PART 70
PERMIT TO OPERATE

Under the authority of RSMo 643 and the Federal Clean Air Act the applicant is authorized to operate the air contaminant source(s) described below, in accordance with the laws, rules, and conditions set forth herein.

Operating Permit Number: OP2017-096
Expiration Date: DEC 08 2022
Installation ID: 145-0049
Project Number: 2017-03-048

Installation Name and Address
Saginaw Compressor Station
6300 South Rangeline Road
Joplin, MO 64804
Newton County

Parent Company's Name and Address
Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc.
PO Box 20010
Owensboro KY, 42304

Installation Description:
Saginaw Compressor Station is a pipeline grade natural gas compressor station consisting of a 52.55 million British thermal unit per hour (MMBtu/hr) heat input combustion turbine, an 11 MMBtu/hr heat input reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE), a 16 MMBtu/hr heat input RICE, and a 2.4 MMBtu/hr emergency RICE. The installation also consists of a 2.25 MMBtu/hr heat input engine water heater, a 0.25 MMBtu/hr heat input wastewater heater, two pipeline hydrocarbon condensate tanks, a wastewater tank, and various engine oil, gasoline, and diesel tanks. The turbine, engines, and heater combust natural gas exclusively. The installation is a major source of nitrogen oxides (NOX). Due to the large turbine compressor engine, the facility is a named installation [10 CSR 10-6.020(3)(B), Table 2, item 27] as a stationary source category which was being regulated under section 111 or 112 of the Clean Air Act as of August 7, 1980.

Prepared by
Justin Spasovski
Operating Permit Unit

Director or Designee
Department of Natural Resources

DEC 08 2017
Effective Date
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I. Installation Equipment Listing

EMISSION UNITS WITH LIMITATIONS
The following list provides a description of the equipment at this installation that emits air pollutants and that are identified as having unit-specific emission limitations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission Unit #</th>
<th>Description of Emission Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-01</td>
<td>11 MMBtu/hr input, 1,350 bhp, natural gas fired RICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EP-02</td>
<td>16 MMBtu/hr input, 2,000 bhp, natural gas fired RICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EP-03</td>
<td>2.4 MMBtu/hr input, 306 bhp, natural gas fired RICE emergency generator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EP-04</td>
<td>52.55 MMBtu/hr input, 4,700 gross hp, natural gas fired, combustion turbine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EMISSION UNITS WITHOUT SPECIFIC LIMITATIONS
The following list provides a description of the equipment that does not have unit specific limitations at the time of permit issuance.

Description of Emission Source
EP-05, 2.25 MMBtu/hr input, Ajax WGB-2250, natural gas fired, engine water heater
0.25 MMBtu/hr input, natural gas fired waste water heater
10 Barrel (BBL) or 420 Gallons (1BBL = 42 Gallons) Oil Storage Tank (V15)
3 BBL (126 Gallons) Oil Storage Tank (V14)
8 BBL (336 Gallons) Oil Storage Tank (V13)
6 BBL (252 Gallons) Diesel Storage Tank (V11)
300 BBL (12,600 Gallons) Wastewater Tank (V10)
300 BBL (12,600 Gallons) Pipeline Liquids Tank (V09)
75 BBL (3,150 Gallons) Used Oil Storage Tank (V07)
56 BBL (2,352 Gallons) Oil Tank (V06)
30 BBL (1,260 Gallons) Glycol Tank (V05)
24 BBL (1,008 Gallons) Glycol Tank (V04)
II. Plant Wide Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued. The plant wide conditions apply to all emission units at this installation. All emission units are listed in Section I under Emission Units with Limitations and Emission Units without Limitations.

None
III. Emission Unit Specific Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

### PERMIT CONDITION 001

10 CSR 10-6.075 Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission Unit</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-01</td>
<td>11 MMBtu/hr, 1,350 brake horsepower (bhp), natural gas fired, 2 stroke lean burn (2SLB), spark ignition, RICE. Installed 1966, manufactured by Cooper-Bessemer GMVA-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EP-02</td>
<td>16 MMBtu/hr, 2,000 bhp, natural gas fired, 2SLB, spark ignition, RICE. Installed 1972 manufactured by Cooper-Bessemer GMVH-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** This permit condition applies to the existing, stationary spark ignition (SI) reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE), greater than 500 horsepower, located at an area source of HAP emissions.

### Operating Limitations

1) The permittee shall comply with the requirements in Table 2d that apply to the Two Stroke Lean Burn (2SLB) Stationary Non-Emergency Spark Ignition (SI) Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE). [§63.6603(a)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For each . . .</th>
<th>You must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup . . .</th>
<th>During periods of startup you must . . .</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Non-emergency, non-black start 2SLB stationary RICE | a. Change oil and filter every 4,320 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;¹ | Minimize the engine's time spent at idle and minimize the engine's startup time at startup to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes. 

| | b. Inspect spark plugs every 4,320 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and |
| | c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 4,320 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. |

¹Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in §63.6625(j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of this subpart.

