

**STATE OF MISSOURI**  
**DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**  
**MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION**



**MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT**

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No. MO-0137413

Owner: Triple P Recycling, LLC  
Address: 441 W. Tracker Rd., Nixa, MO 65714

Continuing Authority: Same as Above  
Address: Same as Above

Facility Name: Triple P Recycling  
Facility Address: 441 W. Tracker Rd., Nixa, MO 65714

Legal Description: SE ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 2, T27N, R22W, Christian Co.  
UTM Coordinates: X = 473297, Y = 4102221

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to James River (U) Losing  
First Classified Stream and ID: James River (P) (2362)  
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (11010002-0304)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

**FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

Outfall 001

Scrap Metal Recycling including the purchase and selling of aluminum cans, aluminum, wheels, copper, brass, stainless steel, breakage, coated wire, batteries, lead (clean), tin appliances, long iron, short iron, and vehicles / SIC # 5093

Storm water discharge only.  
Actual flow is dependent upon rainfall.

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

February 1, 2014  
Effective Date

Sara Parker Pauley, Director, Department of Natural Resources

January 31, 2019  
Expiration Date

John Madras, Director, Water Protection Program

**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

PAGE NUMBER 2 of 4

PERMIT NUMBER MO-0137413

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until **January 31, 2016**. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	INTERIM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
<u>Outfall 001</u>						
Flow	MGD	*			once/quarter**	24 hr. estimate
Chemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub>	mg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
pH - Units	SU	***			once/quarter**	grab
Oil & Grease	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter**	grab
Aluminum, Total Recoverable	µg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
Copper, Total Recoverable	µg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
Iron, Total Recoverable	µg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
Lead, Total Recoverable	µg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
Zinc, Total Recoverable	µg/L	*			once/quarter**	grab
Precipitation	inches	*			once/day	record

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE APRIL 28, 2014. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

\* Monitoring requirement only.

\*\* All samples shall be collected from a discharge resulting from a precipitation event greater than 0.1 inches in magnitude and that occurs at least 72 hours from the previously measurable precipitation event. See table below for quarterly sampling:

Minimum Sampling Requirements			
Quarter	Months	Effluent Parameters	Report is Due
First	January, February, March	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	April 28 <sup>th</sup>
Second	April, May, June	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	July 28th
Third	July, August, September	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	October 28th
Fourth	October, November, December	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	January 28th

\*\*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.5-9.0 pH units

**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective **February 1, 2016**, and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
<u>Outfall 001</u>						
Flow	MGD	*			once/quarter**	24 hr. estimate
Chemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub>	mg/L	120			once/quarter**	grab
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	100			once/quarter**	grab
pH - Units	SU	***			once/quarter**	grab
Oil & Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/quarter**	grab
Aluminum, Total Recoverable	µg/L	750			once/quarter**	grab
Copper, Total Recoverable	µg/L	22.1			once/quarter**	grab
Iron, Total Recoverable	µg/L	300			once/quarter**	grab
Lead, Total Recoverable	µg/L	20.8			once/quarter**	grab
Zinc, Total Recoverable	µg/L	181			once/quarter**	grab
Precipitation	inches	*			once/day	record

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE APRIL 28, 2016. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)**

\* Monitoring requirement only.

\*\* All samples shall be collected from a discharge resulting from a precipitation event greater than 0.1 inches in magnitude and that occurs at least 72 hours from the previously measurable precipitation event. See table below for quarterly sampling:

Minimum Sampling Requirements			
Quarter	Months	Effluent Parameters	Report is Due
First	January, February, March	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	April 28 <sup>th</sup>
Second	April, May, June	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	July 28 <sup>th</sup>
Third	July, August, September	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	October 28 <sup>th</sup>
Fourth	October, November, December	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	January 28 <sup>th</sup>

\*\*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.5-9.0 pH units.

**B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached Part I standard conditions dated November 1, 2013, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
  - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
  - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
3. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
    - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
    - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,5-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
    - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
    - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
  - (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
4. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
  5. Water Quality Standards
    - (a) To the extent required by law, discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
    - (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
      - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
      - (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
      - (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
      - (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
      - (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
      - (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
      - (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
      - (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

6. The permittee shall implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). **The permittee shall prepare a SWPPP within ninety (90) days of issuance of the permit. All aspects of the SWPPP must be fully implemented within one (1) year of issuance of the permit.** The SWPPP must be kept on-site and should not be sent to DNR unless specifically requested. The SWPPP must be reviewed and updated, if needed, every five (5) years or as site conditions change. The permittee shall select, install, use, operate, and maintain the Best Management Practices prescribed in the SWPPP in accordance with the concepts and methods described in the following document:

Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators, (Document number EPA 833-B-09-002) published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in February 2009.

The SWPPP must include the following:

- (a) A listing of specific Best Management Practices (BMPs) and a narrative explaining how BMPs will be implemented to control and minimize the amount of potential contaminants that may enter storm water. Minimum BMPs are listed in SPECIAL CONDITIONS #7 below.
  - (b) The SWPPP must include a schedule for twice per month site inspections and brief written reports. The inspections must include observation and evaluation of BMP effectiveness. Deficiencies must be corrected within seven (7) days and the actions taken to correct the deficiencies shall be included with the written report, including photographs. Any corrective measure that necessitates major construction may also need a construction permit. Inspection reports must be kept on site with the SWPPP and maintained for a period of five (5) years. These must be made available to DNR personnel upon request.
  - (c) A provision for designating an individual to be responsible for environmental matters.
  - (d) A provision for providing training to all personnel involved in material handling and storage, and housekeeping of maintenance and cleaning areas. Proof of training shall be submitted on request of DNR.
7. Permittee shall adhere to the following minimum Best Management Practices:
- (a) Prevent the spillage or loss of fluids, oil, grease, fuel, etc. from vehicle maintenance, equipment cleaning, or warehouse activities and thereby prevent the contamination of storm water from these substances.
  - (b) Provide collection facilities and arrange for proper disposal of waste products including but not limited to petroleum waste products, and solvents.
  - (c) Store all paint, solvents, petroleum products and petroleum waste products (except fuels), and storage containers (such as drums, cans, or cartons) so that these materials are not exposed to storm water or provide other prescribed BMP's such as plastic lids and/or portable spill pans to prevent the commingling of storm water with container contents. Commingled water may not be discharged under this permit. Provide spill prevention control, and/or management sufficient to prevent any spills of these pollutants from entering waters of the state. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substances contained and shall also prevent the contamination of groundwater.
  - (d) Provide good housekeeping practices on the site to keep trash from entry into waters of the state.
  - (e) Provide sediment and erosion control sufficient to prevent or control sediment loss off of the property. This could include the use of straw bales, silt fences, or sediment basins, if needed, to comply with effluent limits.
8. The purpose of the SWPPP and the BMPs listed herein is the prevention of pollution of waters of the state. A deficiency of a BMP means it was not effective in preventing pollution [10 CSR 20-2.010(56)] of waters of the state, and corrective actions means the facility took steps to eliminate the deficiency.
9. Release of a hazardous substance must be reported to the Department in accordance with 10 CSR 24-3.010. A record of each reportable spill shall be retained with the SWPPP and made available to the Department upon request.

D. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

1. Within one (1) year of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall report progress made in attaining compliance with the final effluent limits.
2. The facility shall attain compliance with final effluent limitations as soon as reasonably achievable or no later than **2 years** of the effective date of this permit.

Please submit progress reports to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Southwest Regional Office, 2040 W. Woodland, Springfield, Missouri, 65807.

**Missouri Department of Natural Resources**  
**FACT SHEET**  
**FOR THE PURPOSE OF NEW ISSUANCE**  
**OF**  
**MO-0137413**  
**TRIPLE P RECYCLING**

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of storm water from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

This Factsheet is for an Industrial Facility.

**Part I – Facility Information**

Facility Type: IND  
Facility SIC Code(s): 5093

Have any changes occurred at this facility or in the receiving water body that effects effluent limit derivation?

- NA, new facility.

**OUTFALL(S) TABLE:**

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
001	dependent on rainfall	BMPs	Stormwater	3.4

**Comments:**

New Facility, stormwater leaves the facility and flows into a sinkhole 0.2 mile to the north of the property. The sinkhole provides a conduit to groundwater, permit limits were established accordingly.

**Part II – Receiving Stream Information**

**APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS OF WATERS OF THE STATE:**

As per Missouri’s Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], the waters of the state are divided into the below listed seven (7) categories. Each category lists effluent limitations for specific parameters, which are presented in each outfall’s Effluent Limitation Table and further discussed in the Derivation & Discussion of Limits section.

- Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]:
- Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]:
- Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]:
- Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]:
- Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]:

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1<sup>st</sup> classified receiving stream’s beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

**RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:**

WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	12-DIGIT HUC**
Sinkhole	U	--	General Criteria and GRW upon entering sinkhole	110100020304
James River	P	2362	AQL, CLF, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-A	

\* - Irrigation (IRR), Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL), Cool Water Fishery(CLF), Cold Water Fishery (CDF), Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC), Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR), Drinking Water Supply (DWS), Industrial (IND), Groundwater (GRW). \*\* - Hydrologic Unit Code

**MIXING CONSIDERATIONS**

Mixing Zones and Zones of Initial Dilution are not allowed. All effluent from this facility is stormwater runoff. Permit limits and water quality standards must be met at the end of the pipe.

**Part III – Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions**

**REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):**

Federal regulation [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(i)] requires effluent limitations for all pollutants that are or may be discharged at a level that will cause or have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion above narrative or numeric water quality standard.

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(iii)] if the permit writer determines that any give pollutant has the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an in-stream excursion above the WQS, the permit must contain effluent limits for that pollutant.

Not Applicable; New Facility.

**ANTI-BACKSLIDING:**

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

- New facility, backsliding does not apply.

**COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:**

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

Not Applicable; The permittee/facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action.

**SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):**

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit.

Applicable; This permit provides a two year schedule of compliance for this facility to begin collecting samples, assessing and improving current conditions prior to enforcement of final limits.

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):**

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(k) *Best Management Practices (BMPs)* to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when: (1) Authorized under section 304(e) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) for the control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities; (2) Authorized under section 402(p) of the CWA for the control of storm water discharges; (3) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or (4) the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA.

In accordance with the EPA's *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators*, (Document number EPA 833-B-09-002) [published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in February 2009], BMPs are measures or practices used to reduce the amount of pollution entering (regarding this operating permit) waters of the state. BMPs may take the form of a process, activity, or physical structure.

Additionally in accordance with the Storm Water Management, a SWPPP is a series of steps and activities to (1) identify sources of pollution or contamination, and (2) select and carry out actions which prevent or control the pollution of storm water discharges.

Applicable; The permittee is required to develop a SWPPP within 90 days of issuance of this permit and has 1 year to fully implement all structural and procedural BMPs identified in the SWPPP.

**VARIANCE:**

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141.

Not Applicable; This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

**WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:**

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the Department to release into a given stream after the Department has determined total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality.

Not Applicable; Wasteload allocations were not calculated.

**WLA MODELING:**

There are two general types of effluent limitations, technology-based effluent limits (TBELs) and water quality based effluent limits (WQBELs). If TBELs do not provide adequate protection for the receiving waters, then WQBEL must be used.

Not Applicable; A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by Department staff.

**WATER QUALITY STANDARDS:**

Per [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], General Criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. Additionally, [40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)] directs the Department to establish in each NPDES permit to include conditions to achieve water quality established under Section 303 of the Clean Water Act, including State narrative criteria for water quality.

**WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:**

A WET test is a quantifiable method of determining if a discharge from a facility may be causing toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with or through synergistic responses when mixed with receiving stream water.

Not Applicable; At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

**303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):**

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

Not Applicable; This facility does not discharge to a 303(d) listed stream.

**Part IV – Effluent Limits Determination**

***Outfall #001***

Effluent limitations derived and established in the below Effluent Limitations Table are based on current operations of the facility. Future permit action due to facility modification may contain new operating permit terms and conditions that supersede the terms and conditions, including effluent limitations, of this operating permit.

**EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETER	UNIT	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE
Flow	MGD	*		
Chemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub>	mg/L	120		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	100		
pH - Units	SU	6.5-9.0		
Oil & Grease	mg/L	15		10
Aluminum, Total Recoverable	µg/L	750		
Copper, Total Recoverable	µg/L	22.1		
Iron, Total Recoverable	µg/L	300		
Lead, Total Recoverable	µg/L	20.8		
Zinc, Total Recoverable	µg/L	181		
Precipitation	inches	*		

\* - Monitoring requirement only

**OUTFALL 001 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

- **Flow.** In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification.
- **Chemical Oxygen Demand, Total Suspended Solids.** It is the permit writer’s best professional judgment that 120 mg/L of COD is a protective limit for pollutants in stormwater and is consistent with other stormwater permits including the EPA MSGP, Subsector N1. Due to the sensitive geological setting, limits apply instead of benchmarks.
- **pH.** 10 CSR 20-7.031 (4) (E).
- **Oil & Grease.** Conventional pollutant, effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.

- **Metals**

Effluent limitations for total recoverable metals were developed using methods and procedures outlined in the “Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxic Controls” (EPA/505/2-90-001) and “The Metals Translator: Guidance for Calculating a Total Recoverable Permit Limit From a Dissolved Criterion” (EPA 823-B-96-007). General warm-water fishery criteria apply and a water hardness of 162 mg/L is used in the conversion below.

Due to the absence of contemporaneous effluent and in-stream data for total recoverable metals, dissolved metals, hardness, and total suspended solids with which to calculate metals translators, partitioning between the dissolved and absorbed phases was assumed to be minimal (Section 5.7.3, EPA/505/2-90-001). Freshwater criteria conversion factors for dissolved metals were used as the metals translator as recommended in guidance (Section 1.3, 1.5.3, and Table 1, EPA 823-B-96-007). If concurrent site-specific data for total recoverable metals, dissolved metals, hardness, and total suspended solids are provided to the Department, partitioning evaluations may be considered and site-specific translators developed.

METAL	CONVERSION FACTORS
	ACUTE
Aluminum	1.000
Copper	0.960
Iron	1.000
Lead	0.721
Zinc	0.980

Conversion factors for Cd and Pb are hardness dependent. Values calculated using equation found in Section 1.3 of EPA 823-B-96-007 and hardness = 162 mg/L.

- **Aluminum, Total Recoverable.** Protection of Aquatic Life Acute Criteria = 750 µg/L. Due to the sensitive geological setting, limits apply instead of benchmarks.

$$\text{Acute} = 750/1.000 = 750 \text{ µg/L}$$

- **Copper, Total Recoverable.** Protection of Groundwater Chronic Criteria= 1,300 µg/L. The standard for protection of protection of aquatic life acute criteria is lower at 21.2 µg/L. The more protective of the two applies. Due to the sensitive geological setting, limits apply instead of benchmarks.

$$\text{Acute} = 21.2/0.960 = 22.1 \text{ µg/L}$$

- **Iron, Total Recoverable.** Protection of Aquatic Life Chronic Criteria = 1000 µg/L. The standard for protection of groundwater is lower at 300 µg/L. Because of the losing setting the chronic groundwater criteria was used. Due to the sensitive geological setting, limits apply instead of benchmarks.

$$\text{Chronic} = 300/1.000 = 300 \text{ µg/L}$$

- **Lead, Total Recoverable.** Protection of Aquatic Life Acute Criteria = 109 µg/L. The standard for protection of groundwater is lower at 15 µg/L. Because of the losing setting the chronic groundwater criteria was used. Due to the sensitive geological setting, limits apply instead of benchmarks.

$$\text{Acute} = 15/0.721 = 20.8 \text{ µg/L}$$

- **Zinc, Total Recoverable.** Protection of Groundwater Chronic Criteria = 5,000 µg/L. The standard for protection of protection of aquatic life acute criteria is lower at 177 µg/L. The more protective of the two applies. Due to the sensitive geological setting, limits apply instead of benchmarks.

$$\text{Acute} = 177/0.980 = 181 \text{ µg/L}$$

- **Precipitation.** The facility only discharges during precipitation events, therefore, the amount of daily rainfall is needed to determine how often the facility discharges.

## **Part V – Administrative Requirements**

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

### **PERMIT SYNCHRONIZATION:**

The Department of Natural Resources is currently undergoing a synchronization process for operating permits. Permits are normally issued on a five-year term, but to achieve synchronization many permits will need to be issued for less than the full five years allowed by regulation. The intent is that all permits within a watershed will move through the Watershed Based Management (WBM) cycle together will all expiring in the same fiscal year. This will allow further streamlining by placing multiple permits within a smaller geographic area on public notice simultaneously, thereby reducing repeated administrative efforts. This will also allow the Department to explore a watershed based permitting effort at some point in the future.

### **PUBLIC NOTICE:**

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing.

The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit.

For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from 08/30/2013 to 09/30/2013. Similar comments were received from the City of Nixa and Christian County expressing general concern about the nature of the discharge. Upon further review, the permit was revised to account for chronic groundwater criteria that are protective of local drinking water supplies. This revision was made because the receiving water body is a sinkhole.

