank. The facility is a potential major source of hazardous air pollutants and sulfur oxides.

The headquarters complex consists of approximately 2.3 million square feet of connected buildings. Operations at the complex involve five functional areas: Operations Technology & Innovation Support, Creative, Manufacturing Tooling & Support, Facilities, and Non-Operating Areas.

Reported Air Pollutant Emissions, tons per year							
Year	Particulate Matter ≤ Ten Microns (PM-10)	Sulfur Oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> )	Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )	Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Lead (Pb)	Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) <sup>1</sup>
2007	0.17	0.01	4.63	19.46	1.93	0.00	0.03
2006	0.25	0.03	5.71	32.73	2.62	0.00	0.45
2005	0.26	0.06	6.41	25.11	2.92	0.00	0.48
2004	0.05	0.00	3.20	22.15	0.67	0.00	1.06
2003	0.17	0.32	5.42	22.35	1.92	0.00	0.70

<sup>1</sup> Reported HAPs include emissions reported as VOC and/or PM10.

### EMISSION UNITS WITH LIMITATIONS

The following list provides a description of the equipment at this installation which emits air pollutants and which is identified as having unit-specific emission limitations.

Emission Unit #	Description of Emission Unit	Emission Point No.
EU0130	Boiler A-1	EP 31630-1
EU0140	Boiler A-2	EP 31630-1
EU0150	Boiler A-3	EP 31630-1
EU0160	Boiler B-1	EP 31630-2
EU0170	Boiler B-2	EP 31630-2
EU0180	Boiler B-3	EP 31630-2
EU0190	Boiler B-4	EP 31630-2
EU0200	Boiler D-1	EP 31630-3
EU0210	Boiler D-2	EP 31630-3
EU0220	Champion 127 Lithographic Printing Press	EP 57677-1
EU0330	Digital Gravure Chrome and Copper Plating Operations	EP 30517-2
EU0340	Gasoline Underground Storage Tank	EP 31310-2
EU0360	Emergency Generator on 6A	EP 31620-7
EU0370	Emergency Generator on 2C	EP 31620-7
EU0380	Emergency Generator in RICE Bldg.	EP 31620-7
EU0400	Emergency Generator on 3C Dock	EP 31620-7

Emission Unit #	Description of Emission Unit	Emission Point No.
EU0410	Emergency Generator on 4D Boiler Room	EP 31620-7
EU0420	Large Format Inkjet Printers	EP 59221C
EU0430	Nickel Plating Operations	EP 30510-1
EU0440	Trane Heaters (2) (0.80 MMBtu/hr total)	Not assigned
EU0450	Steel Rule Wood Cutting Laser	EP 57677-8

**EMISSION UNITS WITHOUT LIMITATIONS**

The following list provides a description of the equipment which does not have unit specific limitations at the time of permit issuance.

Emission Unit #	Description of Emission Unit	Emission Point No.
EU0700	Fugitive Emissions from Artistic Engraving, Molding, & Cleaning operations	EP 30504-1
EU0705	Fugitive Emissions from Specialty Machining operations	EP 30508-1
EU0710	Fugitive Emissions from Rubber Casting and Cleaning operations	EP 30512-1
EU0715	Fugitive Emissions from Press Molding and Cleaning operations	EP 30514-1
EU0720	Fugitive Emissions from Chemical Milling operations	EP 30516-1
EU0725	Fugitive Emissions from Photopolymer Platemaking operations	EP 30516-2
EU0730	Fugitive Emissions from Digital Gravure Processing and Proofing operations	EP 30517-1
EU0735	Fugitive Emissions from Gravure Wastewater Treatment operations	EP 30517-4
EU0740	Fugitive Emissions from Process Control Photoprocessing operations	EP 30601-G6-1
EU0745	Fugitive Emissions from Technical Support and Maintenance operations	EP 30607-1
EU0750	Fugitive Emissions from Equipment Maintenance operations	EP 31630-7
EU0755	Fugitive Emissions from Design & Commercial Photography operations	EP 57663-1
EU0760	Fugitive Emissions from Screen Printing operations	EP 57677-2
EU0765	Fugitive Emissions from Model Shop Prototype Production operations	EP 57677-6
EU0770	Fugitive Emissions from Paper Cutting Units (Laser) operations	EP 57677-8
EU0775	Fugitive Emissions from Film Processing in the Service Center operations	EP 30601-G6-1
EU0780	Fugitive Emissions from Art Material Library Supplies operations	EP 57690-1
EU0785	Emissions from Small Spray Paint Booths operations	EP 57690-2
EU0790	Fugitive Emissions from Chemistry Labs operations	EP 59400A-1
EU0795	Stack Emissions from Electrostatic Powder Spray Booth operations in Chemistry Labs	EP 59400A-2
EU0800	Emissions from Tooling Curing Oven operations	EP 30506-1
EU0805	Fugitive Emissions from Small (< 26 inch sheet fed or 18 inch web) Lithographic Printing operations	EP 57677-1
EU0810	Fugitive Emissions from Sand Blast Area operations	EP 59416A-1
EU0815	Fugitive Emissions from Welding operations	EP 31630-4

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Emission Unit #	Description of Emission Unit	Emission Point No.
EU0820	Emissions from Spray Paint Booth operations	EP 59416E-2
EU0825	Fugitive Emissions from Photoprocessor and Digital Camera in Reprographics Dept. operations	EP 66084-2

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**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

These documents have been incorporated by reference into this permit.

- 1) Construction Permit KC AQP #869, Issued March 15, 1999
- 2) Construction Permit KC AQP #892, Issued July 16, 1999
- 3) Construction Permit KC AQP #985, Issued May 21, 2002
- 4) Construction Permit KC AQP #1039, Issued November 24, 2003
- 5) Construction Permit KC AQP #1043, Issued December 12, 2003
- 6) Construction Permit KC AQP #1049, Issued March 23, 2004
- 7) Construction Permit KC AQP #1080, Issued September 27, 2004
- 8) Construction Permit KC AQP #1110, Issued June 29, 2005
- 9) Construction Permit KC AQP #1152, Issued April 26, 2006
- 10) Construction Permit KC AQP #1154, Issued June 26, 2006
- 11) Construction Permit KC AQP #1194, Issued May 28, 2008

## II. Plant Wide Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

### **PERMIT CONDITION PW001**

10 CSR 10-6.060 *Construction Permits Required*  
Construction Permit *KC AQP #869, Issued March 15, 1999*

#### **Emission / Operational Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not discharge more than 99 tons of total volatile organic compound pollutants (VOC) into the atmosphere from the entire installation during any consecutive 12-month period.
- 2) The permittee shall not operate any equipment at the facility that burns fuel oil with a sulfur content of greater than 0.5% by weight.

#### **Monitoring, Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain accurate records as necessary to calculate monthly VOC emissions associated with all facility operations. The permittee shall record all VOC emissions on a monthly basis with a consecutive 12-month total.
- 2) Attachment E contains a log satisfying these recordkeeping requirements. This log, or an equivalent created by the permittee, must be used to certify compliance with this requirement. The log shall be completed within sixty (60) days after the end of each month.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain records as described in a) or b) below that demonstrate compliance with Emission/Operational Limitation 2:
  - a) The permittee shall maintain copies of the fuel supplier certification for each shipment of fuel oil received. These certifications shall contain at least the following information:
    1. The name of the fuel oil supplier;
    2. A statement from the oil supplier that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil in 40 CFR 60.41c; and
    3. The heating value and sulfur content of the oil.
  - b) The permittee shall maintain an accurate record of the fuel sampling/analysis performed for each shipment of fuel oil received. All sampling & analysis shall be performed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60.46c(d)(2) and shall contain at least the following information:
    1. The location of the oil when the sample was drawn for analysis;
    2. The method used to determine the sulfur content of the oil; and
    3. The sulfur content of the oil.
- 4) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 60 months.
- 5) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days following the completion of the VOC log entry if the consecutive 12-month total records show that the source exceeded the limitation of less than 99 tons per year of VOC emissions.
- 2) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program, Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days following the receipt of the fuel sampling data which indicates that the source used fuel oil that exceeds 0.5% sulfur content by weight.

### III. Emission Unit Specific Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

<b>EU0130, EU0140, and EU0150 – Building A Boilers</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2007 EIQ Reference #
EU0130	Boiler A-1 (9.4 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee 5190-1X Boiler (1965)	EP 31630-1
EU0140	Boiler A-2 (9.4 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee 5190-1X Boiler (1947)	EP 31630-1
EU0150	Boiler A-3 (9.4 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee 5190-1X Boiler (1947)	EP 31630-1

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0130-001, EU0140-001, and EU0150-001**  
10 CSR 10-2.040 *Maximum Allowable Emissions of Particulate Matter From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(b) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Fuel Burning Equipment Used For Indirect Heating)*

**Emission Limitation:**

Particulate matter shall not be emitted from EU0130, EU0140, or EU0150 in excess of 0.34 pounds per million BTU of heat input.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment H contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment H with this permit.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0130-002, EU0140-002, and EU0150-002**  
10 CSR 10-6.260 *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 6(a) *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds (Indirect Heating Sources)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions of sulfur dioxide containing in excess of 8 pounds per million BTU of heat input averaged on any three (3)-hour time period.
- 2) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions containing sulfur compounds from any source which cause or contribute to concentrations exceeding those specified in 10 CSR 10-6.010 Ambient Air Quality Standards, as listed below:

Pollutant	Concentration <sup>1</sup>	Method	Remarks
Sulfur Dioxide	0.03 ppm (80 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(4)(A)	Annual arithmetic mean
	0.14 ppm (365 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
	0.5 ppm (1,300 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		3-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.05 ppm (70 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(5)	½-hour average not to be exceed over 2 times per year
Sulfuric Acid	10 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(6)	24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 90 consecutive days
	30 µg/m <sup>3</sup>		1-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 2 consecutive days

<sup>1</sup> ppm = parts per million; µg/m<sup>3</sup> = micrograms per cubic meter

**Operational Limitations:**

Boilers A-1, A-2, and A-3 (EU0130, EU0140, and EU0150) shall burn only natural gas or fuel oil with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 0.5% by weight.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment I contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment I with this permit.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0130-003, EU0140-003, and EU0150-003**  
 10 CSR 10-6.220 *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions to be discharged into the atmosphere from any existing source any visible emissions with an opacity greater than 20%.
- 2) Exception: A person may discharge into the atmosphere from any source of emissions for a period(s) aggregating not more than six (6) minutes in any 60 minutes air contaminants with an opacity up to 60%.

**Monitoring:**

- 1) The permittee shall conduct opacity readings on EU0130, EU0140, and/or EU0150 using the procedures listed in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule.

- 2) The permittee shall maintain the monitoring schedule listed in the Core Permit Requirements for conducting these observations.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of all opacity observations as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachments B and C, or equivalent forms created by the permittee.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachment D or an equivalent form created by the permittee.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 4) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines, using the Method 9 test, that the emission unit(s) exceeded the opacity limit.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0160, EU0170, EU0180 and EU0190 – Building B Boilers</b>			
<b>Emission Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)</b>	<b>2007 EIQ Reference #</b>
EU0160	Boiler B-1 (13.67 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee KR88-8 Boiler (1954)	EP 31630-2
EU0170	Boiler B-2 (13.67 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee KR88-8 Boiler (1954)	EP 31630-2
EU0180	Boiler B-3 (13.67 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee KR88-8 Boiler (1954)	EP 31630-2
EU0190	Boiler B-4 (3.28 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee K580-5 Boiler (1954)	EP 31630-2

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0160-001, EU0170-001, EU0180, and EU0190-001**  
 10 CSR 10-2.040 *Maximum Allowable Emissions of Particulate Matter From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(b) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Fuel Burning Equipment Used For Indirect Heating)*

**Emission Limitation:**

Particulate matter shall not be emitted from EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, or EU0190 in excess of 0.34 pounds per million BTU of heat input.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment H contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment H with this permit.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.

- The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0160-002, EU0170-002, EU0180, and EU0190-002**  
 10 CSR 10-6.260 *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 6(a) *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds (Indirect Heating Sources)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions of sulfur dioxide containing in excess of 8 pounds per million BTU of heat input averaged on any three (3)-hour time period.
- The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions containing sulfur compounds from any source which cause or contribute to concentrations exceeding those specified in 10 CSR 10-6.010 Ambient Air Quality Standards, as listed below:

Pollutant	Concentration <sup>1</sup>	Method	Remarks
Sulfur Dioxide	0.03 ppm (80 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(4)(A)	Annual arithmetic mean
	0.14 ppm (365 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
	0.5 ppm (1,300 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		3-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.05 ppm (70 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(5)	½-hour average not to be exceed over 2 times per year
Sulfuric Acid	10 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(6)	24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 90 consecutive days
	30 µg/m <sup>3</sup>		1-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 2 consecutive days

<sup>1</sup> ppm = parts per million; µg/m<sup>3</sup> = micrograms per cubic meter

**Operational Limitations:**

Boilers B-1, B-2, B-3 and B-4 (EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, or EU0190) shall burn only natural gas or fuel oil with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 0.5% by weight.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- Attachment I contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment I with this permit.
- The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0160-003, EU0170-003, EU0180, and EU0190-003**

10 CSR 10-6.220 *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*

KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions to be discharged into the atmosphere from any existing source any visible emissions with an opacity greater than 20%.
- 2) Exception: A person may discharge into the atmosphere from any source of emissions for a period(s) aggregating not more than six (6) minutes in any 60 minutes air contaminants with an opacity up to 60%.

