

STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No. MO-0045446

Owner: Mr. Dewey Cook, Jr.  
Address: 7450 Scenic Court, Cedar Hill, MO 63016

Continuing Authority: Same as above  
Address: Same as above

Facility Name: Lakes of Deerwood Subdivision WWTF  
Facility Address: 7450 Scenic Court, Cedar Hill, MO63016

Legal Description: NE¼, NW¼, NW¼, Sec. 32, T42N, R4E, Jefferson County  
Latitude/Longitude: +3820219/-09036187

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary of Isum Creek (U)  
First Classified Stream and ID: Isum Creek (C) (ID# pending)  
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (07140104-080009)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

**FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

Outfall #001 - Subdivision- SIC # 6552  
Single cell facultative lagoon/sludge is retained in lagoon.  
Design population equivalent is 53.  
Design flow is 5,300 gallons per day. Actual flow is 1,300 gallons per day.  
Design sludge production is 0.80 dry tons/year.

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

August 8, 2008  
Effective Date

  
Doyle Childers, Director, Department of Natural Resources  
Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission

August 7, 2013  
Expiration Date  
MO 780-0041 (10-93)

Mike Struckhoff, Director, St. Louis Regional Office

<b>A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</b>				PAGE NUMBER 2 of 5		
				PERMIT NUMBER MO-0045446		
The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The interim effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until <b>December 31, 2010</b> . Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	INTERIM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
<u>Outfall #001</u>						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/quarter****	24 hr. estimate
Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub> ***	mg/L		65	45	once/quarter****	grab
Total Suspended Solids***	mg/L		120	80	once/quarter****	grab
pH – Units	SU	**		**	once/quarter****	grab
Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	grab
Temperature	°C	*		*	once/quarter****	grab
Fecal Coliform (Note 1)	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>QUARTERLY</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>OCTOBER 28, 2008</u> . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.						
<b>B. STANDARD CONDITIONS</b>						
IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Parts I &amp; III</u> STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED <u>October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994</u> , AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.						

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)**

- \* Monitoring requirement only.
- \*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is to be maintained at or above 6.0 pH units.
- \*\*\* This facility is required to meet a removal efficiency of 65% or more.
- \*\*\*\* See table below for quarterly sampling:

Sample discharge at least once for the months of:	Report is due:
January, February, March (1st Quarter)	April 28
April, May, June (2nd Quarter)	July 28
July, August, September (3rd Quarter)	October 28
October, November, December (4th Quarter)	January 28

Note 1 - Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31. The Monthly Average Limit for Fecal coliform is expressed as a geometric mean.

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective **January 1, 2011 and remain in effect until expiration of the permit.** Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
<u>Outfall #001</u>						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/quarter****	24 hr. estimate
Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub> ***	mg/L		65	45	once/quarter****	grab
Total Suspended Solids***	mg/L		120	80	once/quarter****	grab
pH – Units	SU	**		**	once/quarter****	grab
Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	grab
Temperature	°C	*		*	once/quarter****	grab
Fecal Coliform (Note 1)	#/100mL	1000		400	once/quarter****	grab
Total Residual Chlorine (Note 2)	mg/L	0.019 (.13ML)		0.008 (.13ML)	once/quarter****	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE APRIL 28, 2011. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

**B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Parts I & III STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (Continued)**

- \* Monitoring requirement only.
- \*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is to be maintained at or above 6.0 pH units.
- \*\*\* This facility is required to meet a removal efficiency of 65% or more.
- \*\*\*\* See table below for quarterly sampling

Sample discharge at least once for the months of:	Report is due:
January, February, March (1st Quarter)	April 28
April, May, June (2nd Quarter)	July 28
July, August, September (3rd Quarter)	October 28
October, November, December (4th Quarter)	January 28

Note 1 - Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31. The Monthly Average Limit for Fecal coliform is expressed as a geometric mean.

Note 2 - This permit contains a Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) limit.