- The Second Public Notice period for this operating permit was from 11/09/2013 to 12/08/2013. No responses were received.

**DATE OF FACT SHEET:** OCTOBER 10, 2013

### **COMPLETED BY:**

**AMANDA SAPPINGTON**  
**INDUSTRIAL PERMITS UNIT**  
**(573) 751-8728**  
**[amanda.sappington@dnr.mo.gov](mailto:amanda.sappington@dnr.mo.gov)**



STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS  
ISSUED BY  
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MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION  
REVISED  
NOVEMBER 1, 2013

These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

## Part I – General Conditions

### Section A – Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

1. **Sampling Requirements.**
  - a. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
  - b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.
2. **Monitoring Requirements.**
  - a. Records of monitoring information shall include:
    - i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
    - ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
    - iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
    - iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
    - v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
    - vi. The results of such analyses.
  - b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
3. **Sample and Monitoring Calculations.** Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
4. **Test Procedures.** The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is “sufficiently sensitive” when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility’s discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
5. **Record Retention.** Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee’s sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

6. **Illegal Activities.**
  - a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four (4) years, or both.
  - b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

### Section B – Reporting Requirements

1. **Planned Changes.**
  - a. The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
    - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
    - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42(a)(1);
    - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee’s sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
    - iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.
2. **Twenty-Four Hour Reporting.**
  - a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



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- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
    - i. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
    - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
    - iii. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
  - c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
3. **Sanitary Sewer Overflow Reporting.** The following requirements solely reflect reporting obligations, and reporting does not necessarily reflect noncompliance, which may depend on the circumstances of the incident reported.
- a. **Twenty-Four Hour (24-Hour) Reporting.** The permittee or owner shall report any incident in which wastewater escapes the collection system such that it reaches waters of the state or it may pose an imminent or substantial endangerment to the health or welfare of persons. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the incident. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee or owner becomes aware of the incident. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours. The five (5) day reports may be provided via the current electronic method approved by the Department.
  - b. **Incidents Reported via Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).** The permittee or owner shall report any event in which wastewater escapes the collection system, which does not enter waters of the state and is not expected to pose an imminent or substantial endangerment to the health or welfare of persons, which occur typically during wet weather events. Relevant information shall be provided with the permittee's or owner's DMRs.
4. **Anticipated Noncompliance.** The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or activity.
5. **Compliance Schedules.** Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
6. **Other Noncompliance.** The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, 4, and 7 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
7. **Other Information.** Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
8. **Discharge Monitoring Reports.**
- a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the permit.
  - b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
  - c. Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the 28<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the end of the reporting period.

## Section C – Bypass/Upset Requirements

1. **Definitions.**
  - a. *Bypass*: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
  - b. *Severe Property Damage*: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
  - c. *Upset*: an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
2. **Bypass Requirements.**
  - a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.
  - b. Notice.
    - i. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
    - ii. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).
  - c. Prohibition of bypass.
    - i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
      1. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
      2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
      3. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2. b. of this section.
    - ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.
3. **Upset Requirements.**
  - a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
  - b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
    - i. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
    - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
    - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
    - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
  - c. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.



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Section D – Administrative Requirements

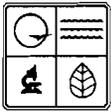
1. **Duty to Comply.** The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
  - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
  - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.
  - c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class I penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
  - d. It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.
2. **Duty to Reapply.**
  - a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
  - b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
  - c. A permittees with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
3. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.** It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
4. **Duty to Mitigate.** The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
5. **Proper Operation and Maintenance.** The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
6. **Permit Actions.**
  - a. Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
    - i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;
    - ii. Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully any relevant facts;
    - iii. A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
    - iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
  - b. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.



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7. **Permit Transfer.**
  - a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
  - b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
  - c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
8. **Toxic Pollutants.** The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
9. **Property Rights.** This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
10. **Duty to Provide Information.** The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
11. **Inspection and Entry.** The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
  - a. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
  - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
  - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.
12. **Closure of Treatment Facilities.**
  - a. Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
  - b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.
13. **Signatory Requirement.**
  - a. All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
  - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
14. **Severability.** The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.

MO -0137413  
AP 15184 C11333



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION CONTROL BRANCH  
**FORM A - APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OR OPERATING PERMIT  
UNDER MISSOURI CLEAN WATER LAW**

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY	
CHECK NUMBER	1054
DATE RECEIVED	4-18-13
FEE SUBMITTED	1350.00

**Note** ▶ PLEASE READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM. 417-739-3037

1. This application is for:

- An operating permit and antidegradation review public notice
- A construction permit following an appropriate operating permit and antidegradation review public notice
- A construction permit and concurrent operating permit and antidegradation review public notice
- A construction permit (submitted before Aug. 30, 2008 or antidegradation review is not required)
- An operating permit for a new or unpermitted facility Construction Permit # \_\_\_\_\_
- An operating permit renewal: permit # MO-\_\_\_\_\_ Expiration Date \_\_\_\_\_
- An operating permit modification: permit # MO-\_\_\_\_\_ Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

1.1 Is the appropriate fee included with the application? (See instructions for appropriate fee)  YES  NO

**2. FACILITY**

NAME Triple P Recycling		TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333	
ADDRESS (PHYSICAL) 441 W. Tracker Road		CITY Nixa	STATE ZIP CODE MO 65714

**3. OWNER**

NAME Triple P Recycling, LLC		E-MAIL ADDRESS	TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333
ADDRESS (MAILING) 441 W. Tracker Road		CITY Nixa	STATE ZIP CODE MO 65714

3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice?  YES  NO

**4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY**

NAME Triple P Recycling, LLC		TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333	
ADDRESS (MAILING) 441 W. Tracker Road		CITY Nixa	STATE ZIP CODE MO 65714

**5. OPERATOR**

NAME Marsha Pamperien (marsha.pamperien@gmail.com)		CERTIFICATE NUMBER n/a	TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333
ADDRESS (MAILING) 441 W. Tracker Road		CITY Nixa	STATE ZIP CODE MO 65714

**6. FACILITY CONTACT**

NAME Marsha Pamperien		TITLE Member	TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333
			FAX

**7. ADDITIONAL FACILITY INFORMATION**

7.1 Legal Description of Outfalls. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

001 SE 1/4 SE 1/4 Sec 2 T 27 R 22 Christ County  
UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 1406794.49 Northing (Y): 449602.01  
*For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)*

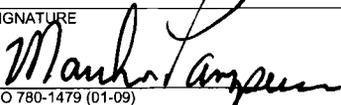
002 1/4 1/4 Sec T R County  
UTM Coordinates Easting (X): Northing (Y):

003 1/4 1/4 Sec T R County  
UTM Coordinates Easting (X): Northing (Y):

004 1/4 1/4 Sec T R County  
UTM Coordinates Easting (X): Northing (Y):

7.2 Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and Facility North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) Codes.

001 - SIC 5093 and NAICS 423930 002 - SIC and NAICS  
003 - SIC and NAICS 004 - SIC and NAICS

<b>8. ADDITIONAL FORMS AND MAPS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THIS APPLICATION</b> (Complete all forms that are applicable.)			
A.	Is your facility a manufacturing, commercial, mining or silviculture waste treatment facility? If yes, complete Form C (unless storm water only, then complete U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Form 2F per Item C below).	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
B.	Is your facility considered a "Primary Industry" under EPA guidelines? If yes, complete Forms C and D.	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C.	Is application for storm water discharges only? If yes, complete EPA Form 2F.	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D.	Attach a map showing all outfalls and the receiving stream at 1" = 2,000' scale.		
E.	Is wastewater land applied? If yes, complete Form I.	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
F.	Is sludge, biosolids, ash or residuals generated, treated, stored or land applied? If yes, complete Form R.	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>9. DOWNSTREAM LANDOWNER(S)</b> Attach additional sheets as necessary. See Instructions. (PLEASE SHOW LOCATION ON MAP. SEE 8.D ABOVE).			
NAME Elite Storage Centers			
ADDRESS P.O. Box 1105		CITY Nixa	STATE ZIP CODE MO 65714
<b>10.</b> I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application, that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete and accurate, and if granted this permit, I agree to abide by the Missouri Clean Water Law and all rules, regulations, orders and decisions, subject to any legitimate appeal available to applicant under the Missouri Clean Water Law to the Missouri Clean Water Commission.			
NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT) Marsha Pamperien, Member		TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333	
SIGNATURE 		DATE SIGNED 4-11-13	

MO 780-1479 (01-09)

**BEFORE MAILING, PLEASE ENSURE ALL SECTIONS ARE COMPLETED AND ADDITIONAL FORMS, IF APPLICABLE, ARE INCLUDED.**

Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.