**Monitoring:**

- 1) The permittee shall conduct opacity readings on EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, and/or EU0190 using the procedures listed in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain the monitoring schedule listed in the Core Permit Requirements for conducting these observations.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of all opacity observations as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachments B and C, or equivalent forms created by the permittee.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachment D or an equivalent form created by the permittee.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 4) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines, using the Method 9 test, that the emission unit(s) exceeded the opacity limit.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0200 and EU0210 – Building D Boilers</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2007 EIQ Reference #
EU0200	Boiler D-1 (10.172 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee KR953352 Boiler (1965)	EP 31630-3
EU0210	Boiler D-2 (10.172 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kewanee KR953352 Boiler (1965)	EP 31630-3

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0200-001 and EU0210-001**

10 CSR 10-2.040 *Maximum Allowable Emissions of Particulate Matter From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating*

KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(b) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Fuel Burning Equipment Used For Indirect Heating)*

**Emission Limitation:**

Particulate matter shall not be emitted from EU0200 or EU0210 in excess of 0.34 pounds per million BTU of heat input.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment H contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment H with this permit.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0200-002 and EU0210-002**

10 CSR 10-6.260 *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds*

KCMO Chapter 8 Section 6(a) *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds (Indirect Heating Sources)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions of sulfur dioxide containing in excess of 8 pounds per million BTU of heat input averaged on any three (3)-hour time period.
- 2) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions containing sulfur compounds from any source which cause or contribute to concentrations exceeding those specified in 10 CSR 10-6.010 Ambient Air Quality Standards, as listed below:

Pollutant	Concentration <sup>1</sup>	Method	Remarks
Sulfur Dioxide	0.03 ppm (80 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(4)(A)	Annual arithmetic mean
	0.14 ppm (365 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
	0.5 ppm (1,300 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )		3-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.05 ppm (70 µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(5)	½-hour average not to be exceed over 2 times per year
Sulfuric Acid	10 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(6)	24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 90 consecutive days

	30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$		1-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 2 consecutive days
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<sup>1</sup> ppm = parts per million;  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  = micrograms per cubic meter

**Operational Limitations:**

Boilers D-1 and D-2 (EU0200 or EU0210) shall burn only natural gas or fuel oil with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 0.5% by weight.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment I contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment I with this permit.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0200-003 and EU0210-003**

10 CSR 10-6.220 *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*

KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions to be discharged into the atmosphere from any existing source any visible emissions with an opacity greater than 20%.
- 2) Exception: A person may discharge into the atmosphere from any source of emissions for a period(s) aggregating not more than six (6) minutes in any 60 minutes air contaminants with an opacity up to 60%.

**Monitoring:**

- 1) The permittee shall conduct opacity readings on EU0200 and/or EU0210 using the procedures listed in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain the monitoring schedule listed in the Core Permit Requirements for conducting these observations.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of all opacity observations as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachments B and C, or equivalent forms created by the permittee.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachment D or an equivalent form created by the permittee.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 4) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines, using the Method 9 test, that the emission unit(s) exceeded the opacity limit.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0220 – Lithographic Printing</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2007 EIQ Reference #
EU0220	Champion 127 Lithographic Printing Press	Champion 127 Press (1988)	EP 57677-1

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0220-001**  
 10 CSR 10-2.340 *Control of Emissions From Lithographic Printing Installations*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8(k) *Emission Of Volatile Organic Compounds (Control Of Emissions From Lithographic Printing Facilities)*

**Emission / Operational Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not use a fountain solution in EU0220 that contains more than ten percent (10%) by weight of alcohol.
- 2) The permittee shall refrigerate any alcohol-based fountain solution to a temperature of fifty-five degrees Fahrenheit (55°F) or less.
- 3) The permittee shall cover all alcohol-based fountain solution mixing tanks.
- 4) The permittee shall keep all clean-up solvents and cleaning cloths in tightly covered tanks or containers during transport and storage.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records as required sufficient to determine continuous compliance with this regulation.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain the following records for each lithographic printing press:
  - a) Quantity of alcohol added to the fountain solution of each regulated press in pounds each month;
  - b) Percent of alcohol in fountain solution by weight as monitored on a once per shift basis;
  - c) Results of any testing conducted on an emission unit at a regulated installation;
  - d) Maintenance records of any air pollution control equipment; and
  - e) The temperature of alcohol-based fountain solution as recorded on a once per shift basis.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain the following records for the printing inks, solvents, and coatings used by the lithographic printing presses at the installation:
  - a) Properties of heatset inks as applied (determined by the manufacturer's formulation data), density of inks in pounds per gallon, and total VOC content in weight percent;
  - b) Quantity of heatset inks as applied to substrate in pounds on a monthly basis;
  - c) Quantity of cleanup solvents used on a monthly basis; and
  - d) Quantity of coatings used on a monthly basis and percent VOC in coating by weight on a formulation basis.
- 4) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.

- 5) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines that any exceedance of the permit conditions has occurred.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0330 – Chrome Plating Operations</b>				
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer /Model # (Year Installed)	Control Equipment (Model#)	2007 EIQ Reference #
EU0330	Digital Gravure chrome and copper plating equipment	Daetwyler (1995)	Composite Mesh Pad Control Equipment (CD-1) (Mapco, Inc. / Enforcer III)	EP 30517-2

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0330-001**  
 10 CSR 10-6.075 *Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations*  
 40 CFR 63 Subpart N – *National Emission Standards for Chromium Emissions from Hard and Decorative Chromium Electroplating and Chromium Anodizing Tanks*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall control emissions to the atmosphere from the hard chromium plating tanks by not allowing the concentration of total chromium in the exhaust gas stream discharged to the atmosphere to exceed 0.03 mg/dscm ( $1.3 \times 10^{-5}$  gr/dscf).
- 2) The emission limitations in this section apply during tank operation and during periods of startup and shutdown. The emission limitations do not apply during periods of malfunction, but the work practice standards that address operation and maintenance and that are required by §63.342(f) must be followed during malfunctions.

**Equipment / Operational Requirements:**

*40 CFR 63.342(f) (Operation and Maintenance Practices):*

- 1) The permittee shall operate and maintain EU0330, including associated air pollution control devices and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.
- 2) The permittee shall correct malfunctions as soon as practicable after their occurrence.
- 3) The permittee shall prepare an operation and maintenance plan which includes the following elements:

- a) The plan shall specify the operation and maintenance criteria for the affected source, the add-on air pollution control device (if such a device is used to comply with the emission limits), and the process and control system monitoring equipment, and shall include a standardized checklist to document the operation and maintenance of this equipment;
  - b) For sources using an add-on control device or monitoring equipment to comply with this subpart, the plan shall incorporate the operation and maintenance practices for that device or monitoring equipment, as identified in Table 1 to §63.342, if the specific equipment used is identified in Table 1 to §63.342;
  - c) If the specific equipment used is not identified in Table 1 to §63.342, the plan shall incorporate proposed operation and maintenance practices. These proposed operation and maintenance practices shall be submitted for approval as part of the submittal required under §63.343(d);
  - d) The plan shall specify procedures to be followed to ensure that equipment or process malfunctions due to poor maintenance or other preventable conditions do not occur; and
  - e) The plan shall include a systematic procedure for identifying malfunctions of process equipment, add-on air pollution control devices, and process and control system monitoring equipment and for implementing corrective actions to address such malfunctions.
- 4) The permittee may use applicable standard operating procedure (SOP) manuals, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) plans, or other existing plans, provided the alternative plans meet the requirements of this section.
  - 5) If the operation and maintenance plan fails to address or inadequately addresses an event that meets the characteristics of a malfunction at the time the plan is initially developed, the permittee shall revise the operation and maintenance plan within 45 days after such an event occurs. The revised plan shall include procedures for operating and maintaining the process equipment, add-on air pollution control device, or monitoring equipment during similar malfunction events, and a program for corrective action for such events.

**Monitoring Requirements:**

**40 CFR 63.343(c)(1) Monitoring to demonstrate continuous compliance):**

- 1) The permittee shall conduct monitoring according to the type of air pollution control technique that is used to comply with the emission limitation.
- 2) During the initial performance test, the permittee who is complying with the emission limitations in §63.342 through the use of a composite mesh-pad system shall determine the outlet chromium concentration using the test methods and procedures in §63.344(c), and shall establish as a site-specific operating parameter the pressure drop across the system, setting the value that corresponds to compliance with the applicable emission limitation, using the procedures in §63.344(d)(5). The permittee may conduct multiple performance tests to establish a range of compliant pressure drop values, or may set as the compliant value the average pressure drop measured over the three test runs of one performance test and accept  $\pm 2$  inches of water column from this value as the compliant range.
- 3) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is required to be completed under §63.7, the permittee shall monitor and record the pressure drop across the composite mesh-pad system once each day that any affected source is operating. To be in compliance with the standards, the composite mesh-pad system shall be operated within  $\pm 2$  inches of water column of the pressure drop value established during the initial performance test, or shall be operated within the range of compliant values for pressure drop established during multiple performance tests.
- 4) The permittee may repeat the performance test and establish as a new site-specific operating parameter the pressure drop across the composite mesh-pad system according to the requirements in

paragraphs (c)(1)(i) or (ii) of this section. To establish a new site-specific operating parameter for pressure drop, the permittee shall satisfy the following requirements:

- a) Determine the outlet chromium concentration using the test methods and procedures in §63.344(c);
  - b) Establish the site-specific operating parameter value using the procedures §63.344(d)(5);
  - c) Satisfy the recordkeeping requirements in §63.346(b)(6) through (8); and
  - d) Satisfy the reporting requirements in §63.347(d) and (f).
- 5) The requirement to operate a composite mesh-pad system within the range of pressure drop values established under paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section does not apply during automatic washdown cycles of the composite mesh-pad system.

40 CFR 63.344 (Performance test requirements and test methods):

- 6) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart and required by §63.343(b) to conduct an initial performance test shall use the test methods identified in this section to demonstrate compliance with the standards in §63.342.
- 7) Performance tests shall be conducted using the test methods and procedures in this section and §63.7. Performance test results shall be documented in complete test reports that contain the information required by paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(9) of this section. The test plan to be followed shall be made available to the Administrator prior to the testing, if requested.
- 8) For each performance test conducted, the permittee shall establish site-specific operating parameters following the procedures in 40 CFR 63.344(d).

**Recordkeeping Requirements:**

40 CFR 63.342(f)(3)(v) (Operation and maintenance plan):

- 1) The permittee shall keep the written operation and maintenance plan on record after it is developed for the life of the affected source or until the source is no longer subject to the provisions of this subpart. In addition, if the operation and maintenance plan is revised, the permittee shall keep previous (i.e., superseded) versions of the operation and maintenance plan on record for a period of 5 years after each revision to the plan

40 CFR 63.346(b)(1)-(12) and (15)-(16) (Recordkeeping Requirements):

- 2) The permittee shall maintain the following records for EU0330:
  - a) Inspection records for the add-on air pollution control device, if such a device is used, and monitoring equipment, to document that the inspection and maintenance required by the work practice standards of §63.342(f) and Table 1 of §63.342 have taken place. The record can take the form of a checklist and should identify the device inspected, the date of inspection, a brief description of the working condition of the device during the inspection, and any actions taken to correct deficiencies found during the inspection.
  - b) Records of all maintenance performed on the affected source, the add-on air pollution control device, and monitoring equipment;
  - c) Records of the occurrence, duration, and cause (if known) of each malfunction of process, add-on air pollution control, and monitoring equipment;
  - d) Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction when such actions are inconsistent with the operation and maintenance plan;
  - e) Attachment D contains a log satisfying these recordkeeping requirements. This log, or an equivalent created by the permittee, may be used to certify compliance with this requirement.
  - f) Other records, which may take the form of checklists, necessary to demonstrate consistency with the provisions of the operation and maintenance plan required by §63.342(f)(3);

- g) Test reports documenting results of all performance tests;
- h) All measurements as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests, including measurements necessary to determine compliance with the special compliance procedures of §63.344(e);
- i) Records of monitoring data required by §63.343(c) that are used to demonstrate compliance with the standard including the date and time the data are collected;
- j) The specific identification (i.e., the date and time of commencement and completion) of each period of excess emissions, as indicated by monitoring data, that occurs during malfunction of the process, add-on air pollution control, or monitoring equipment;
- k) The total process operating time of the affected source during the reporting period;
- l) Records of the actual cumulative rectifier capacity of hard chromium electroplating tanks at a facility expended during each month of the reporting period, and the total capacity expended to date for a reporting period, if the owner or operator is using the actual cumulative rectifier capacity to determine facility size in accordance with §63.342(c)(2);
- m) Any information demonstrating whether a source is meeting the requirements for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements, if the source has been granted a waiver under §63.10(f); and
- n) All documentation supporting the notifications and reports required by §63.9, §63.10, and §63.347.

**General**

- 3) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years unless a longer period is specified above.
- 4) The permittee shall immediately make all records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request

**Reporting Requirements:**

- 1) Except as described in *paragraph [2]*, below, the permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines that any exceedance of the permit conditions has occurred.
- 2) In accordance with 40 CFR 63.342(f)(3)(iv), if actions taken by the permittee during periods of malfunction are inconsistent with the procedures specified in the operation and maintenance plan:
  - a) The permittee shall record the actions taken for that event and shall report the actions taken to the Air Pollution Control Program and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program via telephone within 2 working days of commencing actions inconsistent with the plan.
  - b) The permittee shall submit a letter to the Air Pollution Control Program and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program within 7 working days after the end of the event, (unless the permittee makes alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the either agency).
- 3) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual excess emissions and continuous monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit. More frequent reporting may be determined to be required if:
  - a) The Air Pollution Control Program or the Kansas City Air Quality Program determines on a case-by-case basis that more frequent reporting is necessary to accurately assess the compliance status of the source; or

- b) The monitoring data collected by the permittee show that the emission limit has been exceeded, in which case quarterly reports shall be submitted. Once the permittee reports an exceedance, ongoing compliance status reports shall be submitted quarterly until a request to reduce reporting frequency under paragraph (g)(2) of 40 CFR 63.347 is approved.
- 4) In accordance with 40 CFR 63.347(d), the permittee shall notify the Air Pollution Control Program and the Kansas City Air Quality Program in writing of their intention to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the test is scheduled to begin to allow either Agency to have an observer present during the test. Observation of the performance test by either Agency is optional.
- 5) In accordance with 40 CFR 63.347(f), the permittee shall report the results of any performance test to the Air Pollution Control Program and the Kansas City Air Quality Program. Reports of performance test results shall be submitted no later than 90 days following the completion of the performance test, and shall be submitted as part of the notification of compliance status required by *paragraph [3]*, above.

