

## Fellows Lake

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### Water Body Segments at a Glance:

<b>County:</b>	Greene
<b>Nearby Cities:</b>	Springfield
<b>Area of impairment:</b>	820 acres
<b>Pollutant:</b>	Nutrients
<b>Source:</b>	Agricultural and Suburban Nonpoint Source



State map showing location of watershed

**This lake has been removed from the 303(d) List for nutrients. It is also listed for mercury (See the Mercury Information Sheet).**

**Water Body Removed for List:** Sept. 27, 2007 (for nutrients)

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### Description of the Problem:

#### Beneficial uses of Fellows Lake

- Livestock and Wildlife Watering
- Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life
- Human Health Protection (Fish Consumption)
- Whole Body Contact Recreation – Category A
- Secondary Contact Recreation
- Drinking Water Supply

#### Use that was listed as impaired

- Drinking Water Supply

#### Standards that apply

- This nutrients impairment is based on exceedence of the general criteria contained in Missouri's Water Quality Standards (WQS), 10 CSR 20-7.031(3)(A) and (C). Here it states:
  - Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses.
  - Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses.

#### Background Information and Water Quality Data

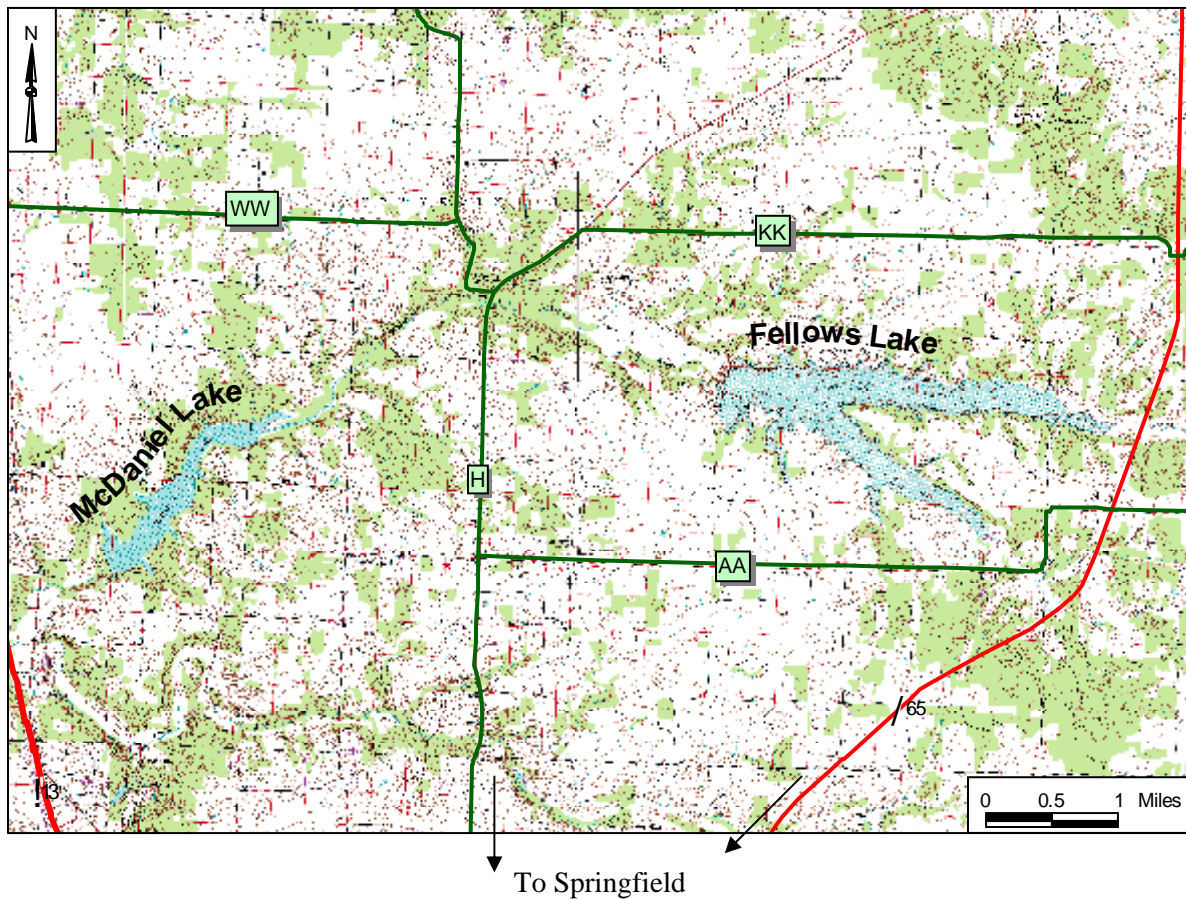
This lake serves as a drinking water supply for the city of Springfield, along with McDaniel Lake, Stockton Lake, the James River and Fulbright Spring. In the past two decades, there has been only one documented complaint about the drinking water in Fellows Lake having taste and odor problems. A