HAVE YOU INCLUDED:

- Appropriate Fees?
- Map at 1" = 2000' scale?
- Signature?
- Form C, if applicable?
- Form D, if applicable?
- Form 2F, if applicable?
- Form I (Irrigation), if applicable?
- Form R (Sludge), if applicable?



**INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM A  
APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OR OPERATING PERMIT**

1. Check which option is applicable. **Do not check more than one item.** Construction and operating permit refer to permits issued by the Department of Natural Resources' Water Protection Program, Water Pollution Control Branch. Effective Sept. 1, 2008, a facility will be required to use **MISSOURI'S ANTIDegradation Rule AND IMPLEMENTATION PROCEDURE**. For more information, this document can be reviewed at [www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/docs/aip-cwc-appr-050708.pdf](http://www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/docs/aip-cwc-appr-050708.pdf). This procedure will be applicable to new and expanded wastewater facilities and requires the proposed discharge to a water body to undergo a level of Antidegradation Review, which documents that the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified.

- 1.1 An operating permit and antidegradation review public notice requires a Water Quality/Antidegradation Review Sheet to be submitted with the application (No fee required).

**CONSTRUCTION PERMIT FEES**

- A. \$750 for a sewage treatment facility with a design flow of less than 500,000 gallons per day.  
B. \$2,200 for a sewage treatment facility with a design flow of 500,000 gallons per day or more.  
Different application and construction fees are applicable if only sewer and/or lift stations are to be constructed.

**OPERATING PERMIT FEES**

**If the application is for a site-specific permit re-issuance, send no fees..** You will be invoiced separately by the department.

Discharges covered by section 644.052.4 RSMo. (Primary or Categorical Facilities)

- \$3,500 for a design flow under 1 mgd  
\$5,000 for a design flow of 1 mgd or more

- A. Discharges covered by section 644.052.5 RSMo. (Secondary or Non-Categorical Facilities).

- \$1,500 for a design flow under 1 million gallons per day (mpg)  
\$2,500 for a design flow of 1 mgd or more

**SITE-SPECIFIC STORM WATER DISCHARGE FEES**

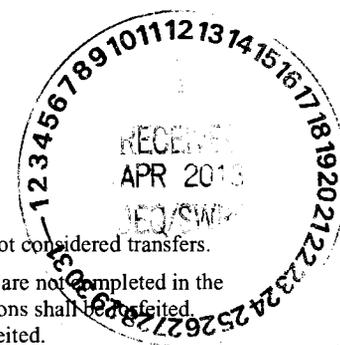
- A. \$1,350 for a design flow under 1 mgd.  
B. \$2,350 for a design flow of 1 mgd or more.

**OPERATING PERMIT MODIFICATIONS**, including transfers, are subject to the following fees:

- A. Municipals - \$200 each.  
B. All others - 25 percent of annual fee.

Note: Facility name and address changes where owner, operator and continuing authority remain the same are not considered transfers.

Incomplete permit applications and/or related engineering documents will be returned by the department if they are not completed in the time frame established in a comment letter from the department to the owner. Permit fees for returned applications shall be forfeited. Permit fees for applications being processed by the department that are withdrawn by the applicant shall be forfeited.



2. Facility - Provide the name by which this facility is known locally. Example: Southwest Sewage Treatment Plant, Country Club Mobile Home Park, etc. Also include the street address or location of the facility. If the facility lacks a street name or route number, give the names of the closest intersection, highway, county road, etc.
3. Owner - Provide the legal name and address of owner.
- 3.1 Prior to submitting a permit to public notice, the department shall provide the permit applicant 10 days to review the draft permit for nonsubstantive drafting errors. In the interest of expediting permit issuance, permit applicants may waive the opportunity to review draft permits prior to public notice. Check YES to review the draft permit prior to public notice. Check NO to waive the process and expedite the permit.
4. Continuing Authority - Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. The regulatory requirement regarding continuing authority is available at [www.sos.mo.gov/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6a.pdf](http://www.sos.mo.gov/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6a.pdf) or contact the appropriate Department of Natural Resources Regional Office.
5. Operator - Provide the name, certificate number and telephone number of the person operating the facility.
6. Provide the name, title and work telephone number of a person who is thoroughly familiar with the operation of the facility and with the facts reported in this application and who can be contacted by the department, if necessary.
- 7.1 An outfall is the point at which wastewater is discharged. Outfalls should be given in terms of the legal description of the facility. Global Positioning System, or GPS, is a satellite-based navigation system. The department prefers that a GPS receiver is used at the outfall pipe and the displayed coordinates submitted. If access to a GPS receiver is not available, please use a mapping system to approximate the coordinates; the department's mapping system is available at [www.dnr.mo.gov/internetmapviewer/](http://www.dnr.mo.gov/internetmapviewer/).
- 7.2 List only your primary Standard Industrial Classification, or SIC, and North American Industry Classification System code for each outfall. The SIC system was devised by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget to cover all economic activities. To find the correct SIC code, an applicant may check his or her unemployment insurance forms or contact the Missouri Division of Employment Security, 573-751-3215. The primary SIC code is that of the operation that generates the most revenue. If this information is not available, the number of employees or, secondly, production rate may be used to determine your SIC code. Additional information is on the Web for Standard Industrial Codes at [www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sicsearch.html](http://www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sicsearch.html) and for the North American Industry Classification System at [www.census.gov/naics](http://www.census.gov/naics) or contact the appropriate Department of Natural Resources Regional Office.

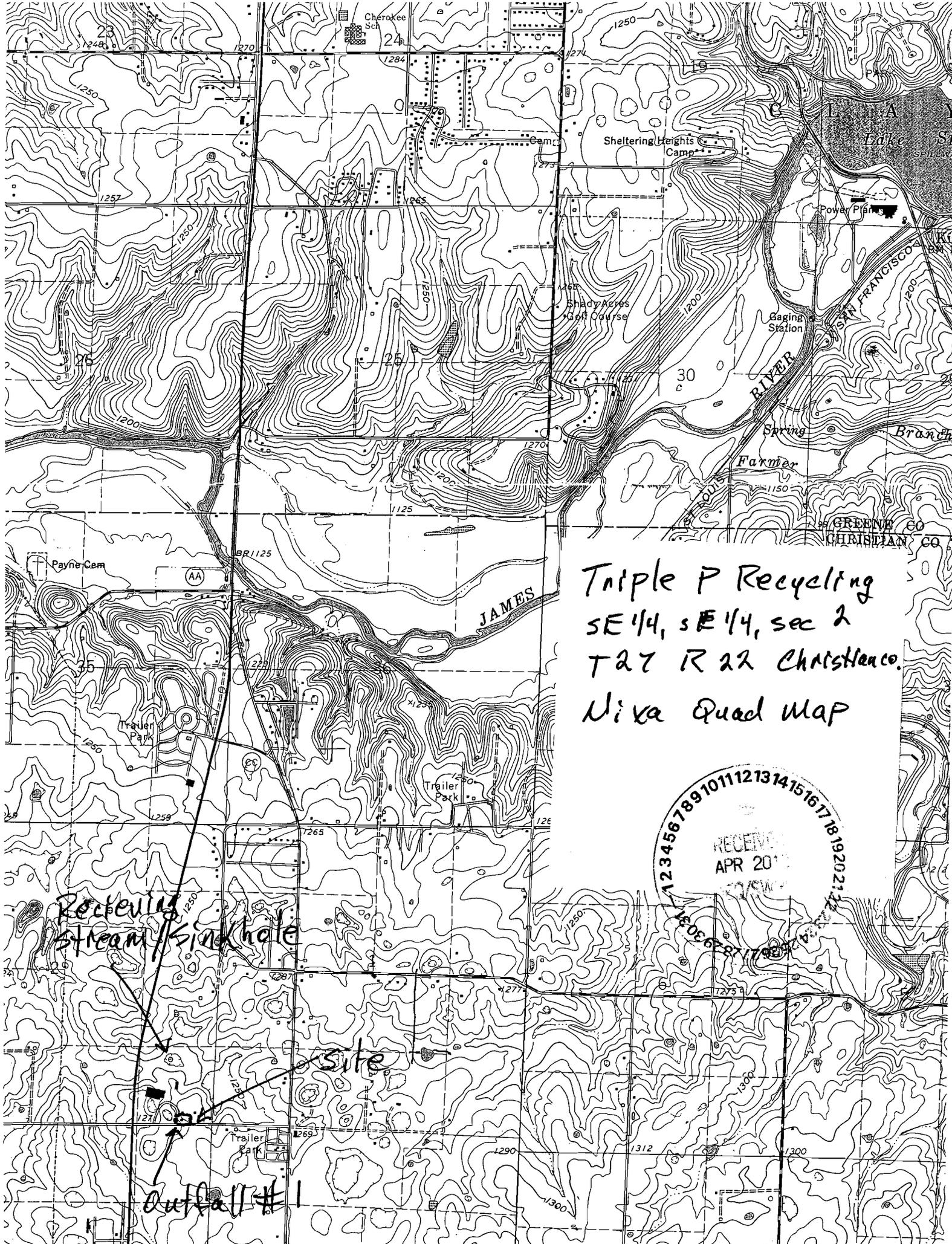
**INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM A  
APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OR OPERATING PERMIT  
(CONTINUED)**