<b>EU0340 – Gasoline Storage Tank</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2007 EIQ Reference #
EU0340	10,000-gallon Underground Gasoline Storage Tank	Owens-Corning DWT-3 Type II, (1994)	EP 31310-2 & EP 31310-3

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0340-001**  
 10 CSR 10-2.330 *Control of Gasoline Reid Vapor Pressure*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not sell, dispense, supply, offer for sale, offer for supply, transport or exchange in trade for use gasoline intended for final use that has a Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) of greater than 7.0 pounds per square inch (psi) during the time period from June 1 through September 15 of each year.
- 2) Gasoline blends having at least nine percent (9%) but not more than ten percent (10%) ethyl alcohol by volume of the blended mixture shall have an RVP limit of 8.0 pound per square inch (psi) during the time period from June 1 through September 15 of each year.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of any RVP testing and test results for gasoline stored during the compliance period of June 1 through September 15 of each year.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain records of the bill of lading, invoice, loading ticket, delivery ticket, and other documents accompanying a shipment of gasoline during the compliance period of June 1 through September 15 of each year.
- 3) Each bill of lading, invoice, loading ticket, delivery ticket, and other document that accompanies a shipment of gasoline (which includes gasoline blended with ethyl alcohol) shall contain a legible and conspicuous statement that the RVP of the gasoline does not exceed seven and zero-tenths (7.0) psi, in accordance with this rule for conventional gasoline, or that the RVP does not exceed eight and zero-tenths (8.0) psi for nine to ten percent (9%-10%) ethyl alcohol blends.
- 4) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 5) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines that any exceedance of the permit conditions has occurred.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0340-002**

10 CSR 10-2.330 *Control of Petroleum Liquid Storage, Loading and Transfer*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8(d)(3) *Restriction of emission of VOC from petroleum liquid transfer operations*

**Emission / Operational Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not shall cause or permit the transfer of gasoline from a delivery vessel into a gasoline storage tank with a capacity greater than two hundred fifty (250) gallons unless:
  - a) The storage tank is equipped with a submerged fill pipe extending unrestricted to within six inches (6") of the bottom of the tank, and not touching the bottom of the tank, or the storage tank is equipped with a system that allows a bottom fill condition;
  - b) All storage tank caps and fittings are vapor-tight when gasoline transfer is not taking place; and
  - c) Each storage tank is vented via a conduit that is:
    1. At least two inches (2") inside diameter;
    2. At least twelve feet (12') in height above grade; and
    3. Equipped with a pressure/vacuum valve that is CARB certified and MO/PETP approved at three inches water column pressure/eight inches water column vacuum (3" wcp/8" wcv).  
When the owner or operator provides documentation that the system is CARB certified for a different valve and will not function properly with a 3" wcp/8" wcv valve, the valve shall be MO/PETP approved. All pressure/vacuum valves shall be bench tested prior to installation. Initial fueling facilities shall have MO/PETP approved pressure/vacuum valves.
- 2) Stationary storage tanks with a capacity greater than two thousand (2,000) gallons shall also be equipped with a Stage I vapor recovery system in addition to the requirements of paragraph 11, above and the delivery vessels to these tanks shall be in compliance with subsection 2.330 (3)(D).
  - a) The vapor recovery system shall collect no less than ninety percent (90%) by volume of the vapors displaced from the stationary storage tank during gasoline transfer and shall return the vapors via a vapor-tight return line to the delivery vessel. After the effective date of this rule, all coaxial systems shall be equipped with poppeted fittings.
  - b) A delivery vessel shall be refilled only at installations complying with the provisions of subsection (3)(B) of this rule.
  - c) This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit safety valves or other devices required by governmental regulations.
- 3) The permittee shall not shall cause or permit the transfer of gasoline from a delivery vessel into a storage tank with a capacity greater than two thousand (2,000) gallons unless:
  - a) The owner or operator employs one (1) vapor line per product line during the transfer. The staff Director may approve other delivery systems upon submittal to the Department of test data demonstrating compliance with subparagraph (3)(C)2.A. of this rule;
  - b) The vapor hose(s) employed is no less than three inches (3") inside diameter; and
  - c) The product hose(s) employed is no more than four inches (4") inside diameter.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall keep records documenting the vessel owners and number of delivery vessels unloaded.
- 2) The permittee shall retain on-site copies of the loading ticket, manifest or delivery receipt for each grade of product received, subject to examination by the staff Director upon request. If a delivery receipt is retained rather than a manifest or loading ticket, the delivery ticket shall bear the following information:
  - a) Vendor name,
  - b) Date of delivery,
  - c) Quantity of each grade,
  - d) Point of origin, and
  - e) The manifest or loading ticket number.
- 3) The owner or operator of a vapor recovery system subject to this rule shall:
  - a) Operate the vapor recovery system and the gasoline loading equipment in a manner that prevents:
    1. Gauge pressure from exceeding four thousand five hundred (4,500) pascals (eighteen inches (18") of H<sub>2</sub>O) in the delivery vessel;
    2. A reading equal to or greater than one hundred percent (100%) of the lower explosive limit (LEL, measured as propane) at two and one-half (2.5) centimeters from all points on the perimeter of a potential leak source when measured by the method referenced in 10 CSR 10-6.030(14)(E) during loading or transfer operations; and
    3. Visible liquid leaks during loading or transfer operation;
  - b) Repair and retest within fifteen (15) days, a vapor recovery system that exceeds the limits in subsection (3)(E) of this rule; and
  - c) Maintain written records of inspection reports, enforcement documents, gasoline deliveries, routine and unscheduled maintenance and repairs and all results of tests conducted.
- 4) A static leak decay test of the Stage I vapor recovery system shall be required once every five (5) years to demonstrate system vapor tightness. In addition, a bench test of each pressure/vacuum valve shall be required once every two (2) years to demonstrate component vapor tightness.
- 5) Additional testing may also be required by the Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program in order to determine proper functioning of vapor recovery equipment.
- 6) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 7) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines that any exceedance of the permit conditions has occurred.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0340-003**

10 CSR 10-6.075 *Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations*  
40 CFR 63 Subpart CCCCCC – *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for*  
*Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities*

**Emission / Operational Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not allow gasoline to be handled in a manner that would result in vapor releases to the atmosphere for extended periods of time. Measures to be taken include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a) Minimize gasoline spills;
  - b) Clean up spills as expeditiously as practicable;
  - c) Cover all open gasoline containers and all gasoline storage tank fill-pipes with a gasketed seal when not in use;
  - d) Minimize gasoline sent to open waste collection systems that collect and transport gasoline to reclamation and recycling devices, such as oil/water separators.
- 2) The permittee shall, upon request by the Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program, demonstrate that their average monthly throughput is less than the 10,000-gallon threshold level.
- 3) The permittee must comply with the standards in this subpart no later than January 10, 2011.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall have records documenting the gasoline throughput for EU0340 available within 24 hours of a request by Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

<b>EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400 and EU0410 – Emergency Generators</b>			
<b>Emission Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)</b>	<b>2007 EIQ Reference #</b>
EU0360	Emergency Generator on 6A (1.20 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kohler/John Deere (1992)	EP 31620-7
EU0370	Emergency Generator on 2C (0.30 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Onan (1987)	EP 31620-7
EU0380	Emergency Generator in RICE Building (1.10 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Cummins (1984)	EP 31620-7
EU0400	Emergency Generator on 3C Dock (7.92 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Cummins (2002)	EP 31620-7
EU0410	Emergency Generator in 4D Boiler Room (1.644 MM Btu/hr capacity)	Kohler/John Deere (2006)	EP 31620-7

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0360-001, EU0370-001, EU0380-001, EU0400-001 and EU0410-001**

10 CSR 10-6.260 *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 6(b) *Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds (Industrial Processes)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions containing more than five hundred parts per million by volume (500 ppmv) of sulfur dioxide to be discharged into the atmosphere from any new source.
- 2) The concentration of sulfuric acid or sulfur trioxide or any combination of those gases in the exhaust gases shall not exceed thirty-five milligrams (35 mg) per cubic meter, averaged on any consecutive three (3)-hour time period.
- 3) The permittee shall not cause or permit the emission of sulfur dioxide from their premises in such manner and amounts that the concentration and frequencies exceed those shown below beyond the premises on which the source is located:

Concentration	Averaging Time	Maximum Allowable Frequency
0.25 ppm by volume or more (650 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	1 hour	Once in any 4 days at any sampling site
0.07 ppm by volume or more (180 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	24 hours	Once in any 90 days at any sampling site

- 4) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions containing sulfur compounds from any source which cause or contribute to concentrations exceeding those specified in 10 CSR 10-6.010 Ambient Air Quality Standards, as listed below:

Pollutant	Concentration <sup>1</sup>	Method	Remarks
Sulfur Dioxide	0.03 ppm (80 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(4)(A)	Annual arithmetic mean
	0.14 ppm (365 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )		24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
	0.5 ppm (1,300 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )		3-hour average not to be exceeded more than once per year
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.05 ppm (70 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(5)	½-hour average not to be exceed over 2 times per year
Sulfuric Acid	10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	As specified in 10 CSR 10-6.040(6)	24-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 90 consecutive days
	30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$		1-hour average not to be exceeded more than once in any 2 consecutive days

<sup>1</sup> ppm = parts per million;  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  = micrograms per cubic meter

**Operational Limitations:**

Emergency Generators (EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400 and EU0410) shall burn only fuel oil with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 0.5% by weight.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment I contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment I with this permit.
- 2) These records shall be made available immediately for inspection to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.
- 3) All records shall be maintained for five years.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0360-002, EU0370-002, EU0380-002, EU0400-002 and EU0410-002**

10 CSR 10-6.220 *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions to be discharged into the atmosphere from any existing source any visible emissions with an opacity greater than 20%.
- 2) Exception: A person may discharge into the atmosphere from any source of emissions for a period(s) aggregating not more than six (6) minutes in any 60 minutes air contaminants with an opacity up to 60%.

**Monitoring:**

- 1) The permittee shall conduct opacity readings on EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400, and/or EU0410 using the procedures listed in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain the monitoring schedule listed in the Core Permit Requirements for conducting these observations.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of all opacity observations as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachments B and C, or equivalent forms created by the permittee.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachment D or an equivalent form created by the permittee.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 4) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines, using the Method 9 test, that the emission unit(s) exceeded the opacity limit.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0360-003, EU0370-003, EU0380-003, EU0400-003 and EU0410-003**

10 CSR 10-6.060 *Construction Permits Required*  
Construction Permit *KC AQP #985, Issued May 21, 2002*  
Construction Permit *KC AQP #1152, Issued April 26, 2006*

**Emission / Operational Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall operate the emergency generators EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400 and EU0410 only during emergency situations and for short periods of time to perform maintenance and operational readiness testing.
- 2) Operation of EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400 and EU0410 shall not exceed 500 hours per year per generator.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) EU0410 shall be equipped with a non-resettable hour meter.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain an accurate record of the hours of operation and the fuel usage for EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400 and EU0410 using the log shown in Attachment F or an equivalent created by the permittee
- 3) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 4) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall submit a report signed by a responsible official to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, by April 1 of each year that covers the previous year and includes the following information:
  - a) For all generators equipped with a non-resettable hour meter – the meter reading from January 1 of the preceding year; the meter reading from December 31 of the preceding year; and the hours of operation for the year (the difference between the initial and final readings);
  - b) For any generators not equipped with a non-resettable hour meter – accurate information necessary to determine total hours of operation for the year; and
  - c) The fuel usage for each generator.
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0420 – Large Format Ink Jet Printers</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2008 EIQ Reference #
EU0420	Large Format Ink Jet Printers	Various	EP 59221C

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0420-001**

10 CSR 10-6.060 *Construction Permits Required*  
Construction Permit *KC AQP #1194, Issued May 28, 2008*

**Emission / Operational Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not emit more than 6 tons of volatile organic compounds from all large format ink jet printers during any consecutive 12-month period.
- 2) The permittee may install up to 140 large format inkjet printers under the terms of this permit. All printers shall be installed within two (2) years from the date on which this permit is issued.

**Monitoring, Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain accurate records as necessary to calculate monthly VOC emissions associated with the large format ink jet printers. The permittee shall record all VOC emissions on a monthly basis with a consecutive 12-month total.
- 2) Attachment G contains a log satisfying these recordkeeping requirements. This log, or an equivalent created by the permittee, must be used to certify compliance with this requirement.
- 3) The permittee shall maintain a list of all printers installed under the terms of the permits using the table in Attachment G or an equivalent created by the permittee.
- 4) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 5) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

- 1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days following the end of the month, if the consecutive 12-month total records show that the source exceeded the limitations of less than 6 tons per year of VOC emissions
- 2) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.
- 3) The permittee shall submit a semiannual emission report for all the large format inkjet printers to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108.