### Monitoring, Installation, Collection, Operation, and Maintenance Requirements:

1) The permittee shall operate and maintain the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or the permittee shall develop a maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [§63.6625(e)]

2) The permittee shall minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30
minutes, after which time the emission standards applicable to all times other than startup in Table 2d. [§63.6625(h)]

3) The permittee has the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2d. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Acid Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Acid Number increases by more than 3.0 milligrams of potassium hydroxide (KOH) per gram from Total Acid Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the permittee is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the permittee must change the oil within two days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the permittee must change the oil within two days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The permittee must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine. [§63.6625(j)]

Continuous Compliance:

1) The permittee shall be in compliance with the operating limitations at all times. [§63.6605(a)]

2) The permittee shall, at all times, operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source. [§63.6605(b)]

3) The permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with each operating limitation in Table 2d according to methods specified in Table 6. [§63.6640(a)]

4) The permittee must report each instance in which the facility did not meet each operating limitation in Table 2d. These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in §63.6650. If the permittee changes the catalyst, the permittee must reestablish the values of the operating parameters measured during the initial performance test. When the permittee reestablishes the values of the operating parameters, the permittee must also conduct a performance test to demonstrate that the facility is meeting the required emission limitation applicable to the stationary RICE. [§63.6640(b)]
Table 6 to Subpart ZZZZ of Part 63—Continuous Compliance With Emission Limitations, Operating Limitations, Work Practices, and Management Practices (applicable to EP-01 and EP-02)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For each...</th>
<th>Complying with the requirement to...</th>
<th>You must demonstrate continuous compliance by...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Existing non-emergency 2SLB stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP</td>
<td>a. Work or Management practices</td>
<td>i. Operating and maintaining the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer's emission-related operation and maintenance instructions; or ii. Develop and follow a maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Record Keeping Requirements:**

1) The permittee shall keep the records described below: [§63.6655(a)]
   a) Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment) or the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. [§63.6655(a)(2)]
   b) Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with §63.6605(b), including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation. [§63.6655(a)(5)]

2) The permittee shall keep the records required in Table 6 to CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ to show continuous compliance with each emission or operating limitation that applies to the facility. [§63.6655(d)]

3) The permittee shall keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that the permittee operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the maintenance plan. [§63.6655(e)]

4) As specified in §63.10(b)(1), the permittee shall keep each record for five years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. [§63.6640(b)]

5) The permittee shall keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least five years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to §63.10(b)(1). [§63.6660(c)]

**Reporting Requirements:**

1) The permittee shall report any deviations from the emission limitation, operational limitation, monitoring/record keeping, and reporting requirements of this permit condition in the annual monitoring report and compliance certification required by Section V of this permit and to the Administrator at EPA Region 7, 11201 Renner Boulevard, Lenexa, Kansas 66219.
PERMIT CONDITION 002
10 CSR 10-6.075 Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission Unit</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-03</td>
<td>2.4 MMBtu/hr, 306 bhp, natural gas fired, 4 stroke rich burn (4SRB), spark ignition emergency RICE. Installed 2000, manufactured by Caterpillar C3406</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: This permit condition applies to the existing, emergency, stationary spark ignition (SI) reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE), less than 500 horsepower, located at an area source of HAP emissions.

Operational Limitations
1) The permittee shall comply with the requirements in Table 2d that apply to the Emergency, Stationary Spark Ignition (SI) Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine (RICE). [§63.6603(a)]

Table 2d to Subpart ZZZZ of Part 63—Requirements for Existing Stationary RICE Located at Area Sources of HAP Emissions (applicable to EP-03)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For each . . .</th>
<th>You must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup . . .</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Emergency stationary SI RICE | a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;
| | b. Inspect spark plugs every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and
| | c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. |

1Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in §63.6625(j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of this subpart.

2) The permittee shall be in compliance with operating limitations and other requirements at all times. [§63.6605(a)]

3) The permittee shall, at all times, operate and maintain the affected engine in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available including review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the engine. [§63.6605(b)]

4) The permittee shall operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or the permittee shall develop a maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [§63.6625(e)]

5) The permittee shall operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in §63.6640(f)(1) through (4). In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under MACT ZZZZ, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in §63.6640(f)(1) through (4), is prohibited. If the permittee does not operate the engine according to the requirements in §63.6640(f)(1) through (4), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under MACT ZZZZ and shall meet all requirements for non-emergency engines. [§63.6640(f)]
a) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations. 
   [§63.6640(f)(1)]

b) The permittee may operate the emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(i) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by §63.6640(f)(4) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph. [§63.6640(f)(2)]

i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The permittee may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year. [§63.6640(f)(2)(i)]

c) Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in §63.6640(f)(2). Except as provided in §63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity. [§63.6640(f)(4)]

6) If the engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the work practice requirements on the schedule required above, or if performing the work practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law, the work practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The work practice shall be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The permittee shall report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the Federal, State, or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable [§63.6603(a)]

7) The permittee has the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirements of this condition. The oil analysis shall be performed at every 500 hours of operation or annually. The analysis program shall at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Acid Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Acid Number increases by more than 3.0 milligrams of potassium hydroxide (KOH) per gram from Total Acid Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the permittee is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the permittee must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the permittee must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The permittee must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil
changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine.  