- (a) This effluent limit is below the minimum quantification level (ML) of the most common and practical EPA approved CLTRC methods. The department has determined the current acceptable ML for total residual chlorine to be 0.13 mg/L when using the DPD Colorimetric Method #4500 – CL G. from Standard Methods for the Examination of Waters and Wastewater. The permittee will conduct analyses in accordance with this method, or equivalent, and report actual analytical values. Measured values greater than or equal to the minimum quantification level of 0.13 mg/L will be considered violations of the permit and values less than the minimum quantification level of 0.13 mg/L will be considered to be in compliance with the permit limitation. The minimum quantification level does not authorize the discharge of chlorine in excess of the effluent limits stated in the permit.

**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (Continued)**

- (b) Disinfection is required year-round unless the permit specifically states that "Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31." If your permit does not require disinfection during the non-recreational months, do not chlorinate in those months.
- (c) Do not chemically dechlorinate **if it is not needed to meet the limits in your permit**.
- (d) If no chlorine was used in a given sampling period, an actual analysis is not necessary. Simply report as "0 mg/L" TRC.

**C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS**

1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
  - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
  - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.
2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to area-wide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
    - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
    - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
    - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
    - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
  - (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

6. Water Quality Standards

- (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
- (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
  - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
  - (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
  - (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
  - (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
  - (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.

7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities

- (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
- (b) If sludge is not removed by a contract hauler, permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

8. The permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-8 and 10 CSR 20-9. The monitoring frequencies contained in this permit shall not be construed by the permittee as a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9. If a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9 is needed, the permittee shall submit a written request to the department for review and, if deemed necessary, approval.

D. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

Lake of Deerwood Subdivision WWTF shall upgrade its treatment facility to meet the Disinfection and Dechlorination requirement limits as specified by the following schedule.

- 1) By **December 31, 2008**, submit an engineering report identifying the steps to improve the existing treatment facility or eliminate the discharge.
- 2) By **June 30, 2009**, submit plans and specifications and an application with appropriate fees for a construction permit to improve the existing system or eliminate the discharge.
- 3) By **December 31, 2010**, this project must be completed according to the approved plans and specification.

**Missouri Department of Natural Resources  
Factsheet – Operating Permit Renewal**

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of storm water from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Permits in Missouri are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). NPDES operating permits are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR § 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

This Factsheet is for a Major , Minor , Industrial Facility ; Variance ; Master General Permit ; General Permit Covered Facility ; and/or permit with widespread public interest

**Facility Information**

NPDES #: MO-0045446  
 Facility Name: Lakes of Deerwood Subdivision  
 Facility Address: 7450 Scenic Court, Cedar Hill, MO 63016  
 Owner's Name: Mr. Dewey Cook, Jr.  
 Owner's Address: 7450 Scenic Court, Cedar Hill, MO 63016

Facility Region: St. Louis Regional Office  
 Facility County: Jefferson County

Facility Type: Domestic  
 Facility SIC Code(s): 6552

Facility Description: A single cell facultative lagoon/sludge is retained in lagoon, Design population equivalent is 53; Design flow is 5,300 gallons per day; Design sludge production is 0.80 dry tons/year.

Application Date: May 16, 2005  
 Expiration Date: October 5, 2005  
 Last Inspection: December 18, 2006 In Compliance ; Non-Compliance

**OUTFALL(S) TABLE:**

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
#001	0.0082	Equivalent to Secondary Treatment	Domestic discharge	1.3

Outfall #001

Legal Description: NE1/4, NW1/4, NW1/4, Sec. 32, T42N, R4E. Jefferson County

Latitude/Longitude: +3820219/-09036187

Receiving Stream: Name Unnamed Tributary of Isum Creek (U)

First Classified Stream and ID: Isum Creek (C) (ID # pending)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (07140104-080009)

### **Receiving Stream Information**

Please mark the correct designated waters of the state categories of the receiving stream.

Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]: Yes ; No

Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]: Yes ; No

Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]: Yes ; No

Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]: Yes ; No

Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]: Yes ; No

Subsurface Water [10 CSR 20-7.015(7)]: Yes ; No

All Other Waters [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)]: Yes ; No

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1<sup>st</sup> classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

### **RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:**

WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	8-DIGIT HUC	EDU**
Unnamed Tributary of Isum Creek	U	N/A	General Criteria	07140104	Ozark/ Merames
Isum Creek	C	pending	LWW,AQL		

\* Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL)

\*\* - Ecological Drainage Unit

### **RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES TABLE:**

RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, P)	LOW-FLOW VALUES (CFS)		
	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10
Unnamed Tributary of Isum Creek	0.0	0.0	0.0
Isum Creek	0.0	0.0	0.1

### **RECEIVING STREAM MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:**

No receiving water monitoring requirements recommended at this time.