8. If you answer yes to A, B, C, D, E or F, then you must complete and file the supplementary form(s) indicated. A U.S. Geological Survey 1" = 2,000' scale map must be submitted with the permit application showing all outfalls, the receiving stream and the location of the downstream property owners. This type of map is available on the Web at [www.dnr.mo.gov/internetmapviewer/](http://www.dnr.mo.gov/internetmapviewer/) or from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Division of Geology and Land Survey in Rolla at 573-368-2125.
9. Please provide the name and address of the first downstream landowner, different from that of the permitted facility, through whose property the discharge will flow. Also, please indicate the location on the map. For discharges that leave the permitted facility and flow under a road or highway, or along the right-of-way, the downstream property owner is the landowner that the discharge flows to after leaving the right-of-way. For no discharge facilities, provide this information for the location where discharge would flow if there was one. For land application sites, include the owners of the land application sites and all adjacent landowners.
10. Signature - All applications must be signed as follows and the signature must be **original**:
- A. For a corporation, by an officer having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity or for environmental matters.
  - B. For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor.
  - C. For a municipal, state, federal or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or by an individual having overall responsibility for environmental matters at the facility.

This completed form, along with the applicable permit fees, should be submitted to the appropriate Regional Office. Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned. A map of the department's regional offices with addresses and phone numbers can be viewed on the Web at [www.dnr.mo.gov/regions/ro-map.pdf](http://www.dnr.mo.gov/regions/ro-map.pdf). If there are any questions concerning this form, contact the appropriate Regional Office or the Department of Natural Resources' Water Protection Program, Water Pollution Control Branch, Permits and Engineering Section at 573-751-6825.

MO 780-1479 (01-09)





Triple P Recycling  
SE 1/4, SE 1/4, sec 2  
T 27 R 22 Chatsteno Co.  
Nixa Quad Map

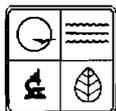


Rectangular Stream Sinkhole

site

Outfall #1

RECEIVED



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APR 17 2013  
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION BRANCH  
**FORM C – APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE PERMIT –**  
**MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING, PROTECTION PROGRAM,**  
**SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS, PROCESS & STORM WATER**

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY	
CHECK NO.	
DATE RECEIVED	FEE SUBMITTED

**TE: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO COMPLETE THIS FORM BEFORE READING THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUCTIONS**

1.00 NAME OF FACILITY  
Triple P Recycling

1.10 THIS FACILITY IS NOW IN OPERATION UNDER MISSOURI OPERATING PERMIT NUMBER  
n/a

1.20 THIS IS A NEW FACILITY AND WAS CONSTRUCTED UNDER MISSOURI CONSTRUCTION PERMIT NUMBER (COMPLETE ONLY IF THIS FACILITY DOES NOT HAVE AN OPERATING PERMIT).  
n/a

2.00 LIST THE STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC) CODES APPLICABLE TO YOUR FACILITY (FOUR DIGIT CODE)

A. FIRST 5093 B. SECOND \_\_\_\_\_  
 C. THIRD \_\_\_\_\_ D. FOURTH \_\_\_\_\_

2.10 FOR EACH OUTFALL GIVE THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION.

OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST) SE 1/4 SE 1/4 SEC 2 T 27 R 22 Christian COUNTY

2.20 FOR EACH OUTFALL LIST THE NAME OF THE RECEIVING WATER

OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST)	RECEIVING WATER
#1	Sinkhole to the North of the Site (see map)

2.30 BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE NATURE OF YOUR BUSINESS

Scrap metal recycling including the purchase and selling of aluminum cans, aluminum, wheels, copper, brass, stainless steel, breakage, coated wire, batteries, lead (clean), tin, appliances, long iron, short iron and vehicles.





**2.40 CONTINUED**

C. EXCEPT FOR STORM RUNOFF, LEAKS OR SPILLS, ARE ANY OF THE DISCHARGES DESCRIBED IN ITEMS A OR B INTERMITTENT OR SEASONAL?

YES (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING TABLE)  NO (GO TO SECTION 2.50)

1. OUTFALL NUMBER <i>(list)</i>	2. OPERATION(S) CONTRIBUTING FLOW <i>(list)</i>	3. FREQUENCY		4. FLOW				C. DURATION <i>(in days)</i>
		A. DAYS PER WEEK <i>(specify average)</i>	B. MONTHS PER YEAR <i>(specify average)</i>	A. FLOW RATE <i>(in mgd)</i>		B. TOTAL VOLUME <i>(specify with units)</i>		
				1. LONG TERM AVERAGE	2. MAXIMUM DAILY	4. LONG TERM DAILY	3. MAXIMUM AVERAGE	

**2.50 MAXIMUM PRODUCTION**

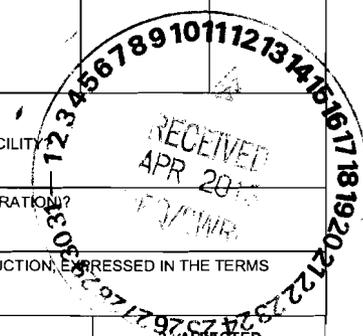
A. DOES AN EFFLUENT GUIDELINE LIMITATION PROMULGATED BY EPA UNDER SECTION 304 OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT APPLY TO YOUR FACILITY?

YES (COMPLETE B.)  NO (GO TO SECTION 2.60)

B. ARE THE LIMITATIONS IN THE APPLICABLE EFFLUENT GUIDELINES EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF PRODUCTION (OF OTHER MEASURE OF OPERATION)?

YES (COMPLETE c.)  NO (GO TO SECTION 2.60)

C. IF YOU ANSWERED "YES" TO B. LIST THE QUANTITY THAT REPRESENTS AN ACTUAL MEASUREMENT OF YOUR MAXIMUM LEVEL OF PRODUCTION, EXPRESSED IN THE TERMS AND UNITS USED IN THE APPLICABLE EFFLUENT GUIDELINE AND INDICATE THE AFFECTED OUTFALLS.



1. MAXIMUM QUANTITY			2. AFFECTED OUTFALLS <i>(list outfall numbers)</i>
A. QUANTITY PER DAY	B. UNITS OF MEASURE	C. OPERATION, PRODUCT, MATERIAL, ETC. <i>(specify)</i>	

**2.60 IMPROVEMENTS**

A. ARE YOU NOW REQUIRED BY ANY FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL AUTHORITY TO MEET, ANY IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, UPGRADING OR OPERATION OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT EQUIPMENT OR PRACTICES OR ANY OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS THAT MAY AFFECT THE DISCHARGES DESCRIBED IN THIS APPLICATION? THIS INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, PERMIT CONDITIONS, ADMINISTRATIVE OR ENFORCEMENT ORDERS, ENFORCEMENT COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE LETTERS, STIPULATIONS, COURT ORDERS AND GRANT OR LOAN CONDITIONS.

YES (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING TABLE)  NO (GO TO 3.00)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF CONDITION AGREEMENT, ETC.	2. AFFECTED OUTFALLS	3. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT	4. FINAL COMPLIANCE DATE	
			A. REQUIRED	B. PROJECTED

B. OPTIONAL: YOU MAY ATTACH ADDITIONAL SHEETS DESCRIBING ANY ADDITIONAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAMS (OR OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECTS THAT MAY AFFECT YOUR DISCHARGES) YOU NOW HAVE UNDER WAY OR ARE YOU PLANNING. INDICATE WHETHER EACH PROGRAM IS NOW UNDER WAY OR PLANNED, AND INDICATE YOUR ACTUAL OR PLANNED SCHEDULES FOR CONSTRUCTION.

MARK "X" IF DESCRIPTION OF ADDITIONAL CONTROL PROGRAMS IS ATTACHED.