[§63.6625(j)]

8) The permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter on this engine if one is not already installed.  

[§63.6625(f)]

9) The permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with each emission limitation and operating limitation in Table 2d that apply to the facility according to the methods specified in Table 6.  

[§63.6640(a)]

Table 6 to Subpart ZZZZ of Part 63—Continuous Compliance With Emission Limitations, Operating Limitations, Work Practices, and Management Practices (applicable to EP-03)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For each . . .</th>
<th>Complying with the requirement to . . .</th>
<th>You must demonstrate continuous compliance by . . .</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Existing emergency and black start stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP</td>
<td>a. Work or Management practices</td>
<td>i. Operating and maintaining the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer's emission-related operation and maintenance instructions; or ii. Develop and follow your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10) The permittee shall report each instance in which the facility did not meet each emission limitation or operating limitation in Table 2d. These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations in this subpart. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in §63.6650.  

[§63.6640(b)]

Record Keeping Requirements:

1) The permittee shall retain the following records for this engine:  

a) Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of process equipment or any air pollution control and monitoring equipment and actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.  

[§63.6655(a)(2) and §63.6655(a)(5)]

b) Records of all required maintenance performed on the air pollution control and monitoring equipment.  

[§63.6655(a)(4)]

c) Records that the engine was operated and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related operation and maintenance instructions or that a maintenance plan has been developed to provide for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.  

[§63.6655(e)]

d) The permittee shall keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The permittee shall document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation. If the engine is used for the purposes specified in §63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the permittee shall keep records of the notification of the emergency situation, and the date, start time, and end time of engine operation for these purposes.  

[§63.6655(f)]

2) The permittee shall maintain all records in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to §63.10(b)(1).
3) As specified in §63.10(b)(1), the permittee shall keep each record for five years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. [§63.6640(b)]

4) The permittee shall keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least five years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to §63.10(b)(1). [§63.6660(c)]

**Reporting:**

1) The permittee shall report any deviations from the emission limitation, operational limitation, monitoring/record keeping, and reporting requirements of this permit condition in the annual monitoring report and compliance certification required by Section V of this permit and to the Administrator at EPA Region 7, 11201 Renner Boulevard, Lenexa, Kansas 66219.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission Unit</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-04</td>
<td>52.55 MMBtu/hr, 4,700 gross hp, natural gas fired, combustion turbine.  Installed 1989, Manufactured by Solar Centaur 50 T5500H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PERMIT CONDITION 003**

10 CSR 10-6.070 New Source Performance Regulations
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG – Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines

**Standards:**

1) No permittee shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of: [§60.332(a)(2)]

\[
STD = 0.0150 \times (14.4) + F \\
Y
\]

Where:

STD = allowable NO\textsubscript{X} emissions (percent by volume at 15% oxygen and on a dry basis).

Y = manufacturer’s rated heat rate at manufacturer’s rated peak load (kilojoules per watt hour), or actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour.

F = NO\textsubscript{X} emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen as defined in §60.332(a)(30).

2) The permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of the standard yielded from the equation above. Based on the manufacturer’s rated heat rate at rated peak load for this unit, the equation yields allowable NO\textsubscript{X} emissions of 166 ppmvd @ 15% O\textsubscript{2} and ISO conditions. The results of the initial performance test required by §60.8 were 76 ppmvd @ 15% O\textsubscript{2} and ISO conditions.

3) The permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine any gases which contain sulfur dioxide in excess of 0.015 percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis. [§60.333(a)]
4) The permittee shall not burn in any stationary gas turbine any fuel which contains total sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent by weight (8000 ppmw). [§60.333(b)]

**Monitoring and Record Keeping:**
1) The permittee shall demonstrate the fuel meets the definition of natural gas in §60.331(u) by documenting the gas quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet, representative fuel sampling data or transportation contract for the gaseous fuel, specifying that the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel does not exceed 20.0 grains/100 scf. [§60.334(h)(3)]
2) The permittee shall maintain documentation supporting the fuel used is pipeline grade natural gas including fuel purchase receipts, analyzed samples or certifications including Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) tariff sheets that verify the fuel type are acceptable.
3) The permittee shall maintain a maintenance log noting all inspections, malfunctions, and repairs using Attachment A or an equivalent form generated by the permittee.
4) All records shall be kept for no less than five years and be made available immediately to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources’ personnel upon request.

**Reporting:**
1) The permittee shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Compliance/Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, no later than ten days after any exceedance of any of the terms imposed by this regulation, or any malfunction which could possibly cause an exceedance of this regulation.
2) The permittee shall report any deviations from the operational limitations, performance testing, monitoring/record keeping, and reporting requirements of this permit condition in the semi-annual monitoring report and compliance certification required by Section V of this permit.
IV. Core Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following regulations or codes. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), the Code of State Regulations (CSR), and local ordinances for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued. The following are only excerpts from the regulation or code, and are provided for summary purposes only.