<b>EU0430 – Nickel Plating Operations</b>			
<b>Emission Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)</b>	<b>2007 EIQ Reference #</b>
EU0430	Tank #1 (Nickel Sulfamate Plating)	Unknown (1980)	EP 30510-1
	Tank #2 (Nickel Sulfamate Plating)	Unknown (1980)	
	Tank #3 (Nickel Sulfamate Plating)	Unknown (1980)	
	Tank #6 (Nickel Sulfamate Plating)	Unknown (1980)	
	Tank #7 (Nickel Sulfamate Plating)	Unknown (1980)	
	Bright Nickel Plating Solution	Unknown	

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0430-001**  
 10 CSR 10-6.075 *Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations*  
 40 CFR 63 Subpart WWWW – *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Area Source Standards for Plating and Polishing Operations*

**Emission / Operational Limitations:**

40 CFR 63.11507(g) (Management Practices):

- 1) The permittee control emissions to the atmosphere from the electroplating and electroforming tanks shall by implementing the following management practices applicable to the EU0430 plating and polishing process equipment that emits one or more of the plating and polishing metal HAP as practicable.
  - a) Minimize bath agitation when removing any parts processed in the tank, as practicable except when necessary to meet part quality requirements.
  - b) Optimize the design of barrels, racks, and parts to minimize dragout of bath solution (such as by using slotted barrels and tilted racks, or by designing parts with flow-through holes to allow the tank solution to drip back into the tank), as practicable.
  - c) Perform regular repair, maintenance, and preventive maintenance of racks, barrels, and other equipment associated with affected sources, as practicable.
  - d) Minimize bath contamination, such as through the prevention or quick recovery of dropped parts, use of distilled/de-ionized water, water filtration, pre-cleaning of parts to be plated, and thorough rinsing of pre-treated parts to be plated, as practicable.
  - e) Maintain quality control of chemicals, and chemical and other bath ingredient concentrations in the tanks, as practicable.
  - f) Perform general good housekeeping, such as regular sweeping or vacuuming, if needed, and periodic washdowns, as practicable.
  - g) Minimize spills and overflow of tanks, as practicable.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping Requirements:**

**40 CFR 63.11508(c) (Monitoring to demonstrate continuous compliance):**

- 1) All EU0430 tanks or other operations subject to the management practices specified in §63.11507(g), shall demonstrate continuous compliance in accordance with the following requirements [§63.11508(d)(8)(i) and (ii)]:
  - a) Implement the applicable management practices during all times that the affected tank or process is in operation.
  - b) State in the annual compliance certification that the applicable management practices have been implemented, as practicable.

**General**

- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records for the most recent 5 years. Each record must be maintained onsite for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to §63.10(b)(1) of the General Provisions to part 63. Records may be kept offsite for the remaining 3 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make all records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request

**Reporting Requirements:**

- 1) The permittee shall submit an initial notification in accordance with §63.11509(a)(1) through (4) by October 29, 2008.
- 2) The permittee shall submit a notification of compliance status in accordance with §63.11509(b)(1) and (2) by July 1, 2010.
- 3) The permittee shall prepare an annual compliance certification according to the requirements specified in §63.11509(c). This certification does not need to be submitted unless a deviation from the requirements of this permit condition has occurred during the reporting year, in which case, the annual compliance report must be submitted along with the deviation report.

- 4) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, no later than ten days after the permittee determines that any exceedance of the permit conditions has occurred.
- 5) Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual excess emissions and continuous monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0440 – Miscellaneous Indirect Heating Sources</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2007 EIQ Reference #
EU0440	Trane Heaters (2 x 0.4 MM Btu/hr capacity each)	Trane / YCD480A4HR1B3LE1 (2005)	N/A

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0440-001**  
 10 CSR 10-2.040 *Maximum Allowable Emissions of Particulate Matter From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(b) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Fuel Burning Equipment Used For Indirect Heating)*

**Emission Limitation:**

Particulate matter shall not be emitted from any new EU0440 indirect heating source in excess of 0.20 pounds per million BTU of heat input.

**Operational Limitations:**

EU0440 indirect heating sources shall burn only natural gas or fuel oil with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 0.5% by weight.

**Monitoring / Recordkeeping:**

- 1) Attachment H contains a worksheet calculation demonstrating compliance with this rule. The permittee shall keep Attachment H with this permit.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

<b>EU0450 – Steel Rule Wood Cutting Laser</b>			
Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2008 EIQ Reference #
EU0450	Steel Rule Wood Cutting Laser	Laser Cut, Inc. / 5L2200/9602L825 (1995)	EP 57677-8

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0450-001**

10 CSR 10-6.400 *Control of Emission of Particulate Matter From Industrial Processes*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(a) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Industrial Processes)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) Particulate matter shall not be emitted from EU0450 in excess of 0.13 lbs/hr.

This emission rate was calculated using the following equation:

$$E = 4.10(P)^{0.67}$$

Where:

E = rate of emission in pounds per hour and P = process weight rate in tons per hour.

- 2) The concentration of particulate matter in the exhaust gases shall not exceed 0.30 gr/scf.

**Monitoring:**

The permittee shall maintain and operate the Steel Rule Wood Cutting Laser and associated air treatment equipment according to manufacturer's specifications.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions that result in an increase in visible emissions and/or particulate matter.
- 2) The permittee shall log all inspections and maintenance performed on the air treatment equipment.
- 3) Attachment D contains a log satisfying these recordkeeping requirements. This log, or an equivalent created by the permittee, must be used to certify compliance with this requirement.
- 4) The permittee shall maintain on the premises of the installation a copy of the Statement of Basis demonstrating compliance with this rule.
- 5) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 6) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**EU0460 – Model Shop Spray Booth**

Emission Unit	Description	Manufacturer/Model # (Year Installed)	2008 EIQ Reference #
EU0460	Model Shop Spray Booth	DeVilbiss (1986)	EP 57677-5

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0460-001**

10 CSR 10-6.400 *Control of Emission of Particulate Matter From Industrial Processes*  
 KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(a) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Industrial Processes)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) Particulate matter shall not be emitted from EU0460 in excess of 0.02 lbs/hr.

This emission rate was calculated using the following equation:

$$E = 4.10(P)^{0.67}$$

Where:

E = rate of emission in pounds per hour and P = process weight rate in tons per hour.

- 2) The concentration of particulate matter in the exhaust gases shall not exceed 0.30 gr/scf.

**Monitoring:**

The permittee shall maintain the spray booth and replace the spray booth filters according to manufacturer's guidelines.

**Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions that result in an increase in visible emissions and/or particulate matter.
- 2) The permittee shall log all maintenance performed on the spray booth, including the filter replacements and filter inspections.
- 3) Attachment D contains a log satisfying these recordkeeping requirements. This log, or an equivalent created by the permittee, must be used to certify compliance with this requirement.
- 4) The permittee shall maintain on the premises of the installation a copy of the Statement of Basis demonstrating compliance with this rule.
- 5) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 6) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request..

**PERMIT CONDITION EU0460-002**

10 CSR 10-6.220 *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*

KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)*

**Emission Limitations:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or permit emissions to be discharged into the atmosphere from any existing source any visible emissions with an opacity greater than 20%.
- 2) Exception: A person may discharge into the atmosphere from any source of emissions for a period(s) aggregating not more than six (6) minutes in any 60 minutes air contaminants with an opacity up to 60%.

**Monitoring/ Recordkeeping:**

- 1) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions as described in the Core Permit Requirements for this rule using Attachment D or an equivalent form created by the permittee.
- 2) The permittee shall maintain all records on site for the most recent 5 years.
- 3) The permittee shall immediately make these records available to any Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**

Reports of any deviations from monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements of this permit condition shall be submitted semiannually, in the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III) and Section V of this permit.

## IV. Core Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following requirements. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

### **10 CSR 10-6.045 Open Burning Restrictions / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-4 Open Burning**

- 1) The permittee shall not conduct, cause, permit or allow the disposal of tires, petroleum-based products, asbestos containing materials, and trade waste by open burning, except as allowed below. Nothing in this rule may be construed as to allow open burning which causes or constitutes a public health hazard, nuisance, a hazard to vehicular or air traffic, nor which violates any other rule or statute.
- 2) Refer to the regulation for a complete list of allowances. The following is a listing of exceptions to the allowances:
  - a) Burning of household or domestic refuse. Burning of household or domestic refuse is limited to open burning on a residential premises having not more than four (4) dwelling units, provided that the refuse originates on the same premises, with the following additional restrictions:
    1. Kansas City metropolitan area. The open burning of household refuse must take place in an area zoned for agricultural purposes and outside that portion of the metropolitan area surrounded by the corporate limits of Kansas City and every contiguous municipality;
    2. Springfield-Greene County area. The open burning of household refuse must take place outside the corporate limits of Springfield and only within areas zoned A-1, Agricultural District;
    3. St. Joseph area. The open burning of household refuse must take place within an area zoned for agricultural purposes and outside that portion of the metropolitan area surrounded by the corporate limits of St. Joseph; and
    4. St. Louis metropolitan area. The open burning of household refuse is prohibited.
  - b) Land clearing of vegetative debris, provided all burning occurs -
    1. Outside of any incorporated area or municipality and outside of the Kansas City metropolitan area, Springfield-Greene County area, and the St. Louis metropolitan area;
    2. At least two hundred (200) yards from the nearest occupied structure; and
    3. Land clearing of vegetative debris that does not meet the conditions of subparagraphs d)(1) and d)(2) of this rule may be open burned provided an open burning permit is obtained as found in paragraph 3) below;
  - c) Yard waste, with the following additional restrictions:
    1. Kansas City metropolitan area. The open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of vegetation shall require an open burning permit;
    2. Springfield-Greene County area. The City of Springfield requires an open burning permit for the open burning of trees, brush or any other type of vegetation. The City of Springfield prohibits the open burning of tree leaves;
    3. St. Joseph area. Within the corporate limits of St. Joseph, the open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of vegetation grown on a residential property is allowed during the following calendar periods and time-of-day restrictions:
      - i. A three (3)-week period within the period commencing the first day of March through April 30 and continuing for twenty-one (21) consecutive calendar days;

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- ii. A three (3)-week period within the period commencing the first day of October through November 30 and continuing for twenty-one (21) consecutive calendar days;
  - iii. The burning shall take place only between the daytime hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.; and
  - iv. In each instance, the twenty-one (21)-day burning period shall be determined by the Director of Public Health and Welfare of the City of St. Joseph for the region in which the City of St. Joseph is located provided, however, the burning period first shall receive the approval of the Department Director; and
4. St. Louis metropolitan area. The open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of vegetation is limited to the period beginning September 16 and ending April 14 of each calendar year and limited to a total base area not to exceed sixteen (16) square feet. Any open burning shall be conducted only between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. and is limited to areas outside of incorporated municipalities.
- d) Fire training exercises. Fires set for the purposes of training fire fighters and industrial employees in fire fighting methods provided that -
- 1. The training is conducted in accordance with National Fire Protection Association standards, NFPA 1403, Standard on Live Fire Training Evolutions (2002 Edition), for fire fighters and NFPA 600, Standard on Industrial Fire Brigades (2005 Edition), for industrial employees. The provisions of NFPA 1403 and 600 shall apply and are hereby incorporated by reference in this rule, as published by the National Fire Protection Association, 11 Tracy Drive, Avon, MA 02322. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions. These exercises include, but are not limited to, liquefied gas propane fueled simulators, flashover simulators and stationary live burn towers; and
  - 2. Acquired structures to be used for training exercises are subject to the requirements of 10 CSR 10-6.080, subsection (3)(M), National Emission Standard for Asbestos. These requirements include, but are not limited to, inspection of and notification to the Director. All petroleum-based products are to be removed from any acquired structure that is to be burned as part of a training exercise;
- 3) Certain types of materials may be open burned provided an open burning permit is obtained from the Director. The permit will specify the conditions and provisions of all open burning. The permit may be revoked if Hallmark Cards, Inc. fails to comply with the conditions or any provisions of the permit.
- 4) Hallmark Cards, Inc. may be issued an annually renewable open burning permit for open burning provided that an air curtain destructor or incinerator is utilized and only tree trunks, tree limbs, vegetation or untreated wood waste are burned. Open burning shall occur at least two hundred (200) yards from the nearest occupied structure unless the owner or operator of the occupied structure provides a written waiver of this requirement. Any waiver shall accompany the open burning permit application. The permit may be revoked if Hallmark Cards, Inc. fails to comply with the provisions or any condition of the permit.
- 5) In a nonattainment area, as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.020, paragraph (2)(N)5., the Director shall not issue a permit under this section unless the owner or operator can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Director that the emissions from the open burning of the specified material would be less than the emissions from any other waste management or disposal method.
- 6) Reporting and Record Keeping. New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart CCCC establishes certain requirements for air curtain destructors or incinerators that burn wood trade waste. These requirements are established in 40 CFR 60.2245 60.2260. The provisions of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart CCCC promulgated as of September 22, 2005 shall apply and are hereby

incorporated by reference in this rule, as published by the U.S. Government Printing Office, 732 N Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401. To comply with NSPS 40 CFR 60.2245 60.2260, sources must conduct an annual Method 9 test. A copy of the annual Method 9 test results shall be submitted to the Director.

- 7) Test Methods. The visible emissions from air pollution sources shall be evaluated as specified by 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A–Test Methods, Method 9–Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources. The provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 promulgated as of December 23, 1971 is incorporated by reference in this rule, as published by the U.S. Government Printing Office, 732 N Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401.