taste and odor problem can occur when specific types of blue-green algae, also known as cyanobacteria, reach peak levels in a water body. Increased production of cyanobacteria is related primarily to the nutrients phosphorus and nitrogen in the water, abundant sunlight and warm water temperatures.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA, approved a TMDL for McDaniel Lake dealing with this problem (algae) in February 2004. Fellows Lake is part of the McDaniel Lake watershed, so some of the measures being taken in the watershed to improve McDaniel Lake would also benefit Fellows Lake. However, since there has only been one taste and odor event in Fellows Lake and there is no additional data saying it is impaired for nutrients, the Department believes a TMDL is not required for this lake. EPA removed this water body from the 303(d) List for nutrients on Sept. 27, 2007.

A location map of Fellows and McDaniel lakes may be found below, followed by a table summarizing data from Fellows Lake and graphs showing the relationship between phosphorus and chlorophyll-a in the lake.

### Fellows and McDaniel Lakes in Greene County, north of Springfield, Missouri



### Nutrients, Chlorophyll-a, and Secchi Depth in Fellows Lake, 1989-2000

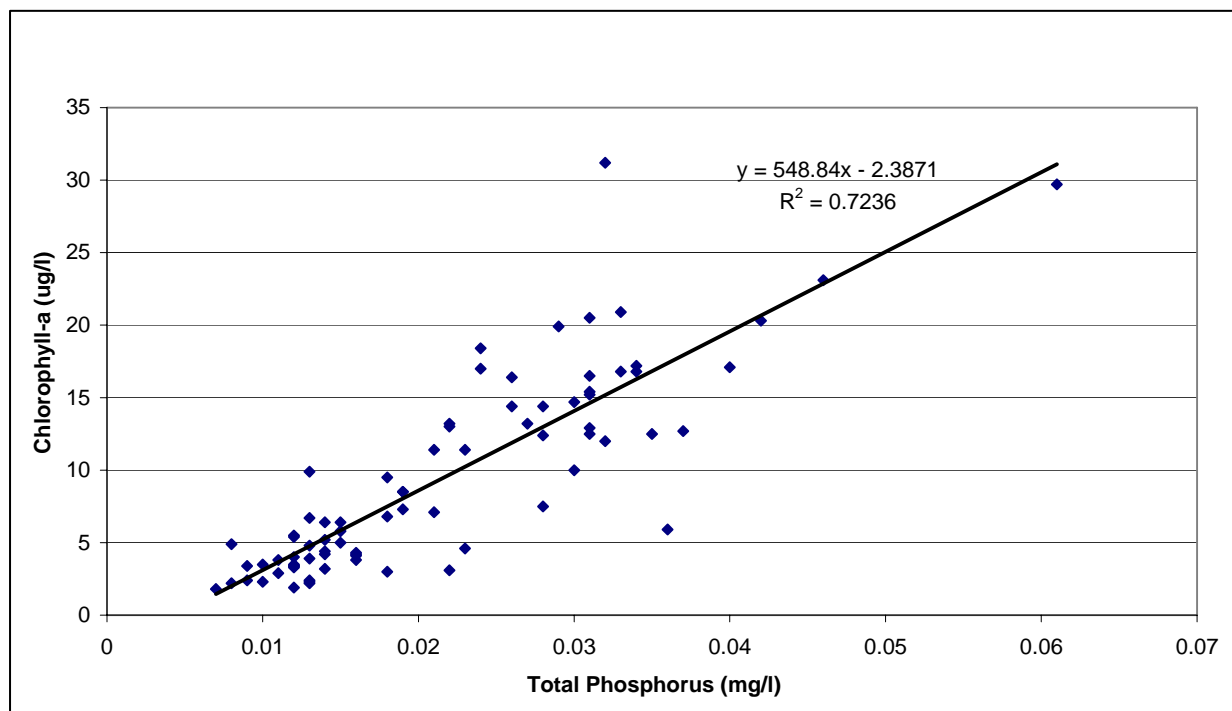
	Average	Maximum	Minimum	Standard Deviation
<b>Total Nitrogen (mg/l)</b>	0.374	0.85	0.23	0.101
<b>Total Phosphorus (mg/l)</b>	0.017	0.049	0	0.006
<b>Chlorophyll-a (µg/l)</b>	5.44	16	1	3.18
<b>Secchi depth (m)</b>	2.91	7.1	1.3	0.896

Sources: Springfield City Utilities and University of Missouri, Columbia

Secchi depth measures the clarity of a lake. The higher the number (of meters), the deeper one can see down into the lake. Increased suspended algae cloud the water (and make it green), thus decreasing Secchi depth.