10 CSR 10-6.045 Open Burning Requirements

1) General Provisions. The open burning of tires, petroleum-based products, asbestos containing materials, and trade waste is prohibited, except as allowed below. Nothing in this rule may be construed as to allow open burning which causes or constitutes a public health hazard, nuisance, a hazard to vehicular or air traffic, nor which violates any other rule or statute.

2) Certain types of materials may be open burned provided an open burning permit is obtained from the director. The permit will specify the conditions and provisions of all open burning. The permit may be revoked if the owner or operator fails to comply with the conditions or any provisions of the permit.

10 CSR 10-6.050 Start-up, Shutdown and Malfunction Conditions

1) In the event of a malfunction, which results in excess emissions that exceed one hour, the permittee shall submit to the director within two business days, in writing, the following information:
   a) Name and location of installation;
   b) Name and telephone number of person responsible for the installation;
   c) Name of the person who first discovered the malfunction and precise time and date that the malfunction was discovered.
   d) Identity of the equipment causing the excess emissions;
   e) Time and duration of the period of excess emissions;
   f) Cause of the excess emissions;
   g) Air pollutants involved;
   h) Estimate of the magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable requirement and the operating data and calculations used in estimating the magnitude;
   i) Measures taken to mitigate the extent and duration of the excess emissions; and
   j) Measures taken to remedy the situation that caused the excess emissions and the measures taken or planned to prevent the recurrence of these situations.

2) The permittee shall submit the paragraph 1 information to the director in writing at least ten days prior to any maintenance, start-up or shutdown activity which is expected to cause an excessive release of emissions that exceed one hour. If notice of the event cannot be given ten days prior to the planned occurrence, notice shall be given as soon as practicable prior to the activity.

3) Upon receipt of a notice of excess emissions issued by an agency holding a certificate of authority under section 643.140, RSMo, the permittee may provide information showing that the excess emissions were the consequence of a malfunction, start-up or shutdown. The information, at a minimum, should be the paragraph 1 list and shall be submitted not later than 15 days after receipt of the notice of excess emissions. Based upon information submitted by the permittee or any other pertinent information available, the director or the commission shall make a determination whether the excess emissions constitute a malfunction, start-up or shutdown and whether the nature, extent and duration of the excess emissions warrant enforcement action under section 643.080 or 643.151, RSMo.
4) Nothing in this rule shall be construed to limit the authority of the director or commission to take appropriate action, under sections 643.080, 643.090 and 643.151, RSMo to enforce the provisions of the Air Conservation Law and the corresponding rule.

5) Compliance with this rule does not automatically absolve the permittee of liability for the excess emissions reported.

10 CSR 10-6.060 Construction Permits Required
The permittee shall not commence construction, modification, or major modification of any installation subject to this rule, begin operation after that construction, modification, or major modification, or begin operation of any installation which has been shut down longer than five years without first obtaining a permit from the permitting authority.

10 CSR 10-6.065 Operating Permits
The permittee shall file a complete application for renewal of this operating permit at least six months before the date of permit expiration. In no event shall this time be greater than eighteen months. The permittee shall retain the most current operating permit issued to this installation on-site. The permittee shall immediately make such permit available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources personnel upon request.

The permittee shall follow the procedures and requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M for any activities occurring at this installation which would be subject to provisions for 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos.

10 CSR 10-6.110 Reporting of Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information
1) The permittee shall submit a Full Emissions Report either electronically via MoEIS, which requires Form 1.0 signed by an authorized company representative, or on Emission Inventory Questionnaire (EIQ) paper forms on the frequency specified in this rule and in accordance with the requirements outlined in this rule. Alternate methods of reporting the emissions, such as spreadsheet file, can be submitted for approval by the director.
2) Public Availability of Emission Data and Process Information. Any information obtained pursuant to the rule(s) of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission that would not be entitled to confidential treatment under 10 CSR 10-6.210 shall be made available to any member of the public upon request.
3) The permittee shall pay an annual emission fee per ton of regulated air pollutant emitted according to the schedule in the rule. This fee is an emission fee assessed under authority of RSMo. 643.079.

10 CSR 10-6.130 Controlling Emissions During Episodes of High Air Pollution Potential
This rule specifies the conditions that establish an air pollution alert (yellow/orange/red/purple), or emergency (maroon) and the associated procedures and emission reduction objectives for dealing with each. The permittee shall submit an appropriate emergency plan if required by the Director.

10 CSR 10-6.150 Circumvention
The permittee shall not cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any other means which, without resulting in reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission or air contaminant which violates a rule of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission.
### 10 CSR 10-6.165 Restriction of Emission of Odors

**This requirement is a State Only permit requirement.**

No person may cause, permit or allow the emission of odorous matter in concentrations and frequencies or for durations that odor can be perceived when one volume of odorous air is diluted with seven volumes of odor-free air for two separate trials not less than 15 minutes apart within the period of one hour. This odor evaluation shall be taken at a location outside of the installation’s property boundary.