**10 CSR 10-6.050 Start-up, Shutdown and Malfunction Conditions / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-15 Start-up, Shutdown, and Malfunction Condition**

- 1) In the event of a malfunction, which results in excess emissions that exceed one hour, the permittee shall submit to the Director within two business days, in writing, the following information:
  - a) Name and location of installation;
  - b) Name and telephone number of person responsible for the installation;
  - c) Name of the person who first discovered the malfunction and precise time and date that the malfunction was discovered.
  - d) Identity of the equipment causing the excess emissions;
  - e) Time and duration of the period of excess emissions;
  - f) Cause of the excess emissions;
  - g) Air pollutants involved;
  - h) Best estimate of the magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable requirement and the operating data and calculations used in estimating the magnitude;
  - i) Measures taken to mitigate the extent and duration of the excess emissions; and
  - j) Measures taken to remedy the situation that caused the excess emissions and the measures taken or planned to prevent the recurrence of these situations.
- 2) The permittee shall submit the paragraph 1 information list to the Director in writing at least ten days prior to any maintenance, start-up or shutdown, which is expected to cause an excessive release of emissions that exceed one hour. If notice of the event cannot be given ten days prior to the planned occurrence, it shall be given as soon as practicable prior to the release. If an unplanned excess release of emissions exceeding one hour occurs during maintenance, start-up or shutdown, the Director shall be notified verbally as soon as practical during normal working hours and no later than the close of business of the following working day. A written notice shall follow within ten working days.
- 3) Upon receipt of a notice of excess emissions issued by an agency holding a certificate of authority under Section 643.140, RSMo, the permittee may provide information showing that the excess emissions were the consequence of a malfunction, start-up or shutdown. The information, at a minimum, should be the paragraph 1 list and shall be submitted not later than 15 days after receipt of the notice of excess emissions. Based upon information submitted by the permittee or any other pertinent information available, the Director or the commission shall make a determination whether the excess emissions constitute a malfunction, start-up or shutdown and whether the nature, extent and duration of the excess emissions warrant enforcement action under Section 643.080 or 643.151, RSMo or KCMO Chapter 8, Section 8-3.
- 4) Nothing in this rule shall be construed to limit the authority of the Director or commission to take appropriate action, under sections 643.080, 643.090 and 643.151, RSMo to enforce the provisions of the Air Conservation Law and the corresponding rule.

- 5) Compliance with this rule does not automatically absolve the permittee of liability for the excess emissions reported.

**10 CSR 10-6.060 Construction Permits Required / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-10 Review of New Sources and Modifications; Permit For Construction or Major Modification**

The permittee shall not commence construction, modification, or major modification of any installation subject to this rule, begin operation after that construction, modification, or major modification, or begin operation of any installation which has been shut down longer than five years without first obtaining a permit from the permitting authority.

**10 CSR 10-6.065 Operating Permits**

The permittee shall file a complete application for renewal of this operating permit at least six months before the date of permit expiration. In no event shall this time be greater than eighteen months. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)1.A(V)] The permittee shall retain the most current operating permit issued to this installation on-site. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C(II)] The permittee shall immediately make such permit available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3.B]

**10 CSR 10-6.080 Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants and 40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M National Emission Standard for Asbestos / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-9 Restriction of Emission of Hazardous Air Pollutants**

- 1) The permittee shall follow the procedures and requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M for any activities occurring at this installation which would be subject to provisions for 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos.
- 2) The permittee shall conduct monitoring to demonstrate compliance with registration, certification, notification, and Abatement Procedures and Practices standards as specified in 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M.

**10 CSR 10-6.110 Submission of Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information**

- 1) The permittee shall complete and submit an Emission Inventory Questionnaire (EIQ) annually.
- 2) The permittee may be required by the Director to file additional reports.
- 3) Public Availability of Emission Data and Process Information. Any information obtained pursuant to the rule(s) of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission that would not be entitled to confidential treatment under 10 CSR 10-6.210 shall be made available to any member of the public upon request.
- 4) The permittee shall pay an annual emission fee per ton of regulated air pollutant emitted according to the schedule in the rule. This fee is an emission fee assessed under authority of RSMo. 643.079 to satisfy the requirements of the Federal Clean Air Act, Title V.
- 5) The permittee shall complete required reports on state supplied EIQ forms or in a form satisfactory to the Director and the reports shall be submitted to the Director by June 1 after the end of each reporting period.
- 6) The reporting period shall end on December 31 of each calendar year. Each report shall contain the required information for each emission unit for the twelve (12)-month period immediately preceding the end of the reporting period.
- 7) The permittee shall collect, record and maintain the information necessary to complete the required forms during each year of operation of the installation.

**10 CSR 10-6.130 Controlling Emissions During Episodes of High Air Pollution Potential / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-18. Rules For Controlling Emissions During Periods of High Air Pollution Potential**

This rule specifies the conditions that establish an air pollution alert (yellow/orange/red/purple), or emergency (maroon) and the associated procedures and emission reduction objectives for dealing with each. The permittee shall submit an appropriate emergency plan if required by the Director.

**10 CSR 10-6.150 Circumvention**

The permittee shall not cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any other means which, without resulting in reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission or air contaminant which violates a rule of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission.

**10 CSR 10-6.170 Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-5(e) Emission of Particulate Matter (Preventing Fugitive Particulate Matter From Becoming Airborne)**

**Emission Limitation:**

- 1) The permittee shall not cause or allow to occur any handling, transporting or storing of any material; construction, repair, cleaning or demolition of a building or its appurtenances; construction or use of a road, driveway or open area; or operation of a commercial or industrial installation without applying reasonable measures as may be required to prevent, or in a manner which allows or may allow, fugitive particulate matter emissions to go beyond the premises of origin in quantities that the particulate matter may be found on surfaces beyond the property line of origin or that the size of the fugitive particulate matter found beyond the premises where it originates exceeds 40 microns. The nature or origin of the particulate matter shall be determined to a reasonable degree of certainty by a technique proven to be accurate and approved by the Director.
- 2) The permittee shall not cause nor allow to occur any fugitive particulate matter emissions to remain visible in the ambient air beyond the property line of origin.
- 3) Should it be determined that noncompliance has occurred, the Director may require reasonable control measures as may be necessary. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a) Revision of procedures involving construction, repair, cleaning and demolition of buildings and their appurtenances that produce particulate matter emissions;
  - b) Paving or frequent cleaning of roads, driveways and parking lots;
  - c) Application of dust-free surfaces;
  - d) Application of water; and
  - e) Planting and maintenance of vegetative ground cover.

**Monitoring:**

The permittee shall conduct inspections of its facilities sufficient to determine compliance with this regulation. If the permittee discovers a violation, the permittee shall undertake corrective action to eliminate the violation.

**Recordkeeping:**

The permittee shall document all readings on Attachment A, or its equivalent, noting the following:

- 1) Whether air emissions (except water vapor) remain visible in the ambient air beyond the property line of origin.
- 2) Whether the visible emissions were normal for the installation.

- 3) Whether equipment malfunctions contributed to an exceedance.
- 4) Any violations and any corrective actions undertaken to correct the violation.

**10 CSR 10-6.180 Measurement of Emissions of Air Contaminants**

- 1) The Director may require any person responsible for the source of emission of air contaminants to make or have made tests to determine the quantity or nature, or both, of emission of air contaminants from the source. The Director may specify testing methods to be used in accordance with good professional practice. The Director may observe the testing. All tests shall be performed by qualified personnel.
- 2) The Director may conduct tests of emissions of air contaminants from any source. Upon request of the Director, the person responsible for the source to be tested shall provide necessary ports in stacks or ducts and other safe and proper sampling and testing facilities, exclusive of instruments and sensing devices as may be necessary for proper determination of the emission of air contaminants.
- 3) The Director shall be given a copy of the test results in writing and signed by the person responsible for the tests.

**10 CSR 10-2.070 Restriction of Emission of Odors / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-7 Restriction of Emission of Odors**

**This requirement is not federally enforceable.**

No person may cause, permit or allow the emission of odorous matter in concentrations and frequencies or for durations that odor can be perceived when one volume of odorous air is diluted with seven volumes of odor-free air for two separate trials not less than 15 minutes apart within the period of one hour.

No person may cause, permit or allow the emission of odorous matter in such concentrations and frequencies or for such durations that such odor can be perceived at the point of complaint in a residential area when one volume of odorous air is diluted with two volumes of odorfree air for two separate trials not less than 15 minutes apart within the period of one hour.

**10 CSR 10-6.220 Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)**

**Emission Limitation:**

No owner or other person shall cause or permit to be discharged into the atmosphere from any source any visible emissions in excess of the limits specified by this rule. This permit will contain the opacity limits identified (10, 20 or 40 percent) for the specific emission units.

**Monitoring:**

- 1) The permittee shall conduct opacity readings on each emission unit using the procedures contained in U.S. EPA Test Method 22. The permittee is only required to take readings when the emission unit is operating and when the weather conditions allow. If the permittee observes no visible or other significant emissions using these procedures, then no further observations are required. For emission units with visible emissions perceived or believed to exceed the applicable opacity standard, the source representative would then conduct a Method 9 observation.
- 2) The permittee must maintain the following monitoring schedule:
  - a) The permittee shall conduct weekly observations for a minimum of eight (8) consecutive weeks after permit issuance.
  - b) Should the permittee observe no violations of this regulation during this period then-
    - i) The permittee may observe once every two (2) weeks for a period of eight (8) weeks.

- ii) If a violation is noted, monitoring reverts to weekly.
- iii) Should no violation of this regulation be observed during this period then-
  - (1) The permittee may observe once per month.
  - (2) If a violation is noted, monitoring reverts to weekly.
- 3) If the source reverts to weekly monitoring at any time, monitoring frequency will progress in an identical manner from the initial monitoring frequency.

**Recordkeeping:**

The permittee shall maintain records of all observation results using Attachment B (or its equivalent), noting:

- 1) Whether any air emissions (except for water vapor) were visible from the emission units;
- 2) All emission units from which visible emissions occurred;
- 3) Whether the visible emissions were normal for the process;
- 4) The permittee shall maintain records of any equipment malfunctions, which may contribute to visible emissions; and,
- 5) The permittee shall maintain records of all U.S. EPA Method 9 opacity tests performed.

**10 CSR 10-6.250 Asbestos Abatement Projects – Certification, Accreditation, and Business Exemption Requirements / KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-9 Restriction of Emission of Hazardous Air Pollutants**

The permittee shall conduct all asbestos abatement projects within the procedures established for certification and accreditation by 10 CSR 10-6.250. This rule requires individuals who work in asbestos abatement projects to be certified by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Air Pollution Control Program. This rule requires training providers who offer training for asbestos abatement occupations to be accredited by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Air Pollution Control Program. This rule requires persons who hold exemption status from certain requirements of this rule to allow the Department to monitor training provided to employees. Each individual who works in asbestos abatement projects must first obtain certification for the appropriate occupation from the Department. Each person who offers training for asbestos abatement occupations must first obtain accreditation from the Department. Certain business entities that meet the requirements for state-approved exemption status must allow the Department to monitor training classes provided to employees who perform asbestos abatement.

**Title VI – 40 CFR Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone**

- 1) The permittee shall comply with the standards for labeling of products using ozone-depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E:
  - a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported, all products containing a class I substance, and all products directly manufactured with a class I substance must bear the required warning statement if it is being introduced into interstate commerce pursuant to §82.106.
  - b) The placement of the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to §82.108.
  - c) The form of the label bearing the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to §82.110.
  - d) No person may modify, remove, or interfere with the required warning statement except as described in §82.112.

- 2) The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:
  - a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to §82.156.
  - b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to §82.158.
  - c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to §82.161.
  - d) Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances must comply with record keeping requirements pursuant to §82.166. ("MVAC-like" appliance as defined at §82.152).
  - e) Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment must comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to §82.156.
  - f) Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant must keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to §82.166.
- 3) If the permittee manufactures, transforms, imports, or exports a class I or class II substance, the permittee is subject to all the requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A, Production and Consumption Controls.
- 4) If the permittee performs a service on motor (fleet) vehicles when this service involves ozone-depleting substance refrigerant (or regulated substitute substance) in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee is subject to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air conditioners. The term "motor vehicle" as used in Subpart B does not include a vehicle in which final assembly of the vehicle has not been completed. The term "MVAC" as used in Subpart B does not include the air-tight sealed refrigeration system used as refrigerated cargo, or system used on passenger buses using HCFC-22 refrigerant.
- 5) The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Program (SNAP) promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G, Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. *Federal Only - 40 CFR Part 82*

#### **10 CSR 10-6.280 Compliance Monitoring Usage**

- 1) The permittee is not prohibited from using the following in addition to any specified compliance methods for the purpose of submission of compliance certificates:
  - a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
  - b) Monitoring method(s) approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, "Operating Permits", and incorporated into an operating permit; and
  - c) Any other monitoring methods approved by the Director.
- 2) Any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a permittee has violated or is in violation of any such plan or other applicable requirement. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred by a permittee:
  - a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
  - b) A monitoring method approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, "Operating Permits", and incorporated into an operating permit; and
  - c) Compliance test methods specified in the rule cited as the authority for the emission limitations.

- 3) The following testing, monitoring or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods:
- a) Applicable monitoring or testing methods, cited in:
    - i) 10 CSR 10-6.030, "Sampling Methods for Air Pollution Sources";
    - ii) 10 CSR 10-6.040, "Reference Methods";
    - iii) 10 CSR 10-6.070, "New Source Performance Standards";
    - iv) 10 CSR 10-6.080, "Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants"; or
  - b) Other testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods, if approved by the Director, that produce information comparable to that produced by any method listed above.

## V. General Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following requirements. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued,

### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.B Permit Duration**

This permit is issued for a term of five years, commencing on the date of issuance. This permit will expire at the end of this period unless renewed.

### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C General Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements**

- 1) Record Keeping
  - a) All required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application.
  - b) Copies of all current operating and construction permits issued to this installation shall be kept on-site for as long as the permits are in effect. Copies of these permits shall be made immediately available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources' or Kansas City Air Quality Program personnel upon request.
- 2) Reporting
  - a) All reports shall be submitted to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108.
  - b) The permittee shall submit a report of all required monitoring by:
    - i) October 1st for monitoring which covers the January through June time period, and
    - ii) April 1st for monitoring which covers the July through December time period.
    - iii) Exception. Monitoring requirements which require reporting more frequently than semi annually shall report no later than 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter in which the measurements were taken.
  - c) Each report shall identify any deviations from emission limitations, monitoring, record keeping, reporting, or any other requirements of the permit, this includes deviations or Part 64 exceedances.
  - d) Submit supplemental reports as required or as needed. Supplemental reports are required no later than ten days after any exceedance of any applicable rule, regulation or other restriction. All reports of deviations shall identify the cause or probable cause of the deviations and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.
    - i) Notice of any deviation resulting from an emergency (or upset) condition as defined in paragraph (6)(C)7.A of 10 CSR 10-6.065 (Emergency Provisions) shall be submitted to the permitting authority either verbally or in writing within two working days after the date on which the emission limitation is exceeded due to the emergency, if the permittee wishes to assert an affirmative defense. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that indicate an emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency. The permitted installation must show that it was operated properly at the time and that during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or requirements in the permit. The notice

- must contain a description of the emergency, the steps taken to mitigate emissions, and the corrective actions taken.
- ii) Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety or the environment shall be reported as soon as practicable.
  - iii) Any other deviations identified in the permit as requiring more frequent reporting than the permittee's semiannual report shall be reported on the schedule specified in this permit, and no later than ten days after any exceedance of any applicable rule, regulation, or other restriction.
- e) Every report submitted shall be certified by the responsible official, except that, if a report of a deviation must be submitted within ten days after the deviation, the report may be submitted without a certification if the report is resubmitted with an appropriate certification within ten days after that, together with any corrected or supplemental information required concerning the deviation.
  - f) The permittee may request confidential treatment of information submitted in any report of deviation.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.D Risk Management Plan Under Section 112(r)**

The permittee shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, Accidental Release Prevention Requirements. If the permittee has more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in process, as determined by 40 CFR Section 68.115, the permittee shall submit a Risk Management Plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 68 no later than the latest of the following dates:

- 1) June 21, 1999;
- 2) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under 40 CFR Section 68.130; or
- 3) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.F Severability Clause**

In the event of a successful challenge to any part of this permit, all uncontested permit conditions shall continue to be in force. All terms and conditions of this permit remain in effect pending any administrative or judicial challenge to any portion of the permit. If any provision of this permit is invalidated, the permittee shall comply with all other provisions of the permit.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.G General Requirements**

- 1) The permittee must comply with all of the terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with a permit condition constitutes a violation and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, permit revocation and re-issuance, permit modification or denial of a permit renewal application.
- 2) The permittee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary for the permittee to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit
- 3) The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened, reissued or terminated for cause. Except as provided for minor permit modifications, the filing of an application or request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the filing of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- 4) This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, nor grant any exclusive privilege.
- 5) The permittee shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program or to the Kansas City Air Quality Program, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that the Air

Pollution Control Program or the Kansas City Air Quality Program reasonably may require to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening, reissuing or revoking the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee also shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program or to the Kansas City Air Quality Program copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. The permittee may make a claim of confidentiality for any information or records submitted pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.H Incentive Programs Not Requiring Permit Revisions**

No permit revision will be required for any installation changes made under any approved economic incentive, marketable permit, emissions trading, or other similar programs or processes provided for in this permit.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.I Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios**

The nine (9) boilers listed in the operating permit are capable of burning both natural gas and #2 fuel oil. The installation will primarily burn natural gas but may burn #2 fuel oil as a supplemental fuel source if necessary.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3 Compliance Requirements**

- 1) Any document (including reports) required to be submitted under this permit shall contain a certification signed by the responsible official.
- 2) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow authorized officials of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, or their authorized agents, to perform the following (subject to the installation's right to seek confidential treatment of information submitted to, or obtained by, the Air Pollution Control Program):
  - a) Enter upon the premises where a permitted installation is located or an emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - c) Inspect, at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
  - d) As authorized by the Missouri Air Conservation Law, Chapter 643, RSMo or the Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the terms of this permit, and all applicable requirements as outlined in this permit.
- 3) All progress reports required under an applicable schedule of compliance shall be submitted semiannually (or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement). These progress reports shall contain the following:
  - a) Dates for achieving the activities, milestones or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when these activities, milestones or compliance were achieved, and
  - b) An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measures adopted.
- 4) The permittee shall submit an annual certification that it is in compliance with all of the federally enforceable terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emissions limitations, standards, or work practices. These certifications shall be submitted annually by April 1st, unless the applicable requirement specifies more frequent submission. These certifications shall be submitted to EPA Region VII, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101, as well as the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and to the Kansas City

Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108. All deviations and Part 64 exceedances and excursions must be included in the compliance certifications. The compliance certification shall include the following:

- a) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
- b) The current compliance status, as shown by monitoring data and other information reasonably available to the installation;
- c) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
- d) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the installation, both currently and over the reporting period; and
- e) Such other facts as the Air Pollution Control Program or the Kansas City Air Quality Program will require in order to determine the compliance status of this installation.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)6 Permit Shield**

- 1) Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements as of the date that this permit is issued, provided that:
  - a) The application requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit, or
  - b) The permitting authority, in acting on the permit revision or permit application, determines in writing that other requirements, as specifically identified in the permit, are not applicable to the installation, and this permit expressly includes that determination or a concise summary of it.
- 2) Be aware that there are exceptions to this permit protection. The permit shield does not affect the following:
  - a) The provisions of Section 303 of the Act or Section 643.090, RSMo concerning emergency orders,
  - b) Liability for any violation of an applicable requirement which occurred prior to, or was existing at, the time of permit issuance,
  - c) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program,
  - d) The authority of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Air Pollution Control Program of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources or the Kansas City Air Quality Program to obtain information, or
  - e) Any other permit or extra-permit provisions, terms or conditions expressly excluded from the permit shield provisions.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7 Emergency Provisions**

- 1) An emergency or upset as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7.A shall constitute an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emissions limitations. To establish an emergency- or upset-based defense, the permittee must demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence, the following:
  - a) That an emergency or upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the source of the emergency or upset,
  - b) That the installation was being operated properly,
  - c) That the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize emissions that exceeded technology-based emissions limitations or requirements in this permit, and
  - d) That the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Air Pollution Control Program and to the Kansas City Air Quality Program within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and any corrective actions taken.

- 2) Be aware that an emergency or upset shall not include noncompliance caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)8 Operational Flexibility**

An installation that has been issued a Part 70 operating permit is not required to apply for or obtain a permit revision in order to make any of the changes to the permitted installation described below if the changes are not Title I modifications, the changes do not cause emissions to exceed emissions allowable under the permit, and the changes do not result in the emission of any air contaminant not previously emitted. The permittee shall notify the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, as well as EPA Region VII, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101, at least seven days in advance of these changes, except as allowed for emergency or upset conditions. Emissions allowable under the permit means a federally enforceable permit term or condition determined at issuance to be required by an applicable requirement that establishes an emissions limit (including a work practice standard) or a federally enforceable emissions cap that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.

- 1) Section 502(b)(10) changes. Changes that, under Section 502(b)(10) of the Act, contravene an express permit term may be made without a permit revision, except for changes that would violate applicable requirements of the Act or contravene federally enforceable monitoring (including test methods), record keeping, reporting or compliance requirements of the permit.
  - a) Before making a change under this provision, the permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, as well as EPA Region VII, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101, describing the changes to be made, the date on which the change will occur, and any changes in emission and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the Air Pollution Control Program or the Kansas City Air Quality Program shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. Written notice shall be provided to the EPA, the Air Pollution Control Program and the Kansas City Air Quality Program as above at least seven days before the change is to be made. If less than seven days notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to these unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the EPA, the Air Pollution Control Program and the Kansas City Air Quality Program as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.
  - b) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)9 Off-Permit Changes**

- 1) Except as noted below, the permittee may make any change in its permitted operations, activities or emissions that is not addressed in, constrained by or prohibited by this permit without obtaining a permit revision. Insignificant activities listed in the application, but not otherwise addressed in or prohibited by this permit, shall not be considered to be constrained by this permit for purposes of the off-permit provisions of this section. Off-permit changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:

- a) The change must meet all applicable requirements of the Act and may not violate any existing permit term or condition; the permittee may not change a permitted installation without a permit revision if this change is subject to any requirements under Title IV of the Act or is a Title I modification;
- b) The permittee must provide written notice of the change to the Air Pollution Control Program's Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, and the Kansas City Air Quality Program, 2400 Troost Avenue, Suite 3000, Kansas City, MO 64108, as well as EPA Region VII, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101, no later than the next annual emissions report. This notice shall not be required for changes that are insignificant activities under 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)3. This written notice shall describe each change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.
- c) The permittee shall keep a record describing all changes made at the installation that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement and the emissions resulting from these changes; and
- d) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.020(2)(R)12 Responsible Official**

The application utilized in the preparation of this permit was signed by Margaret Keating, Group VP Operations. If this person terminates employment, or is reassigned different duties such that a different person becomes the responsible person to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs, the owner or operator of this air contaminant source shall notify the Director of the Air Pollution Control Program of the change. Said notification shall be in writing and shall be submitted within 30 days of the change. The notification shall include the name and title of the new person assigned by the source owner or operator to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs. All representations, agreement to terms and conditions and covenants made by the former responsible person that were used in the establishment of limiting permit conditions on this permit will continue to be binding on the installation until such time that a revision to this permit is obtained that would change said representations, agreements and covenants.

#### **10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)6 Reopening-Permit for Cause**

This permit may be reopened for cause if:

- 1) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) receives notice from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that a petition for disapproval of a permit pursuant to 40 CFR § 70.8(d) has been granted, provided that the reopening may be stayed pending judicial review of that determination,
- 2) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made which resulted in establishing the emissions limitation standards or other terms of the permit,
- 3) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to the installation; however, reopening on this ground is not required if—:
  - a) The permit has a remaining term of less than three years;
  - b) The effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire;  
or
  - c) The additional applicable requirements are implemented in a general permit that is applicable to the installation and the installation receives authorization for coverage under that general permit,

- 4) The installation is an affected source under the acid rain program and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements), become applicable to that source, provided that, upon approval by EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit; or the Missouri Department of Natural Resources or EPA determines that the permit must be reopened and revised to assure compliance with applicable requirements

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)1.C Statement of Basis**

This permit is accompanied by a statement setting forth the legal and factual basis for the permit conditions (including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions). This Statement of Basis, while referenced by the permit, is not an actual part of the permit.

## **VI. Attachments**

Attachments follow.





**ATTACHMENT C**  
 Opacity Emission Observations (Method 9)

*This record keeping sheet or something similar may be used to satisfy the recordkeeping requirements of Core Permit Requirements for 10 CSR 10-6.220 and KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-5(d).*

Company \_\_\_\_\_ Observer \_\_\_\_\_  
 Location \_\_\_\_\_ Observer Certification Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_ Type Installation \_\_\_\_\_  
 Time \_\_\_\_\_ Point of Emission \_\_\_\_\_  
 Control Device \_\_\_\_\_

Hour	Min	Seconds				Steam Plume (check if applicable)		Comments
		0	15	30	45	Attached	Detached	
	0							
	1							
	2							
	3							
	4							
	5							
	6							
	7							
	8							
	9							
	10							
	11							
	12							
	13							
	14							
	15							
	16							
	17							
	18							

SUMMARY OF AVERAGE OPACITY				
Set Number	Time		Opacity	
	Start	End	Sum	Average

Readings ranged from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ % opacity.  
 The source was in compliance at the time evaluation was made:  Yes  No

(Signature of Observer)





**ATTACHMENT F**

**Emergency Generator Log of Hours of Operation and Fuel Usage**

*This record keeping sheet or something similar may be used to show compliance with Permit Conditions EU0360-003, EU0370-003, EU0380-003, EU0400-003 and EU0410-003 and KC AQP Construction Permit #1152.*

For Period January 1, \_\_\_\_\_ through December 31, \_\_\_\_\_

Generator EU / Name	January 1 Meter Reading (Hours)	December 31 Meter Reading (Hours)	Total Annual Hours of Operation	Total Annual Fuel Usage (gallons)
EU0360 / Emergency Generator on 6A				
EU0370 / Emergency Generator on 2C				
EU0380 / Emergency Generator in RICE Building				
EU0400 / Emergency Generator on 3C Dock				
EU0410 / Emergency Generator in 4D Boiler Room				
Full Year Totals – All Generators				

**ATTACHMENT G**  
 Large Format Printers List and VOC Emissions Log

*This record keeping sheet or something similar may be used to show compliance with Permit Condition EU0420-001(1) and (2) and KC AQP Construction Permit #1194.*

Month / Year	Printer Manufacturer/Model	Printer Serial Number	Year Installed	Total VOC Emissions (tons)	
	Monthly Total:				
	12-Month Rolling Total:				
	Monthly Total:				
	12-Month Rolling Total:				
	Monthly Total:				
	12-Month Rolling Total:				
	Monthly Total:				
	12-Month Rolling Total:				

## ATTACHMENT H

### Emission of Particulate Matter from Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating Installation-Wide Compliance Documentation

Hallmark Cards, Inc. has the potential to emit particulate matter less than ten microns (PM<sub>10</sub>) from nine indirect heating sources subject to 10 CSR 10-2.040. There are also 15 indirect heating sources with individual heating capacities less than 1.5 MMBtu/hr that are also subject to the rule. The following discussion calculates the allowable emission rate for these sources and documents that these sources will be in compliance since their potential to emit will remain below the regulatory allowable emission rate.