3.10 BIOLOGICAL TOXICITY TESTING DATA

DO YOU HAVE ANY KNOWLEDGE OR REASON TO BELIEVE THAT ANY BIOLOGICAL TEST FOR ACUTE OR CHRONIC TOXICITY HAS BEEN MADE ON ANY OF YOUR DISCHARGES OR ON RECEIVING WATER IN RELATION TO YOUR DISCHARGE WITHIN THE LAST THREE YEARS?

YES (IDENTIFY THE TEST(S) AND DESCRIBE THEIR PURPOSES BELOW.)  NO (GO TO 3.20)



3.20 CONTRACT ANALYSIS INFORMATION

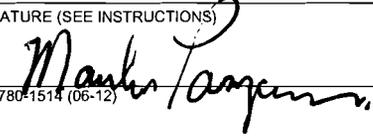
WERE ANY OF THE ANALYSES REPORTED PERFORMED BY A CONTRACT LABORATORY OR CONSULTING FIRM?

YES (LIST THE NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF AND POLLUTANTS ANALYZED BY EACH SUCH LABORATORY OR FIRM BELOW.)  NO (GO TO 3.30)

A. NAME	B. ADDRESS	C. TELEPHONE (area code and number)	D. POLLUTANTS ANALYZED (list)

3.30 CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this application and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT) Marsha Pamperien, Member	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (417) 725-4333
SIGNATURE (SEE INSTRUCTIONS) 	DATE SIGNED 4-11-13

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheet instead of completing these pages.  
 (Use the same format)  
 SEE INSTRUCTIONS

FORM C  
 TABLE 1 FOR 3.00 ITEM A AND B

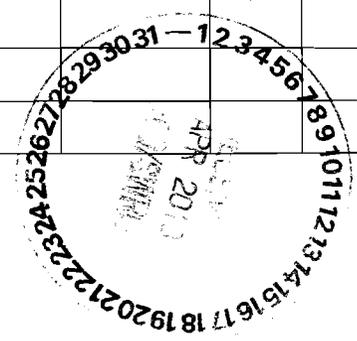
<b>INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS</b>	OUTFALL NO.
--	-------------

PART A – You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details.

1. POLLUTANT	2. EFFLUENT						3. UNITS (specify if blank)		4. INTAKE (optional)			
	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE		B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE <i>(if available)</i>		C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE <i>(if available)</i>		D. NO. OF ANALYSES	A. CONCEN- TRATION	B. MASS	A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE		B. NO. OF ANALYSES
	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS				(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	
A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)												
B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)												
C. Total organic Carbon (TOC)												
D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)												
E. Ammonia (as N)												
F. Flow	VALUE		VALUE		VALUE					VALUE		
G. Temperature (winter)	VALUE		VALUE		VALUE			°C		VALUE		
H. Temperature (summer)	VALUE		VALUE		VALUE			°C		VALUE		
I. pH	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM				STANDARD UNITS				

PART B – Mark "X" in column 2-a for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark "X" in column 2-b for each pollutant you believe to be absent. If you mark column 2-a for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least one analysis for that pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements.

1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER <i>(if available)</i>	2. MARK "X"		3. EFFLUENT						4. UNITS		5. INTAKE (optional)			
	A. BELIEVED PRESENT	B. BELIEVED ABSENT	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE		B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE <i>(if available)</i>		C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE <i>(if available)</i>		D. NO. OF ANALYSES	A. CONCEN- TRATION	B. MASS	A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE		B. NO. OF ANALYSES
			(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS				(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	
A. Bromide (24959-67-9)														
B. Chlorine Total Residual														
C. Color														
D. Fecal Coliform														
E. Fluoride (16984-48-8)														
F. Nitrate— Nitrate (as N)														



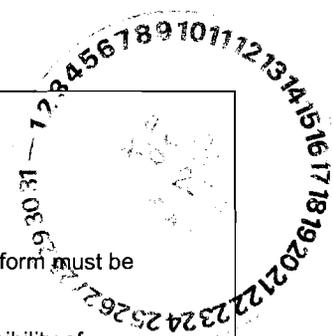
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER (if available)	2. MARK "X"		3. EFFLUENT						4. UNITS		5. INTAKE (optional)			
	A. BELIEVED PRESENT	B. BELIEVED ABSENT	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE		B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE (if available)		C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (if available)		D. NO. OF ANALYSES	A. CONCEN- TRATION	B. MASS	A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE		B. NO. OF ANALYSES
			(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS				(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	
G. Nitrogen														
Total Organic (as N)														
H. Oil and Grease														
I. Phosphorus (as P)														
Total (7723-14-0)														
J. Sulfate (as SO <sup>4</sup> )														
(14808-79-8)														
K. Sulfide (as S)														
L. Sulfite (as SO <sup>3</sup> )														
(14265-45-3)														
M. Surfactants														
N. Aluminum														
Total (7429-90-5)														
O. Barium														
Total (7440-39-3)														
P. Boron														
Total (7440-42-8)														
Q. Cobalt														
Total (7440-48-4)														
R. Iron														
Total (7439-89-6)														
S. Magnesium														
Total (7439-95-4)														
T. Molybdenum														
Total (7439-98-7)														
U. Manganese														
Total (7439-96-5)														
V. Tin														
Total (7440-31-5)														
W. Titanium														
Total (7440-32-6)														



1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER (if available)	2. MARK "X"		3. EFFLUENT						4. UNITS		5. INTAKE (optional)			
	A. BELIEVED PRESENT	B. BELIEVED ABSENT	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE		B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE (if available)		C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (if available)		D. NO. OF ANALYSES	A. CONCEN- TRATION	B. MASS	A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE		B. NO. OF ANALYSES
			(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS				(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	
<b>METALS, AND TOTAL PHENOLS</b>														
1M. Antimony, Total (7440-36-9)														
2M. Beryllium, Total (7440-41-7)														
3M. Magnesium, Total (7439-95-4)														
4M. Molybdenum, Total (7439-98-7)														
5M. Tin, Total (7440-31-5)														
6M. Titanium, Total (7440-32-6)														
7M. Mercury, Total (7439-97-6)														
8M. Selenium, Total (7782-49-2)														
9M. Thallium, Total (7440-28-0)														
10M. Phenols, Total														
<b>RADIOACTIVITY</b>														
(1) Alpha Total														
(2) Beta Total														
(3) Radium Total														
(4) Radium 226 Total														



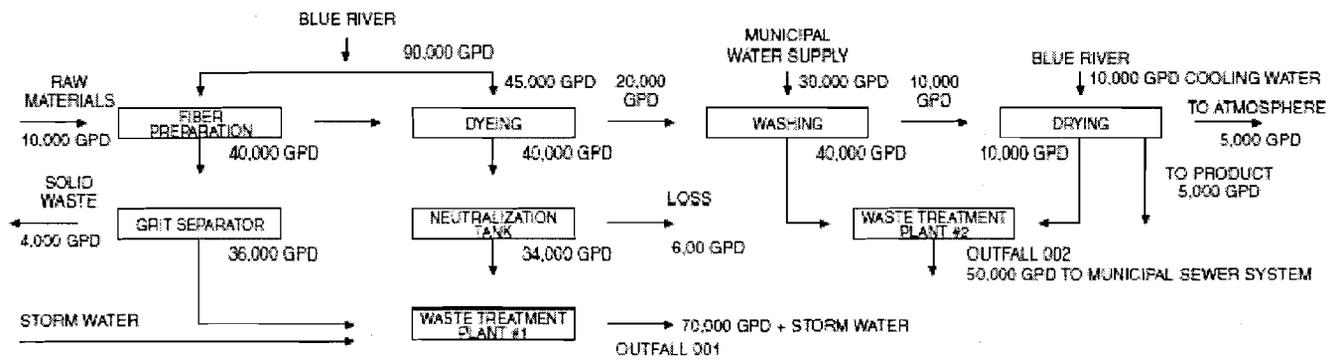
**INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OUT APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE  
PERMIT FORM C – MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL,  
MINING AND SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS.**



All blanks must be filled in when the application is submitted to the appropriate regional office (see map). The form must be signed as indicated.

This application is to be completed only for wastewater facilities with a discharge. Include any facility with possibility of discharge, even if normally there is no discharge. If this form is not adequate for you to describe your existing operation, then sufficient information should be attached so that an evaluation of the discharge can be made.

- 1.00 Name of Facility – By what title or name is this facility known locally?
- 1.10 and 1.20 Self-explanatory.
- 2.00 List in descending order of significance the four digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes that best describe your facility in terms of the principal products or services you produce or provide. Also, specify each classification in words.  
  