### 10 CSR 10-6.170 Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin

**Emission Limitation:**

1) The permittee shall not cause or allow to occur any handling, transporting or storing of any material; construction, repair, cleaning or demolition of a building or its appurtenances; construction or use of a road, driveway or open area; or operation of a commercial or industrial installation without applying reasonable measures as may be required to prevent, or in a manner which allows or may allow, fugitive particulate matter emissions to go beyond the premises of origin in quantities that the particulate matter may be found on surfaces beyond the property line of origin. The nature or origin of the particulate matter shall be determined to a reasonable degree of certainty by a technique proven to be accurate and approved by the director.

2) The permittee shall not cause nor allow to occur any fugitive particulate matter emissions to remain visible in the ambient air beyond the property line of origin.

3) Should it be determined that noncompliance has occurred, the director may require reasonable control measures as may be necessary. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:
   a) Revision of procedures involving construction, repair, cleaning and demolition of buildings and their appurtenances that produce particulate matter emissions;
   b) Paving or frequent cleaning of roads, driveways and parking lots;
   c) Application of dust-free surfaces;
   d) Application of water; and
   e) Planting and maintenance of vegetative ground cover.

### 10 CSR 10-6.180 Measurement of Emissions of Air Contaminants

1) The director may require any person responsible for the source of emission of air contaminants to make or have made tests to determine the quantity or nature, or both, of emission of air contaminants from the source. The director may specify testing methods to be used in accordance with good professional practice. The director may observe the testing. All tests shall be performed by qualified personnel.

2) The director may conduct tests of emissions of air contaminants from any source. Upon request of the director, the person responsible for the source to be tested shall provide necessary ports in stacks or ducts and other safe and proper sampling and testing facilities, exclusive of instruments and sensing devices as may be necessary for proper determination of the emission of air contaminants.

3) The director shall be given a copy of the test results in writing and signed by the person responsible for the tests.
10 CSR 10-6.250 Asbestos Abatement Projects – Certification, Accreditation, and Business Exemption Requirements

This requirement is a State Only permit requirement.

The permittee shall conduct all asbestos abatement projects within the procedures established for certification and accreditation by 10 CSR 10-6.250. This rule requires individuals who work in asbestos abatement projects to be certified by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Air Pollution Control Program. This rule requires training providers who offer training for asbestos abatement occupations to be accredited by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Air Pollution Control Program. This rule requires persons who hold exemption status from certain requirements of this rule to allow the department to monitor training provided to employees.

10 CSR 10-6.280 Compliance Monitoring Usage

1) The permittee is not prohibited from using the following in addition to any specified compliance methods for the purpose of submission of compliance certificates:
   a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
   b) Monitoring method(s) approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, “Operating Permits”, and incorporated into an operating permit; and
   c) Any other monitoring methods approved by the director.

2) Any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a permittee has violated or is in violation of any such plan or other applicable requirement. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred at an installation:
   a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
   b) A monitoring method approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, “Operating Permits”, and incorporated into an operating permit; and
   c) Compliance test methods specified in the rule cited as the authority for the emission limitations.

3) The following testing, monitoring or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods:
   a) Applicable monitoring or testing methods, cited in:
      i) 10 CSR 10-6.030, “Sampling Methods for Air Pollution Sources”;
      ii) 10 CSR 10-6.040, “Reference Methods”;
      iii) 10 CSR 10-6.070, “New Source Performance Standards”;
      iv) 10 CSR 10-6.080, “Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants”; or
   b) Other testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods, if approved by the director, that produce information comparable to that produced by any method listed above.

40 CFR Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone (Title VI)

1) The permittee shall comply with the standards for labeling of products using ozone-depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E:
   a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported, all products containing a class I substance, and all products directly manufactured with a class I substance must bear the required warning statement if it is being introduced into interstate commerce pursuant to 40 CFR §82.106.
   b) The placement of the required warning statement must comply with the requirements of 40 CFR §82.108.
c) The form of the label bearing the required warning statement must comply with the requirements of 40 CFR §82.110.

d) No person may modify, remove, or interfere with the required warning statement except as described in 40 CFR §82.112.

2) The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B of 40 CFR Part 82:

a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices described in 40 CFR §82.156.

b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment described in 40 CFR §82.158.

c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR §82.161.

d) Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances must comply with the record keeping requirements of 40 CFR §82.166. ("MVAC-like" appliance as defined at 40 CFR §82.152).

e) Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment must comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to 40 CFR §82.156.

f) Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant must keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to 40 CFR §82.166.

3) If the permittee manufactures, transforms, imports, or exports a class I or class II substance, the permittee is subject to all the requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 82, Subpart A, Production and Consumption Controls.

4) If the permittee performs a service on motor (fleet) vehicles when this service involves ozone-depleting substance refrigerant (or regulated substitute substance) in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee is subject to all the applicable requirements contained in 40 CFR part 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners. The term "motor vehicle" as used in Subpart B does not include a vehicle in which final assembly of the vehicle has not been completed. The term "MVAC" as used in Subpart B does not include the air-tight sealed refrigeration system used as refrigerated cargo, or system used on passenger buses using HCFC-22 refrigerant.