#### A. Emission Limitations

Table F-1 lists the indirect heating sources located at the facility. These sources are subject to 10 CSR 10-2.040. If the source was installed after February 15, 1979 it is considered to be a new indirect heating source; otherwise it is considered to be an existing source. The regulations affecting these sources were reviewed as follows:

Table H-1: Total Heat Input for All Indirect Heating Sources			
Emission Source	Date Installed	Regulatory Applicability	Maximum Capacity (MMBtu/hr)
Kewanee Boiler A-1	1965	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	9.400
Kewanee Boiler A-2	1947	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	9.400
Kewanee Boiler A-3	1947	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	9.400
Kewanee Boiler B-1	1954	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	13.670
Kewanee Boiler B-2	1954	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	13.670
Kewanee Boiler B-3	1954	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	13.670
Kewanee Boiler B-4	1954	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	3.280
Kewanee Boiler D-1	1965	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	10.172
Kewanee Boiler D-2	1965	10CSR10-2.040 [Existing Source]	10.172
Trane Heaters (2)	2005	10CSR10-2.040 [New Source]	0.80
<b>Total Installation Heat Input – Existing Sources (Q):</b>			<b>92.834</b>
<b>Total Installation Heat Input – Existing + New Sources (Q):</b>			<b>93.634</b>

- 1) For existing indirect heating sources with a heating capacity between 10 MMBtu/hr and 5,000 MMBtu/hr, the emission limitation is calculated to be 0.34 lbs / MMBtu/hr input, using the following equation:

$$E = 1.09(Q)^{-0.259}$$

Where E = the maximum allowable particulate emission rate in pounds per million Btu of heat input and Q = the installation heat input for all existing sources in millions of Btu/hr.

$$E = 1.09(92.834)^{-0.259} = 0.34 \text{ lbs/MMBtu}$$

All of the existing boilers are subject to this limit.

- 2) For new indirect heating sources with a heating capacity between 10 MMBtu/hr and 1,000 MMBtu/hr, the emission limitation is calculated to be 0.20 lbs / MMBtu/hr input, using the following equation:

$$E = 0.80(Q)^{-0.301}$$

Where E = the maximum allowable particulate emission rate in pounds per million Btu of heat input and Q = the installation heat input for all new and existing sources in millions of Btu/hr.

$$E = 0.80(93.634)^{-0.301} = 0.20 \text{ lbs/MMBtu}$$

The two Trane Heaters are currently subject to this limit. Any existing source which is altered, repaired, or rebuilt at a cost of 30% of more of its replacement cost, exclusive of routine maintenance, would be considered to be a new source and subject to the reduced limit.

**B. Compliance with Emission Limitations**

1) **Assumptions:**

- a) The heating value of #2 fuel oil is 140 MMBtu/1000 gallons. [AP42, Chapter 1.3]
- b) The average heating value of natural gas is 1,020 BTU/scf. [AP42, Chapter 1.4]
- c) The emission factor for sources burning #2 fuel oil is 2 lbs/1000gal. [AP42, Table 1.3-1]
- d) The emission factor for sources burning natural gas is 7.6 lbs/MMscf. [AP42, Table 1.4-1]

2) **Potential PM<sub>10</sub> Emission Factors:**

Potential PM<sub>10</sub> emissions factors for each source were calculated using the following formulas:

$$\#2 \text{ fuel oil, Potential PM}_{10} \text{ EF (lbs/MMBtu)} = \frac{[\text{Max Capacity MMBtu}]}{\text{Hr}} \times \frac{[1000 \text{ gal}]}{140 \text{ MMBtu}} \times \frac{[\text{Emission Factor, lbs}]}{1000 \text{ gal}} = 0.016$$

$$\text{Natural Gas, Potential PM}_{10} \text{ EF (lbs/MMBtu)} = \frac{[\text{Max Capacity MMBtu}]}{\text{Hr}} \times \frac{[ \text{MMcf} ]}{1020 \text{ MMBtu}} \times \frac{[\text{Emission Factor, lbs}]}{\text{MMcf}} = 0.007$$

Table H-2: Review of Emission Factors for Each Indirect Heating Source

Emission Source	Fuel Used	Maximum Capacity (MMBTU/hr)	Emission Limit from 10CSR10-2.040 (lbs/MMBtu)	Emission Factor (lbs/MMBtu)
EU0130: Kewanee Boiler A-1	#2 fuel oil	9.400	0.33	0.016
EU0140: Kewanee Boiler A-2	#2 fuel oil	9.400	0.33	0.016
EU0150: Kewanee Boiler A-3	#2 fuel oil	9.400	0.33	0.016
EU0160: Kewanee Boiler B-1	#2 fuel oil	13.670	0.33	0.016
EU0170: Kewanee Boiler B-2	#2 fuel oil	13.670	0.33	0.016
EU0180: Kewanee Boiler B-3	#2 fuel oil	13.670	0.33	0.016
EU0190: Kewanee Boiler B-4	#2 fuel oil	3.280	0.33	0.016
EU0200: Kewanee Boiler D-1	#2 fuel oil	10.172	0.33	0.016
EU0210: Kewanee Boiler D-2	#2 fuel oil	10.172	0.33	0.016
EU0130: Kewanee Boiler A-1	Natural Gas	9.400	0.33	0.007
EU0140: Kewanee Boiler A-2	Natural Gas	9.400	0.33	0.007
EU0150: Kewanee Boiler A-3	Natural Gas	9.400	0.33	0.007
EU0160: Kewanee Boiler B-1	Natural Gas	13.670	0.33	0.007
EU0170: Kewanee Boiler B-2	Natural Gas	13.670	0.33	0.007
EU0180: Kewanee Boiler B-3	Natural Gas	13.670	0.33	0.007
EU0190: Kewanee Boiler B-4	Natural Gas	3.280	0.33	0.007
EU0200: Kewanee Boiler D-1	Natural Gas	10.172	0.33	0.007
EU0210: Kewanee Boiler D-2	Natural Gas	10.172	0.33	0.007
EU0440: Trane Heaters	Natural Gas	0.800	0.20	0.007

3) **Summary and Conclusions:**

All emission sources will always be in compliance with the applicable emission limits since their calculated emission factor(s), based on potential fuels used, are less than the regulatory limit.

**ATTACHMENT I**  
**Emission of Sulfur Dioxide**  
**Installation-Wide Compliance Documentation**

Hallmark Cards, Inc. has the potential to emit sulfur compounds from nine indirect heating sources and five emergency generators subject to 10 CSR 10-6.260. The following discussion calculates the allowable emission rate for these sources and documents that each source will be in compliance with the rule since their potential to emit will remain below the regulatory allowable emission rate.

**A. Indirect Heating Sources**

According to 10 CSR 10-6.260 (3)(C), the indirect heating sources at the installation, except those that use exclusively pipeline grade natural gas, may not emit more than 8 pounds of sulfur dioxide per million BTUs actual heat input averaged on any consecutive three-hour time period.

**1) Assumptions:**

- a) The heating value of #2 fuel oil is 140 MMBtu/1000 gallons. [AP42, Chapter 1.3]
- b) The average heating value of natural gas is 1,020 BTU/scf. [AP42, Chapter 1.4]
- c) The emission factor for boilers burning #2 fuel oil is 142S for SO<sub>2</sub> + 2S for SO<sub>3</sub>, lbs/1000gal, where S = the weight percent of sulfur, or 0.5 maximum. The calculated emission factor is 72 lbs/1000 gal fuel oil burned. [AP42, Table 1.3-1]
- d) The emission factor for boilers burning natural gas is 0.6 for SO<sub>2</sub>. [AP42, Table 1.4-2]

**2) Potential SO<sub>2</sub> Emission Factors:**

Potential SO<sub>2</sub> emissions factors for each source were calculated using the following formulas:

$$\#2 \text{ fuel oil, Potential SO}_2 \text{ EF (lbs/MMBtu)} = \frac{[\text{Max Capacity MMBtu}]}{\text{Hr}} \times \frac{[1000 \text{ gal}]}{140 \text{ MMBtu}} \times \frac{[\text{Emission Factor, lbs}]}{1000 \text{ gal}} = 0.514$$

Table I-1: Review of Emission Factors for Each Indirect Heating Source

Emission Source	Fuel Used	Maximum Capacity (MMBTU/hr)	Emission Limit from 10CSR10-6.260 (3)(C)	Emission Factor (lbs/MMBtu)
EU0130: Kewanee Boiler A-1	#2 fuel oil	9.400	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0140: Kewanee Boiler A-2	#2 fuel oil	9.400	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0150: Kewanee Boiler A-3	#2 fuel oil	9.400	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0160: Kewanee Boiler B-1	#2 fuel oil	13.670	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0170: Kewanee Boiler B-2	#2 fuel oil	13.670	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0180: Kewanee Boiler B-3	#2 fuel oil	13.670	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0190: Kewanee Boiler B-4	#2 fuel oil	3.280	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0200: Kewanee Boiler D-1	#2 fuel oil	10.172	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514
EU0210: Kewanee Boiler D-2	#2 fuel oil	10.172	8 lbs/MMBtu	0.514

**3) Summary and Conclusions:**

All sources will always be in compliance with the emission limit of 8 lbs/MMBtu since the calculated emission factors, based on potential fuels used, are less than the regulatory limit.

**B. Emergency Generators**

The emergency generators at the installation are all classified as “new” sources since each was installed after September 25, 1968. According to 10 CSR 6.260(3)(A), each emergency generator, except generators that use

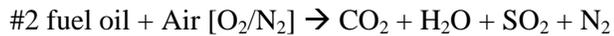
exclusively pipeline grade natural gas, may not emit exhaust gas containing greater than 500 ppmv of sulfur dioxide averaged on any consecutive three-hour period.

**1) Assumptions:**

- a) #2 fuel oil is approximately 12.5% hydrogen, 87.2% carbon, 0.02% nitrogen, and a maximum of 0.5% sulfur.
- b) The generators will burn #2 fuel oil in a stoichiometric reaction with air.

**2) Potential SO<sub>2</sub> Concentration:**

The potential SO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the stack exhaust for each generator was calculated by calculating the amount of air necessary to react stoichiometrically with #2 fuel oil as follows:



The percent of SO<sub>2</sub> in the total exhaust was calculated to be 340 moles SO<sub>2</sub> / 1,000,000 moles exhaust by volume.

**3) Summary and Conclusions:**

All sources will always be in compliance with the emission limit of 500 ppmv since the calculated one hour emission concentration is less than the regulatory limit.

## STATEMENT OF BASIS

### Permit Reference Documents

These documents were relied upon in the preparation of the operating permit. Because they are not incorporated by reference, they are not an official part of the operating permit.

- 1) Part 70 Operating Permit Application, received 12/26/2006;
- 2) 2007 Emissions Inventory Questionnaire, received 05/19/2008; and
- 3) U.S. EPA document AP-42, *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors*; Volume I, Stationary Point and Area Sources, Fifth Edition.

### Applicable Requirements Included in the Operating Permit but Not in the Application or Previous Operating Permits

In the operating permit application, the installation indicated they were not subject to the following regulation(s). However, in the review of the application, the agency has determined that the installation is subject to the following regulation(s) for the reasons stated.

#### 10 CSR 10-2.340, *Control of Emissions From Lithographic Printing Installations*

This rule was determined to be applicable to the installation because VOC emissions from the lithographic printers were calculated to be greater than 100 tons per year from offset lithographic printing presses after December 9, 1991. This rule was included in the previous permit and since not all of the lithographic printers have been removed, the rule remains applicable to the remaining printer.

#### 10 CSR 10-2.260, *Control of Petroleum Liquid Storage, Loading and Transfer*

This rule was determined to be applicable to the gasoline transfer operations into the 10,000-gallon gasoline storage tank. The previous permit indicated in the Statement of Basis that the rule was not applicable because the gasoline storage tank at the facility was less than 40,000 gallons in capacity. However, the gasoline transfer requirements are applicable to tanks greater than 250 gallons in capacity, so the rule was determined to be applicable to the installation.

#### 10 CSR 10-6.045, *Open Burning Restrictions*

The permit application included 10 CSR 10-2.100, Open Burning Restrictions. This was a Core Permit requirement in the rules applicable to facilities located in the Kansas City Metropolitan Area when the permit application was submitted. However, 10 CSR 10-6.045 rule replaced all regional rules effective 01/30/2008 and was included as a Core Permit Requirement in place of the previous rule.

#### 40 CFR 63 Subpart CCCCC, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities*

This rule had not been promulgated at the time the permit application was submitted. It was determined to be applicable to EU0340, the gasoline storage tank.

### Other Air Regulations Determined Not to Apply to the Operating Permit

The Air Pollution Control Program (APCP) has determined the following requirements to not be applicable to this installation at this time for the reasons stated.

10 CSR 10-6.100, *Alternate Emission Limits*

This rule is not applicable because the installation is in an ozone attainment area.

10 CSR 10-6.360, *Control of NO<sub>x</sub> Emissions from Electric Generating Units and NonElectric Generating Boilers*

This rule was determined to be not applicable to the installation because no emission units produce electricity for sale regardless of maximum design heat input and all non-electric generating boilers have a maximum design heat input of less than 250 MMBtu/hr. In addition, the installation is limited to burning only natural gas or fuel oil by federally enforceable permit conditions EU0130-001, EU0140-001, EU0150-001, EU0160-001, EU0170-001, EU0180-001, EU0190-001, EU0200-001, EU0210-0001, EU0360-001, EU0370-001, EU0380-001, EU0400-001 and EU0410-001.

10 CSR 10-6.390, *Control of NO<sub>x</sub> Emissions from Large Stationary Internal Combustion Engines*

This rule was determined to be not applicable to the installation because:

- 1) The installation is located in Jackson county which is not one of the thirty-seven counties subject to the rule.
- 2) The rule would not be applicable to the five emergency generators (EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400, and EU0410) because each has a generating capacity less than the 1,300 hp baseline.
- 3) All emergency generators are classified as emergency standby engines and would be exempt from the rule.
- 4) No other sources were determined to be subject to this rule.