### **Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions**

#### **ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:**

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons. The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(36)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(N)], or is an existing facility.

**ANTI-BACKSLIDING:**

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); CFR §122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions. (Staff may also add or remove any language needed. All limits in this Factsheet are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

**APPLICABLE PERMIT PARAMETERS:**

Effluent parameters contained in Factsheets and Missouri State Operating Permits are obtained from Technology Based Effluent Limit (TBEL), Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], Missouri's Water Quality Standards [10 CSR 20-7.031], previous Missouri State Operating Permits, and from Operating Permit Applications.

**BIO-SOLIDS, SLUDGE, & SEWAGE SLUDGE:**

Bio-solids are solid materials resulting from wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sludge is any solid, semi-solid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, commercial, or industrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effect. Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works. This condition is not applicable to the permittee for this specific facility.

**COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:**

Action taken by the department to resolve violations of the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit. The permittee/facility is not under enforcement action and is considered to be in compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit.

**PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:**

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR §403.3(q)]. At this time, the permittee is not required to implement and enforce a Pretreatment Program.

**REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):**

Limitations must control all pollutants or pollutant parameters that are or may be discharged at a level which will cause, have reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above the Missouri Water Quality Standards. A RPA was not conducted for this facility.

**REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:**

Removal efficiency is one method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD<sub>5</sub>) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for domestic wastewater sources. Equivalent to Secondary Treatment is 65% removal [40 CFR 105(a)(3) & (b)(3)].

**SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOs), AND INFLOW & INFILTRATION (I&I):**

Collection systems are a critical element in the successful performance of the wastewater treatment process. Under certain conditions, poorly designed, built, managed, operated, and/or maintained systems can pose risks to public health, the environment, or both. Causes of SSOs include, but are not limited to, the following: high

levels of I&I during wet weather; blockages; structural, mechanical, or electrical failures; collapsed or broken sewer pipes; insufficient conveyance capacity; and vandalism. Effective and continuous management, operation, and maintenance, as well as ensuring adequate capacity and rehabilitation when necessary are critical to maintaining collection system capacity and performance while extending the life of the system. This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

**SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):**

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit. This permit does contain a SOC. The time given for effluent limitations of this permit listed under Interim Effluent Limitation and Final Effluent Limitations were established in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(10)].

Lake of Deerwood Subdivision WWTF shall upgrade its treatment facility to meet the Disinfection and Dechlorination requirement limits as specified by the following schedule.

1. By **December 31, 2008**, submit an engineering report identifying the steps to improve the existing treatment facility or eliminate the discharge.
2. By **June 30, 2009**, submit plans and specifications and an application with appropriate fees for a construction permit to improve the existing system or eliminate the discharge.
3. By **December 31, 2010**, this project must be completed according to the approved plans and specifications.

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):**

A plan to schedule activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state. The plan may include, but is not limited to, treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control facility site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage. At this time, the permittee is not required to develop and implement a SWPPP.

**VARIANCE:**

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.006 to 644.141. This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

**WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:**

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the department to release into a given stream after the department has determined to total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality. Wasteload allocations were calculated where applicable using water quality criteria or water quality model results and the dilution equation below:

$$C = \frac{(C_s \times Q_s) + (C_e \times Q_e)}{(Q_e + Q_s)} \quad (\text{EPA/505/2-90-001, Section 4.5.5})$$

Where C = downstream concentration

C<sub>s</sub> = upstream concentration

Q<sub>s</sub> = upstream flow

C<sub>e</sub> = effluent concentration

Q<sub>e</sub> = effluent flow

Chronic wasteload allocations were determined using applicable chronic water quality criteria (CCC: criteria continuous concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the mixing zone (MZ). Acute wasteload allocations were determined using applicable water quality criteria (CMC: criteria maximum concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the zone of initial dilution (ZID).

Water quality based maximum daily and average monthly effluent limitations were calculated using methods and procedures outlined in USEPA's "Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxics Control" (EPA/505/2-90-001).

**WLA MODELING:**

A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by department staff.

**WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:**

As per [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(CC)], a toxicity test conducted under specified laboratory conditions on specific indicator organism; and as per [40 CFR §122.2], the aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by a toxicity test. At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

**303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):**

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a body of water can absorb before its water quality is affected. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan will be developed that shall include the TMDL calculation. This facility does not discharge to a 303(d) listed stream.

**Outfall #001 – Main Facility Outfall**

**EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETER	UNIT	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MODIFIED	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS
FLOW	GPD	1	*		*	NO	S
BOD <sub>5</sub>	MG/L	1	N/A	65	45	YES	S
TSS	MG/L	1	N/A	120	80	YES	S
pH (S.U.)	SU	1	> 6.0	N/A	> 6.0	NO	S
TEMPERATURE (°C)	°C	1/8	*	N/A	*	YES	***
AMMONIA AS N	MG/L	5	*	N/A	*	YES	***
FECAL COLIFORM	**	1/2	1000	N/A	400	YES	***
TOTAL RESIDUAL CHLORINE	MG/L	1/2	0.019	N/A	0.008	YES	***
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.						

\* - Monitoring requirement only

\*\* - # of colonies/100mL; the Monthly Average for Fecal Coliform is a geometric mean.

\*\*\* - Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

N/A – Not applicable

S – Same as previous operating permit

**Basis for Limitations Codes:**

- |  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law       | 6. Antidegradation Policy         |
| 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA) | 7. Water Quality Model            |
| 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits   | 8. Best Professional Judgement    |
| 4. Lagoon Policy                         | 9. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL |
| 5. Ammonia Policy                        | 10. WET test Policy               |

**OUTFALL #001 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

- **Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>).** Effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit, [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)1.].
- **Total Suspended Solids (TSS).** Effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit, [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)1.].
- **pH.** Effluent limitation has been retained from previous state operating permit, [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)2.].
- **Total Ammonia Nitrogen, Temperature.** Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for temperature and ammonia are included to determine whether “reasonable potential” to exceed water quality standards exists after the discharge begins.
- **Fecal Coliform.** Discharge shall not contain more than a monthly geometric mean of 400 colonies/ 100 mL and a daily maximum of 1000 colonies/100 mL during the recreational season (April 1 – October 31) [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)4.A.]. Future renewals of the facility operating permit will contain effluent

limitations for E. coli, which will replace fecal coliform as the applicable bacteria criteria in Missouri's water quality standards.

- **Total Residual Chlorine (TRC)**. Warm-water Protection of Aquatic Life CCC = 10 µg/L, CMC = 19 µg/L [10 CSR 20-7.031, Table A]. Background TRC = 0.0 µg/L.

Chronic WLA:  $C_e = ((0.0082 + 0.0)10 - (0.0 * 0.0))/0.0082$   
 $C_e = 10 \text{ µg/L}$

Acute WLA:  $C_e = ((0.0082 + 0.0)19 - (0.0 * 0.0))/0.0082$   
 $C_e = 19 \text{ µg/L}$

$LTA_c = 10 (0.527) = 5.3 \text{ µg/L}$  [CV = 0.6, 99<sup>th</sup> Percentile]  
 $LTA_a = 19 (0.321) = 6.1 \text{ µg/L}$  [CV = 0.6, 99<sup>th</sup> Percentile]

$MDL = 5.3 (3.11) = 16.5 \text{ µg/L}$  [CV = 0.6, 99<sup>th</sup> Percentile]  
 $AML = 5.3 (1.55) = 8.2 \text{ µg/L}$  [CV = 0.6, 95<sup>th</sup> Percentile, n = 4]

Total Residual Chlorine effluent limits of 0.017 mg/L daily maximum, 0.008 mg/L monthly average are recommended if chlorine is used as a disinfectant. Standard compliance language for TRC, including the minimum level (ML), should be included in the permit.

- **Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements.**

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	REPORTING FREQUENCY
FLOW	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
BOD <sub>5</sub>	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
TSS	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
PH (S.U.)	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
TEMPERATURE (°C)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
AMMONIA AS N	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
FECAL COLIFORM	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER
CHLORINE, TOTAL RESIDUAL (MG/L)	ONCE/ QUARTER	ONCE/ QUARTER

**Administrative Requirements**

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

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