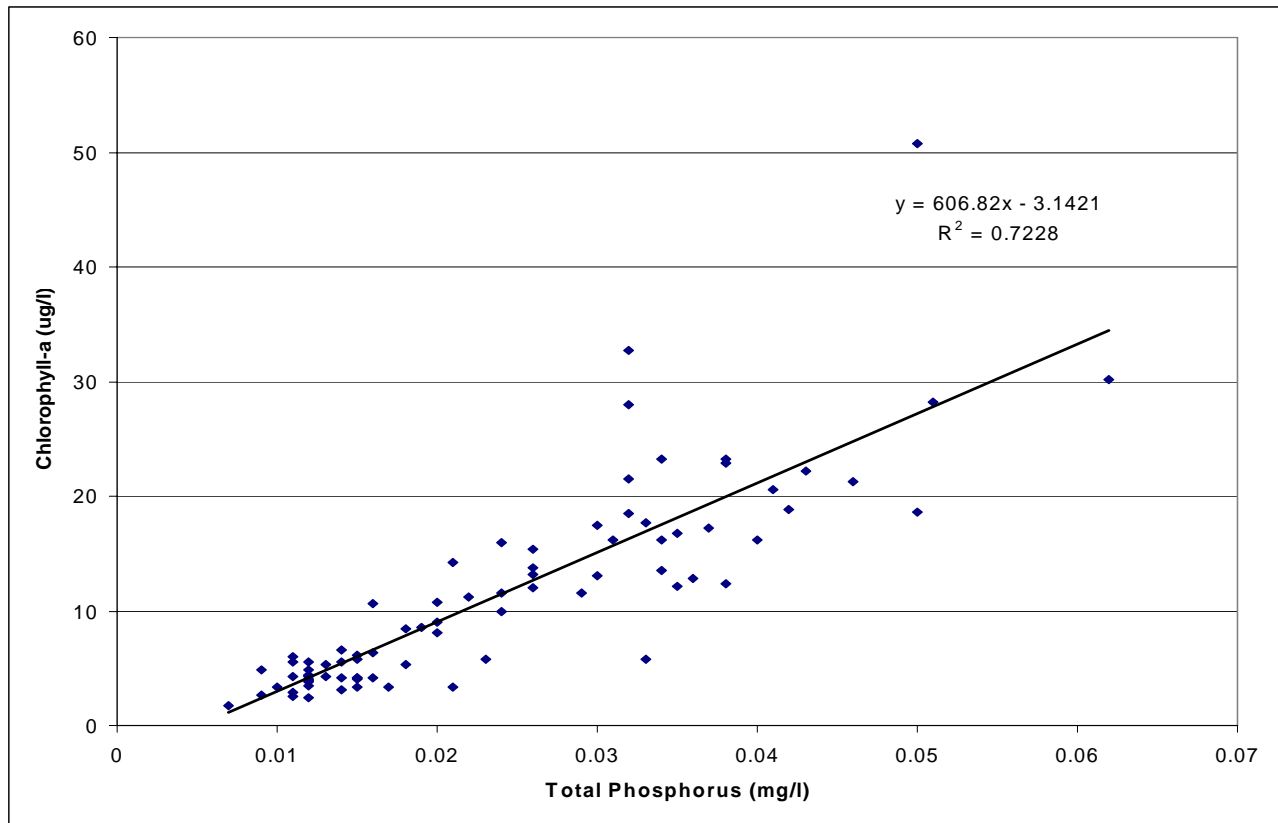
Chlorophyll-a is found in all algae (gives them color) and is used to determine the amount of suspended algae in a waterbody. In general, algae (and thus chlorophyll-a) increase as the concentration of phosphorus increases.

**Graph of surface Chlorophyll-a concentrations vs. total phosphorus concentrations in Fellows Lake, 1989-1999**



Source: University of Missouri, Columbia

**Graph of subsurface Chlorophyll-a concentrations vs. total phosphorus concentrations  
in Fellows Lake, 1989-1999**



Source: University of Missouri, Columbia

**For more information call or write:**

Missouri Department of Natural Resources

Water Protection Program

P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176

1-800-361-4827 or 573-751-1300 office

573-522-9920 fax

Program Home Page: [www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/index.html](http://www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/index.html)