SIC code numbers are descriptions that may be found in the "Standard Industrial Classification Manual" prepared by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, that is available from the Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. Use the current edition of the manual. If you have any questions concerning the appropriate SIC code for your facility, contact the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Regional office in your area (see map).
- 2.10 Point of discharge should be given in terms of the legal description of the waste treatment plant, location or sufficient information so that it may be located by the Missouri Clean Water Commission staff.
- 2.20 Receiving Water – the name of the stream to which the discharge is directed and any subsequent tributary until a continuous flowing stream is reached.
- 2.30 Self-explanatory.
- 2.40 A. The line drawing should show generally the route taken by water in your facility from intake to discharge. Show all operations contributing wastewater, including process and production areas, sanitary flows, cooling water and storm water runoff. You may group similar operations into a single unit labeled to correspond to the more detailed listing. The water balance should show average and maximum flows. Show all significant losses of water to products, atmosphere, discharge and public sewer systems. You should use actual measurements whenever available; otherwise, use your best estimate. An example of any acceptable line drawing appears below.

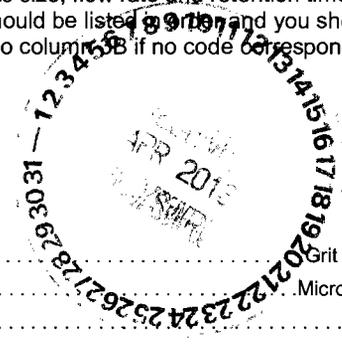


NOTE: AVERAGE FIGURES SHOWN ARE 80 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM FLOW RATES.

SCHEMATIC OF WATER FLOW  
BROWN MILLS, INC.  
CITY, COUNTY, STATE

B. List all sources of wastewater to each outfall. Operations may be described in general terms (for example, "dye-making reactor" or a distillation tower"). You may estimate the flow contributed by each source if no data is available, and for storm water, you may use any reasonable measure of duration, volume or frequency. For each treatment unit, indicate its size, flow rate and retention time, and describe the ultimate disposal of any solid or liquid wastes not discharged. Treatment units should be listed in column 3B and you should select the proper code from Table A to fill in column 3B for each treatment unit. Insert "XX" into column 3B if no code corresponds to a treatment unit you list.

**TABLE A – CODES FOR TREATMENT UNITS**



**PHYSICAL TREATMENT PROCESSES**

1-A	.....Ammonia Stripping	1-M	.....Grit Removal
1-B	.....Dialysis	1-N	.....Microstraining
1-C	.....Diatomaceous Earth Filtration	1-O	.....Mixing
1-D	.....Distillation	1-P	.....Moving Bed Filters
1-E	.....Electrodialysis	1-Q	.....Multimedia Filtration
1-F	.....Evaporation	1-R	.....Rapid Sand Filtration
1-G	.....Flocculation	1-S	.....Reverse Osmosis (Hyperfiltration)
1-H	.....Flotation	1-T	.....Screening
1-I	.....Foam Fractionation	1-U	.....Sedimentation (Settling)
1-J	.....Freezing	1-V	.....Slow Sand Filtration
1-K	.....Gas-Phase Separation	1-W	.....Solvent Extraction
1-L	.....Grinding (Comminutors)	1-X	.....Sorption

**CHEMICAL TREATMENT PROCESSES**

2-A	.....Carbon Absorption	2-G	.....Disinfection (Ozone)
2-B	.....Chemical Oxidation	2-H	.....Disinfection (Other)
2-C	.....Chemical Precipitation	2-I	.....Electrochemical Treatment
2-D	.....Coagulation	2-J	.....Ion Exchange
2-E	.....Dechlorination	2-K	.....Neutralization
2-F	.....Disinfection (Chlorine)	2-L	.....Reduction

**BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT PROCESSES**

3-A	.....Activated Sludge	3-E	.....Pre-Aeration
3-B	.....Aerated Lagoons	3-F	.....Spray Irrigation/Land Application
3-C	.....Anaerobic Treatment	3-G	.....Stabilization Ponds
3-D	.....Nitrification-Denitrification	3-H	.....Trickling Filtration

**OTHER PROCESSES**

4-A	.....Discharge to Surface Water	4-C	.....Reuse/Recycle of Treated Effluent
4-B	.....Ocean Discharge Through Outfall	4-D	.....Underground Injection

**SLUDGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL PROCESSES**

5-A	.....Aerobic Digestion	5-M	.....Heat Drying
5-B	.....Anaerobic Digestion	5-N	.....Heat Treatment
5-C	.....Belt Filtration	5-O	.....Incineration
5-D	.....Centrifugation	5-P	.....Land Application
5-E	.....Chemical Conditioning	5-Q	.....Landfill
5-F	.....Chlorine Treatment	5-R	.....Pressure Filtration
5-G	.....Composting	5-S	.....Pyrolysis
5-H	.....Drying Beds	5-T	.....Sludge Lagoons
5-I	.....Elutriation	5-U	.....Vacuum Filtration
5-J	.....Flotation Thickening	5-V	.....Vibration
5-K	.....Freezing	5-W	.....Web Oxidation
5-L	.....Gravity Thickening		

2.40 C. A discharge is intermittent unless it occurs without interruption during the operating hours of the facility, except for infrequent shutdowns for maintenance, process changes or other similar activities. A discharge is seasonal if it occurs only during certain parts of the year. Fill in every applicable column in this item for each source of intermittent or seasonal discharges. Base your answers on actual data whenever available; otherwise, provide your best estimate. Report the highest daily value for flow rate and total volume in the "Maximum Daily" columns. Report the average of all daily values measures during days when discharge occurred within the last year in the "Long Term Average" columns.

2.50 A. All effluent guidelines promulgated by EPA appear in the Federal Register and are published annually in 40 CFR Subchapter N. A guideline applies to you if you have any operations contributing process wastewater in any subcategory covered by BPT, BCT, or BAT guidelines. If you are unsure whether you are covered by a promulgated effluent guideline, check with your Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Regional Office. You must check yes if an applicable effluent guideline has been promulgated, even if the guideline limitations are being contested in court. If you believe that a promulgated effluent guideline has been remanded for reconsideration by a court and does not apply to your operations, you may check  No.

B. An effluent guideline is expressed in terms of production (or other measure of operation) if the limitations are expressed as mass of pollutant per operational parameter; for example, "pounds of BOD per cubic foot of logs from which bark is removed," or "pounds of TSS per megawatt hour of electrical energy consumed by smelting furnace." An example of a guideline not expressed in terms of a measure of operation is one which limits the concentration of pollutants.

C. This item must be completed only if you checked yes to item B. The production information requested here is necessary to apply effluent guidelines to your facility and you may not claim it as confidential. However, you do not have to indicate how the reported information was calculated.

Report quantities in the units of measurement used in the applicable effluent guideline. The figures provided must be a measure of actual operation over a one month period, such as the production for the highest month during the last twelve months, or the monthly average production for the highest year of the last five years, or other reasonable measure of actual operation, but may not be based on design capacity or on predictions of future increases in operation.

2.60 A. If you check yes to this question, complete all parts of the chart, or attach a copy of any previous submission you have made containing the same information.

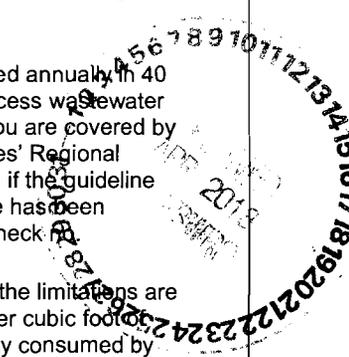
B. You are not required to submit a description of future pollution control projects if you do not wish to or if none is planned.

3.00 These items require you to collect and report data on the pollutants discharged from each of your outfalls. Each part of this item addresses a different set of pollutants and must be completed in accordance with the specific instructions for that part. The following general instructions apply to the entire item.

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.** Part A requires you to report at least one analysis for each pollutant. Part B requires you to mark "X" in either the "Believe Present" column or the "Believe Absent" column (column 2A or 2B, Part B) based on your best estimate, and test for those which you believe to be present. Part C requires you to list any of a group of pollutants which you believe to be present, with a brief explanation of why you believe it to be present. (See specific instructions on the form and below Parts A through C).

Base your determination that a pollutant is present in or absent from your discharge on your knowledge of your raw materials, maintenance chemicals, intermediate and final products and byproducts, and any previous analyses known to you of your effluent or of any similar effluent. (For example, if you manufacture pesticides, you should expect those pesticides to be present in contaminated storm water runoff.) If you would expect a pollutant to be present solely as a result of its presence in your intake water, you must mark "Believe Present" but you are not required to analyze for that pollutant. Instead, mark an "X" in the "Intake" column.