5) The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Program (SNAP) promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR part 82, Subpart G, Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. Federal Only - 40 CFR Part 82.
V. General Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following requirements. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued,

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.B Permit Duration
10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)3.C Extension of Expired Permits

This permit is issued for a term of five years, commencing on the date of issuance. This permit will expire at the end of this period unless renewed. If a timely and complete application for a permit renewal is submitted, but the Air Pollution Control Program fails to take final action to issue or deny the renewal permit before the end of the term of this permit, this permit shall not expire until the renewal permit is issued or denied.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C General Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

1) Record Keeping
   a) All required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application.
   b) Copies of all current operating and construction permits issued to this installation shall be kept on-site for as long as the permits are in effect. Copies of these permits shall be made immediately available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources’ personnel upon request.

2) Reporting
   a) All reports shall be submitted to the Air Pollution Control Program, Compliance and Enforcement Section, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102.
   b) The permittee shall submit a report of all required monitoring by:
      i) October 1st for monitoring which covers the January through June time period, and
      ii) April 1st for monitoring which covers the July through December time period.
   c) Each report shall identify any deviations from emission limitations, monitoring, record keeping, reporting, or any other requirements of the permit, this includes deviations or Part 64 exceedances.
   d) Submit supplemental reports as required or as needed. All reports of deviations shall identify the cause or probable cause of the deviations and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.
      i) Notice of any deviation resulting from an emergency (or upset) condition as defined in paragraph (6)(C)7.A of 10 CSR 10-6.065 (Emergency Provisions) shall be submitted to the permitting authority either verbally or in writing within two working days after the date on which the emission limitation is exceeded due to the emergency, if the permittee wishes to assert an affirmative defense. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that indicate an emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency. The permitted installation must show that it was operated properly at the time and that during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or requirements in the permit. The notice must contain a description of the emergency, the steps taken to mitigate emissions, and the corrective actions taken.
ii) Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety or the environment shall be reported as soon as practicable.

iii) Any other deviations identified in the permit as requiring more frequent reporting than the permittee's semiannual report shall be reported on the schedule specified in this permit.

e) Every report submitted shall be certified by the responsible official, except that, if a report of a deviation must be submitted within ten days after the deviation, the report may be submitted without a certification if the report is resubmitted with an appropriate certification within ten days after that, together with any corrected or supplemental information required concerning the deviation.

f) The permittee may request confidential treatment of information submitted in any report of deviation.

### 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.D Risk Management Plan Under Section 112(r)

If the installation is required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to Section 112(R) of the Act, the permittee will verify that it has complied with the requirement to register the plan.

### 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.F Severability Clause

In the event of a successful challenge to any part of this permit, all uncontested permit conditions shall continue to be in force. All terms and conditions of this permit remain in effect pending any administrative or judicial challenge to any portion of the permit. If any provision of this permit is invalidated, the permittee shall comply with all other provisions of the permit.

### 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.G General Requirements

1) The permittee must comply with all of the terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with a permit condition constitutes a violation and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, permit revocation and re-issuance, permit modification or denial of a permit renewal application.

2) The permittee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary for the permittee to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit.

3) The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened, reissued or terminated for cause. Except as provided for minor permit modifications, the filing of an application or request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the filing of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

4) This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, nor grant any exclusive privilege.

5) The permittee shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that the Air Pollution Control Program reasonably may require to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening, reissuing or revoking the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee also shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. The permittee may make a claim of confidentiality for any information or records submitted pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.
10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.H Incentive Programs Not Requiring Permit Revisions

No permit revision will be required for any installation changes made under any approved economic incentive, marketable permit, emissions trading, or other similar programs or processes provided for in this permit.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.1 Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios

None

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3 Compliance Requirements

1) Any document (including reports) required to be submitted under this permit shall contain a certification signed by the responsible official.

2) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow authorized officials of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, or their authorized agents, to perform the following (subject to the installation’s right to seek confidential treatment of information submitted to, or obtained by, the Air Pollution Control Program):
   a) Enter upon the premises where a permitted installation is located or an emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
   b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
   c) Inspect, at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
   d) As authorized by the Missouri Air Conservation Law, Chapter 643, RSMo or the Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the terms of this permit, and all applicable requirements as outlined in this permit.

3) All progress reports required under an applicable schedule of compliance shall be submitted semiannually (or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement). These progress reports shall contain the following:
   a) Dates for achieving the activities, milestones or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when these activities, milestones or compliance were achieved, and
   b) An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measures adopted.

4) The permittee shall submit an annual certification that it is in compliance with all of the federally enforceable terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emissions limitations, standards, or work practices. These certifications shall be submitted annually by April 1st, unless the applicable requirement specifies more frequent submission. These certifications shall be submitted to EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, as well as the Air Pollution Control Program, Compliance and Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. All deviations and Part 64 exceedances and excursions must be included in the compliance certifications. The compliance certification shall include the following:
   a) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
   b) The current compliance status, as shown by monitoring data and other information reasonably available to the installation;
   c) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
d) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the installation, both currently and over the reporting period; and

e) Such other facts as the Air Pollution Control Program will require in order to determine the compliance status of this installation.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)6 Permit Shield**

1) Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements as of the date that this permit is issued, provided that:
   a) The applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit, or
   b) The permitting authority, in acting on the permit revision or permit application, determines in writing that other requirements, as specifically identified in the permit, are not applicable to the installation, and this permit expressly includes that determination or a concise summary of it.