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters*

This rule was included in the permit application. However, since the rule was vacated at the time that the permit was prepared, it has not been included in the operating permit.

**Construction Permit Revisions**

The following revisions were made to construction permits for this installation:

- 1) Construction Permit KC AQP #892, Issued July 16, 1999: The permit condition which required a performance test to be completed within 60 days after construction is complete was not included in this operating permit since the performance test has been completed.
- 2) Construction Permit KC AQP #1152, Issued April 26, 2006: This permit authorized the installation of EU0410, the Emergency Generator in the 4D Boiler Room. The permit conditions allowing the generators to be used only for emergency situations or to perform maintenance or readiness testing and requiring tracking of the hours of operation and fuel usage on an annual basis were interpreted to be applicable to all five emergency generators currently at the installation.

The following construction permits were not included in this permit because the equipment permitted has been removed from the installation:

- 1) Construction Permit KC AQP #896, Issued October 26, 1999 (Unit was never installed).
- 2) Construction Permit KC AQP #902, Issued November 16, 1999 (Equipment has been removed).
- 3) Construction Permit KC AQP #905, Issued January 27, 2000 (2 units were removed; the remaining units were never installed).

- 4) Construction Permit KC AQP #907, Issued January 27, 2000 (Equipment has been removed).
- 5) Construction Permit KC AQP #934, Issued November 7, 2000 (Equipment has been removed).
- 6) Construction Permit KC AQP #939, Issued November 7, 2000 (Equipment has been removed).
- 7) Construction Permit KC AQP #954, Issued October 22, 2001 (Equipment has been removed).

### **New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Applicability**

#### *40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc, Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units*

This rule was checked as applicable on the permit application. It was determined that this rule is not applicable to the installation for the following reasons:

- 1) The EU0130, EU0140, EU0150, EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, EU0190, EU0200, and EU0210 Boilers were each constructed before June 9, 1989 and have not been reconstructed or modified since that date. These boilers also have a maximum design heat input capacity of less than 25 MMBtu/hr.
- 2) No other sources were determined to be subject to this rule.

#### *40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D, Standards of Performance for Fossil-Fuel-Fired Steam Generators for Which Construction is Commenced After August 17, 1971*

This rule was determined to be not applicable to the installation because:

- 1) The EU0130, EU0140, EU0150, EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, EU0190, EU0200, and EU0210 Boilers were each constructed before August 17, 1971, and have not been reconstructed or modified since that date. Each boiler also has a maximum design heat input capacity of less than 25 MMBtu/hr.
- 2) No other sources were determined to be subject to this rule.

#### *40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da, Standards of Performance for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units for Which Construction is Commenced After September 18, 1978*

This rule was determined to be not applicable to the installation because:

- 1) The EU0130, EU0140, EU0150, EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, EU0190, EU0200, and EU0210 Boilers were each constructed before September 18, 1978 and have not been reconstructed or modified since that date. Each boiler also has a maximum design heat input capacity of less than 250 MMBtu/hr.
- 2) No other sources were determined to be subject to this rule.

#### *40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db, Standards of Performance for Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units*

This rule was determined to be not applicable to the installation because:

- 1) The EU0130, EU0140, EU0150, EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, EU0190, EU0200, and EU0210 Boilers were each constructed before June 19, 1984 and have not been reconstructed or modified since that date. Each boiler also has a maximum design heat input capacity of less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
- 2) No other sources were determined to be subject to this rule.

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb, *Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984*

This rule was determined not to be applicable to the installation. One underground storage tank is used to store unleaded gasoline, EU0340 [10,000-gallon underground storage tank]. This tank was constructed in 1994 but has a storage capacity of less than 40,000 gallons. The rule is applicable only to storage vessels that have a storage capacity greater than 40,000 gallons.

40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII, *Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines*

This rule was determined to be not applicable to the installation because the five emergency generators, EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400, and EU0410:

- 1) Are not fire pump engines,
- 2) Were manufactured prior to April 1, 2006, and
- 3) Were not modified or reconstructed after July 11, 2005.

No other sources were determined to be subject to this rule.

#### **Maximum Available Control Technology (MACT) Applicability**

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart N, *National Emission Standards for Chromium Emissions from Hard and Decorative Chromium Electroplating and Chromium Anodizing Tanks*

This rule was determined to be applicable to the digital gravure chrome and copper plating equipment, EU0330.

40 CFR Part 63, Subpart KK, *National Emission Standards for the Printing and Publishing Industry*

This rule was determined not to be applicable to the installation because it does not operate publication rotogravure, product and packaging rotogravure, or wide-web flexographic printing presses covered by the rule.

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ, *National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines*

This rule was determined to be applicable to the five emergency generators EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400, and EU0410. However, since these are considered to be emergency stationary RICE, only notification requirements are applicable.

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart DDDDD, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters*

This rule was checked as applicable on the permit application. The boilers at the installation would be subject to this rule since they are located at a major source of hazardous air pollutants. However, the rule was vacated at the time the permit was drafted so there are no requirements included in this permit.

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart CCCCC, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities*

This rule was determined to be applicable to the 10,000-gallon underground storage tank at the installation, EU0340.

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart WWWW, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Area Source Standards for Plating and Polishing Operations*

This rule was determined to be applicable to the electroplating and electroforming operations at the installation using the metal HAP nickel, EU0430. The permittee has submitted the initial notification and draft compliance and reporting requirements were included in permit condition EU0430-001.

**National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Applicability**

None

**Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Applicability**

40 CFR Part 64, *Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)*

The CAM rule applies to each pollutant specific emission unit that:

- Is subject to an emission limitation or standard, and
- Uses a control device to achieve compliance, and
- Has pre-control emissions that exceed or are equivalent to the major source threshold.

40 CFR Part 64 is not applicable because none of the pollutant-specific emission units uses a control device to achieve compliance with a relevant standard.

**Other Regulatory Determinations**

10 CSR 10-2.040, *Maximum Allowable Emissions of Particulate Matter From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating*

Applicability of this rule was added to EU0440, the two natural gas burning heaters at the installation with an aggregate heating capacity of 0.8 MMBtu/hr.

10 CSR 10-6.170 *Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 8-5(e) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Preventing Fugitive Particulate Matter From Becoming Airborne)*

This rule prohibits fugitive particulate matter emissions that go beyond the facility premises in amounts that result in particulate matter deposits on offsite surfaces or that exceed 40 microns in size.

This rule is part of the Core Permit Requirements and includes standard monitoring and recordkeeping requirements. While the rule is applicable to the installation, there are currently no operations, equipment, or roadways that emit fugitive particulate matter at levels that could result in noncompliance with this rule. Therefore, the facility would not need to perform weekly, biweekly, or monthly emission inspections or observations on a routine basis to ensure compliance with the rule. The facility should continue to manage non-standard or new operations so as to maintain compliance with the rule, including inspections and monitoring during the duration of the non-standard or new operation as needed.

10 CSR 10-6.220, *Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants*

KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d), *Emission of Particulate Matter (Visible Air Contaminants)*

This rule specifies the maximum allowable opacity of visible air contaminant emissions, unless specifically exempt or regulated by 10 CSR 10-6.070.

- 1) This rule was determined to be applicable to the nine boilers operated by the installation, EU0130, EU0140, EU0150, EU0160, EU0170, EU0180, EU0190, EU0200, and EU0210. This rule was determined not to be applicable to the Steel Rule Wood Cut Laser, EU0450, because the potential to emit visible particulate matter is negligible.
- 2) This rule was determined to be applicable to the Model Shop Spray Booth, EU0460, because it has the potential to emit visible particulate matter. However, no monitoring requirements were included because this unit is small and is infrequently used, and therefore was determined to have a very low probability of exceeding the opacity limits in the rule.
- 3) This rule was also determined to be applicable to the five emergency generators, EU0360, EU0370, EU0380, EU0400, and EU0410. Although 10 CSR 10-6.220(1)(A) exempts stationary internal combustion engines operated in the Kansas City metropolitan area, KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(d) does not include this exemption. Therefore, this rule was applied to these units as permit conditions EU0360-002, EU0370-002, EU0380-002, EU0400-002, and EU0410-002.
- 4) Standard monitoring and recordkeeping requirements for this rule are now listed in the Core Permit Requirements. The emission unit specific requirements reference the Core Permit Requirements for each affected unit. The following additional information is presented to clarify these requirements:
  - a) At a minimum, the observer performing a Method 22 test should be trained and knowledgeable about the effects on visibility of emissions caused by background contrast, ambient lighting, observer position relative to lighting, wind and the presence of uncombined water.
  - b) The observer performing a Method 9 test must be a qualified observer in accordance with Appendix A of 40 CFR Part 60 for Test Method 9.
  - c) On each observation date, if no visible or other significant emissions are observed from an emission unit using the Test Method 22 procedures, then no further observations would be required for the emission unit on that observation date.
  - d) On each observation date, if the visible emissions that are observed from an emission unit are perceived or believed to exceed the applicable opacity standard using the Test Method 22 procedures, the permittee must perform an opacity observation using the Test Method 9 procedures for the emission unit on that observation date.
  - e) Visible emissions observations for the emission unit would be performed again as described in c) and d) according to the applicable monthly, biweekly, or weekly schedule.
  - f) If the observer determines that the emission unit exceeded the opacity limit, the monitoring schedule reverts to weekly for eight consecutive weeks for that emission unit.
  - g) The monitoring schedule for an emission unit may be reduced from weekly to biweekly, or from biweekly to monthly when 8 consecutive monitoring periods show no exceedance of the opacity limit.

10 CSR 10-6.400, *Restriction of Emission of Particulate Matter from Industrial Processes*  
KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(a) *Emission of Particulate Matter (Industrial Processes)*

These rules restrict the emission of particulate matter from an industrial process based on the maximum design capacity of that process. 10 CSR 10-6.400 exempts emission units that at maximum design capacity have a potential to emit less than one-half (0.5) pounds per hour of particulate matter. KCMO Chapter 8 Section 5(a) does not have this exemption.

- 1) Calculation of the allowable emission rate for EU0450, the Steel Rule Wood Cut Laser, is presented in Table 1. Compliance with these rules is demonstrated at all times.

Table 1						
Emission Unit	Maximum Design Capacity (tons/hr)	Emission Factor (lbs/ton)	Control Device, Efficiency	Uncontrolled PM Emission Rate (lbs/hr)	Controlled PM Emission Rate (lbs/hr)	Allowable PM Emission Rate (lbs/hr) <sup>1</sup>
EU0450, Steel Rule Wood Cut Laser	0.001244	4.5000	Waterspray, 99%	0.01	0.0001	0.05

<sup>1</sup> Allowable emissions were calculated using  $E = 4.10P^{0.67}$  where E = rate of emission in lb/hr and P = process weight rate in tons/hr since the maximum design capacity is 60,000 lb/hr or less.

- 2) Calculation of the allowable emission rate for EU0460, the Model Shop Spray Booth, is presented in Table 2. Compliance with these rules is demonstrated, contingent upon proper operation of the paint spray booth filters.

Table 2							
Emission Unit	Maximum Design Capacity (tons/hr) <sup>1</sup>	% Solids	Transfer %	Control Device, Efficiency	Uncontrolled PM Emission Rate (lbs/hr) <sup>2</sup>	Controlled PM Emission Rate (lbs/hr)	Allowable PM Emission Rate (lbs/hr) <sup>3</sup>
EU0460, Model Shop Spray Booth	0.00425	50%	50%	Filter, 85%	0.119	0.018	0.020

<sup>1</sup> Maximum design capacity was calculated using 0.057 gallons per hour \* 8.34 lbs/gallon average coating density divided by 2000 lbs/ton.

<sup>2</sup> Uncontrolled Emissions = (Maximum Design Capacity, tons/hr) x (2000 lbs/ton) x (% Solids) x (1 – Transfer %).

<sup>3</sup> Allowable emissions were calculated using  $E = 4.10P^{0.67}$  where E = rate of emission in lb/hr and P = process weight rate in tons/hr since the maximum design capacity is 60,000 lb/hr or less.

### Emission Units Without Limitations

The operations listed on the Emission Units Without Limitations were determined not to have emission unit specific limits. However, emissions from these operations are counted toward overall facility total VOC and other pollutant emissions as applicable.

### Emission Units Which Have Been Removed

The following permit conditions were listed in the previous operating permit but are not included in this operating permit because the emission units have been removed:

- 1) Emission units EU0010-EU0120, Parts Washers: Permit Condition 001 for all units.
- 2) Emission units EU0230, EU0240, EU0250, EU0260, EU0270, EU0280, EU0290, EU0300, EU0310, EU0320 – Lithographic Printing Presses: Permit Condition 001 for all units, 0310-002, and 0320-002.
- 3) Emission unit EU0350 – Screenmaking Equipment: Permit condition EU0350-001.

### Other Regulations Not Cited in the Operating Permit or the Above Statement of Basis

Any regulation which is not specifically listed in either the Operating Permit or in the above Statement of Basis does not appear, based on this review, to be an applicable requirement for this installation for one or more of the following reasons:

1. The specific pollutant regulated by that rule is not emitted by the installation;
2. The installation is not in the source category regulated by that rule;
3. The installation is not in the county or specific area that is regulated under the authority of that rule;
4. The installation does not contain the type of emission unit which is regulated by that rule;

5. The rule is only for administrative purposes.

Should a later determination conclude that the installation is subject to one or more of the regulations cited in this Statement of Basis or other regulations which were not cited, the installation shall determine and demonstrate, to the Air Pollution Control Program's satisfaction, the installation's compliance with that regulation(s). If the installation is not in compliance with a regulation which was not previously cited, the installation shall submit to the Air Pollution Control Program a schedule for achieving compliance for that regulation(s).

Reviewed by:

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Don Murphy  
Environmental Engineer