**REPORTING.** All levels must be reported as a concentration and as total mass. You may report some or all of the required data by attaching separate sheets of paper. (Use the following abbreviations in the columns headed "Units" (column 3, Part A, and column 4, Part B).



**CONCENTRATION**

ppm ..... parts per million  
 mg/L ..... milligrams per liter  
 ppb ..... parts per billion  
 ug/L ..... micrograms per liter

**MASS**

lbs ..... pounds  
 ton ..... tons (English tons)  
 mg ..... Milligrams  
 g ..... grams  
 kg ..... kilograms  
 T ..... tonnes (metric tons)

If you measure only one daily value, complete only the "Maximum Daily Values" columns and insert "1" into the "number of analyses" columns (columns 2A and 2B, Part A, and columns 3A and 3D, Part B). The Missouri Department of Natural Resources may require you to conduct additional analyses to further characterize your discharges.

For composite samples, the daily value is the total mass or average concentration found in a complete sample taken over the operating hours of the facility during a 24 hour period; for grab samples, the daily value is the arithmetic or flow-weighted total mass or average concentration found in a series of at least four grab samples taken over the operating hours of the facility during a 24 hour period.

If you measure more than one daily value for a pollutant, determine the average of all values within the last year and report the concentration and mass under the "Long Term Average Values" columns (column 2C, Part A, and column 3C, Part B), and the total number of daily values under the "Number of Analyses" columns (column 2D, Part A, and column 3D, Part B). Also, determine the average of all daily values taken during each calendar month, and report the highest average of all daily values taken during each calendar month, and report the highest average under the "Maximum 30 Day Values" columns (column 2B, Part A, and column 3B, Part B).

**SAMPLING.** The collection of the samples for the reported analyses should be supervised by a person experienced in performing sampling of industrial wastewater. You may contact your Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Regional Office for detailed guidance on sampling techniques and for answers to specific questions. Any specific requirements contained in the applicable analytical methods should be followed for sample containers, sample preservation, holding times, the collection of duplicate samples, etc. The time when you sample should be representative of your normal operation, to the extent feasible, with all processes which contribute wastewater in normal operation and with your treatment system operating properly with no system upsets. Samples should be collected from the center of the flow channel, where turbulence is at a maximum, at a site specified in your present permit or at any site adequate for the collection of a representative sample.

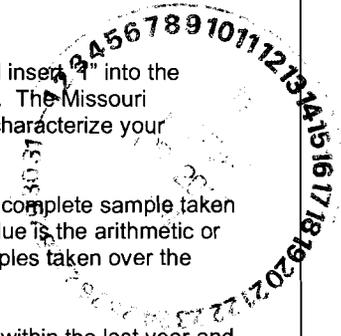
Grab and composite samples are defined as follows:

**GRAB SAMPLE.** An individual sample of at least 100 milliliters collected at a randomly selected time over a period not exceeding 15 minutes.

**COMPOSITE SAMPLE.** A combination of at least eight sample aliquots of at least 100 milliliters, collected at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period. For volatile pollutants, aliquots must be combined in the laboratory immediately before analysis. The composite must be flow proportional; either the time interval between each aliquot or the volume of each aliquot must be proportional to either the stream flow at the time of sampling or the total stream flow since the collection of the previous aliquot. Aliquots may be collected manually or automatically.

**ANALYSIS.** You must use test methods promulgated in 40 CFR Part 136; however, if none has been promulgated for a particular pollutant, you may use any suitable method for measuring the level of the pollutant in your discharge provided that you submit a description of the method or a reference to a published method. Your description should include the sample holding times, preservation techniques and the quality control measures which you used.

If you have two or more substantially identical outfalls, you may request permission from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to sample and analyze only one outfall and submit the results of the analysis for other substantially identical outfalls. If your request is granted by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, on a separate sheet attached to the application form, identify which outfall you did test and describe why the outfalls which you did not test are substantially identical to the outfall which you did test.



**REPORTING OF INTAKE DATA.** You are not required to report data under the "Intake" columns unless you wish to demonstrate your eligibility for a "net" effluent limitation for one or more pollutants, that is, an effluent limitation adjusted by subtracting the average level of the pollutant(s) present in your intake water. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) regulations allow net limitations only in certain circumstances. To demonstrate your eligibility, under the Intake columns report the average of the results of analyses on your intake water (if your water is treated before use, test the water after it is treated), and attach a separate sheet containing the following for each pollutant:

1. A statement that the intake water is drawn from the body of water into which the discharge is made. (Otherwise, you are not eligible for net limitations.)
2. A statement of the extent to which the level of the pollutant is reduced by treatment of your wastewater. (Your limitations will be adjusted only to the extent that the pollutant is not removed.)
3. When applicable, a demonstration of the extent to which the pollutants in the intake vary physically, chemically, or biologically from the pollutants contained in your discharge. For example, when the pollutant represents a class of compounds. Your limitations will be adjusted only to the extent that the intake pollutants do not vary from the discharged pollutants.

3.00 Part A must be completed by all applicants for all outfalls, including outfalls containing only noncontact cooling water or storm runoff. However, at your request, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources may waive the requirements to test for one or more of these pollutants, upon a determination that testing for the pollutant(s) is not appropriate for your effluent.

Use composite samples for all pollutants in this part, except use grab samples for pH and temperature. See discussion in instructions above for definitions of the columns in Part A. The "Long Term Average Values" column (column 2C) and "Maximum 30 Day Values" column (column 2B) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data is available.

3.00 Part B must be completed by all applicants for all outfalls, including outfalls containing only noncontact cooling water or storm runoff.

Use composite samples for all pollutants you analyze for in this part, except use grab samples for residual chlorine, oil and grease and fecal coliform. The Long Term Average Values column (column 3C) and Maximum 30 Day Values column (column 3B) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data is available.

3.00 List any pollutants in Table B that you believe to be present and explain why you believe them to be present in part C. No analysis is required, but you have analytical, you must report it.

**TABLE B – TOXIC POLLUTANTS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES REQUIRED TO BE IDENTIFIED BY APPLICANTS IF EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT**

TOXIC POLLUTANT	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES
Asbestos	Dichlorvos	Nalad
	Diethylamine	Napthenic acid
<b>HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES</b>	Dimethylamine	Nitrotoluene
	Dintrobenzene	Parathion
Acetaldehyde	Diquat	Phenolsulfonate
Allyl alcohol	Disulfoton	Phosgene
Allyl chloride	Diuron	Propargite
Amyl acetate	Epichlorohydrin	Propylene oxide
Aniline	Ethion	Pyrethrins
Benzonitrile	Ethylene diamine	Quinoline
Benzyl chloride	Ethylene dibromide	Resorcinol
Butyl acetate	Formaldehyde	Strontium
Butylamine	Furfural	Strychnine
Captan	Guthion	Styrene

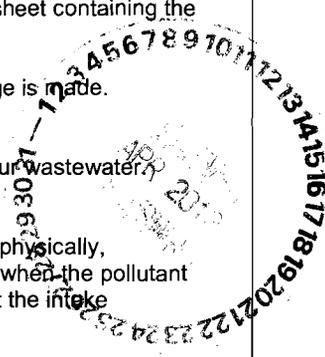


TABLE B – (continued)

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES
Carbaryl	Isoprene	2, 4, 5-T (2,4,5-Trichloro- phenoxyacetic acid)
Carbofuran	Isopropanolamine	TDE (Tetrachlorodiphenyl ethane)
Carbon disulfide	Kelthane	2, 4, 5-TP (2-(2,4,5-Trichloro- phenoxy) propanoic acid)
Chlorpyrifos	Kepone	Trichlorofon
Coumaphos	Malathion	Triethanolamine
Cresol	Mercaptodimethur	Triethylamine
Crotonaldehyde	Methoxychlor	Uranium
2,4-D (2,4-Dichloro- Phenoxyacetic acid)	Methyl mercaptan	Vanadium
Diazinon	Methyl parathion	Vinyl acetate
Dicamba	Mevinphos	Xylene
Dichlobenil	Mexacarbate	Xylenol
2,2-Dichloropropionic acid	Monethyl amine	Zirconium

3.10 Self-explanatory. Additional information may be requested by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

3.20 Self-explanatory.

3.30 The Clean Water Act provides for severe penalties for submitting false information on this application form.

Section 309(c)(2) of the Clean Water Act provides that "Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any application . . . shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of no more \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

All applications must be signed as follows and the signature must be original.

- A. For a corporation, by an officer having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity or for environmental matters.
- B. For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor.
- C. For a municipal, state, federal or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or by an individual having overall responsibility for environmental matters at the facility.