2) Be aware that there are exceptions to this permit protection. The permit shield does not affect the following:
   a) The provisions of section 303 of the Act or section 643.090, RSMo concerning emergency orders,
   b) Liability for any violation of an applicable requirement which occurred prior to, or was existing at, the time of permit issuance,
   c) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program,
   d) The authority of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Air Pollution Control Program of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to obtain information, or
   e) Any other permit or extra-permit provisions, terms or conditions expressly excluded from the permit shield provisions.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7 Emergency Provisions**

1) An emergency or upset as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7.A shall constitute an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emissions limitations. To establish an emergency- or upset-based defense, the permittee must demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence, the following:
   a) That an emergency or upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the source of the emergency or upset,
   b) That the installation was being operated properly,
   c) That the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize emissions that exceeded technology-based emissions limitations or requirements in this permit, and
   d) That the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Air Pollution Control Program within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and any corrective actions taken.

2) Be aware that an emergency or upset shall not include noncompliance caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)8 Operational Flexibility**

An installation that has been issued a Part 70 operating permit is not required to apply for or obtain a permit revision in order to make any of the changes to the permitted installation described below if the changes are not Title I modifications, the changes do not cause emissions to exceed emissions allowable
under the permit, and the changes do not result in the emission of any air contaminant not previously emitted. The permittee shall notify the Air Pollution Control Program, Compliance and Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, at least seven days in advance of these changes, except as allowed for emergency or upset conditions. Emissions allowable under the permit means a federally enforceable permit term or condition determined at issuance to be required by an applicable requirement that establishes an emissions limit (including a work practice standard) or a federally enforceable emissions cap that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.

1) Section 502(b)(10) changes. Changes that, under section 502(b)(10) of the Act, contravene an express permit term may be made without a permit revision, except for changes that would violate applicable requirements of the Act or contravene federally enforceable monitoring (including test methods), record keeping, reporting or compliance requirements of the permit.

a) Before making a change under this provision, The permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Air Pollution Control Program, Compliance and Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, describing the changes to be made, the date on which the change will occur, and any changes in emission and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the APCP shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. Written notice shall be provided to the EPA and the APCP as above at least seven days before the change is to be made. If less than seven days notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to these unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the EPA and the APCP as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.

b) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)9 Off-Permit Changes

1) Except as noted below, the permittee may make any change in its permitted operations, activities or emissions that is not addressed in, constrained by or prohibited by this permit without obtaining a permit revision. Insignificant activities listed in the permit, but not otherwise addressed in or prohibited by this permit, shall not be considered to be constrained by this permit for purposes of the off-permit provisions of this section. Off-permit changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:

a) The change must meet all applicable requirements of the Act and may not violate any existing permit term or condition; the permittee may not change a permitted installation without a permit revision if this change is subject to any requirements under Title IV of the Act or is a Title I modification;

b) The permittee must provide contemporaneous written notice of the change to the Air Pollution Control Program, Compliance and Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219. This notice shall not be required for changes that are insignificant activities under 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)3 of this rule. This written notice shall describe each change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.

c) The permittee shall keep a record describing all changes made at the installation that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement and the emissions resulting from these changes; and

d) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.
10 CSR 10-6.020(2)(R)34  Responsible Official

The application utilized in the preparation of this permit was signed by Mr. Robert S. Bahnick. On June 9, 2017, the Air Pollution Control Program was informed that Mr. Shawn L. Patterson, Vice President and Chief Operations Officer is now the responsible official. On September 11, 2017, the applicant requested a second responsible official, Mr. Rob Carlton, Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer be added to the permit in addition to Mr. Patterson. If either of these persons terminate employment, or are reassigned different duties such that a different person becomes the responsible person to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs, the owner or operator of this air contaminant source shall notify the Director of the Air Pollution Control Program of the change. Said notification shall be in writing and shall be submitted within 30 days of the change. The notification shall include the name and title of the new person assigned by the source owner or operator to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs. All representations, agreement to terms and conditions and covenants made by the former responsible person that were used in the establishment of limiting permit conditions on this permit will continue to be binding on the installation until such time that a revision to this permit is obtained that would change said representations, agreements and covenants.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)6  Reopening-Permit for Cause

This permit shall be reopened for cause if:
1) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MoDNR) receives notice from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that a petition for disapproval of a permit pursuant to 40 CFR § 70.8(d) has been granted, provided that the reopening may be stayed pending judicial review of that determination,
2) MoDNR or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made which resulted in establishing the emissions limitation standards or other terms of the permit,
3) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to the installation; however, reopening on this ground is not required if—:
   a) The permit has a remaining term of less than three years;
   b) The effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire;
   or
   c) The additional applicable requirements are implemented in a general permit that is applicable to the installation and the installation receives authorization for coverage under that general permit,
4) The installation is an affected source under the acid rain program and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements), become applicable to that source, provided that, upon approval by EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit;
   or
5) MoDNR or EPA determines that the permit must be reopened and revised to assure compliance with applicable requirements.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)1.C  Statement of Basis

This permit is accompanied by a statement setting forth the legal and factual basis for the permit conditions (including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions). This Statement of Basis, while referenced by the permit, is not an actual part of the permit.
VI. Attachments

Attachments follow.
## Attachment A

**Inspection/Maintenance/Repair/Malfunction Log**

**Emission Unit # ____________________________**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date/Time</th>
<th>Inspection/Maintenance Activities</th>
<th>Malfunction Activities</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>
STATEMENT OF BASIS

INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION
Saginaw Compressor Station is a pipeline grade natural gas compressor station consisting of a 52.55 million British thermal unit per hour (MMBtu/hr) heat input combustion turbine, an 11 MMBtu/hr heat input reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE), a 16 MMBtu/hr heat input RICE, and a 2.4 MMBtu/hr emergency RICE. The installation also consists of a 2.25 MMBtu/hr heat input engine water heater, a 0.25 MMBtu/hr heat input wastewater heater, two pipeline hydrocarbon condensate tanks, a wastewater tank, and various engine oil, gasoline, and diesel tanks. The turbine, engines, and heater combust natural gas exclusively. The installation is a major source of nitrogen oxides (NOX). Due to the large turbine compressor engine, the facility is a named installation [10 CSR 10-6.020(3)(B), Table 2, item 27] as a stationary source category which was being regulated under section 111 or 112 of the Clean Air Act as of August 7, 1980. Therefore, fugitive emissions are included in the potential to emit. Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc. was formed in 1904. The company has gone through several name changes since beginning in 1904. In 1987 the facility was renamed Williams Natural Gas Company, then in 1997 it was renamed Williams Gas Pipeline Central, Inc. Currently the company is called Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc.

Updated Potential to Emit and Reported Air Pollutant Emissions, tons per year

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<tr>
<th>Pollutants</th>
<th>Potential to Emit1,2</th>
<th>Reported Actual Emissions</th>
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<tr>
<td>Particulate Matter ≤ 10 Microns (PM10)</td>
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<td>1.67</td>
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<td>Particulate Matter ≤ 2.5 Microns (PM2.5)</td>
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<td>1.67</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sulfur Oxides (SOx)</td>
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<td>Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)</td>
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<td>Volatile Organic Compounds3 (VOC)</td>
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<td>Carbon Monoxide (CO)</td>
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<td>Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1Each emission unit was evaluated at 8,760 hours of uncontrolled annual operation unless otherwise noted. The emergency generator was evaluated at 500 hours annual operation.
2Potential to Emit values were pulled from OP2012-039, Issued September 19, 2012.
3The potential VOC emissions are smaller than the actual VOC emissions due to differences in the emission factors used to calculate the actual emissions. The emission factors used to calculate the Potential to Emit VOC are from EPA’s Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates (November 1995). The emission factor used in the Missouri Emission Inventory System is based on methods prescribed by EPA in 40 CFR 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting, Subpart W - Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems.

Permit Reference Documents
These documents were relied upon in the preparation of the operating permit. Because they are not incorporated by reference, they are not an official part of the operating permit.
1) Part 70 Operating Permit Application, received March 14, 2017;
2) 2016 Emissions Inventory Questionnaire, received April 24, 2017; and
4) Construction permit 1088-007, Issued October 17, 1988

**Applicable Requirements Included in the Operating Permit but Not in the Application or Previous Operating Permits**

In the operating permit application, the installation indicated they were not subject to the following regulation(s). However, in the review of the application, the agency has determined that the installation is subject to the following regulation(s) for the reasons stated.

None

**Other Air Regulations Determined Not to Apply to the Operating Permit**

The Air Pollution Control Program (APCP) has determined the following requirements to not be applicable to this installation at this time for the reasons stated.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.D. Risk Management Plans.**
This rule is not applicable to the installation. Interstate natural gas transmission pipelines and compressor stations are regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation pursuant to 49 CFR 192 and therefore are not considered stationary sources for the purposes of 40 CFR 68.

**10 CSR 10-6.100, Alternate Emission Limits**
This rule is not applicable because the installation is in an ozone attainment area.

**10 CSR 10-6.220, Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants**
This rule is not applicable to the installation. The applicable units are restricted to combusting natural gas and are exempt per 10 CSR 10-6.220(1)(L).

**10 CSR 10-6.260, Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds**
This rule is not applicable to the installation. The applicable units are restricted to combusting natural gas and are exempt per 10 CSR 10-6.260(1)(A)(2).

**10 CSR 10-6.261, Control of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions**
This rule is not applicable to the installation. The applicable units are restricted to combusting natural gas and are exempt per 10 CSR 10-6.261(1)(A).

**10 CSR 10-6.400, Restriction of Emission of Particulate Matter From Industrial Processes**
This rule is not applicable to the installation. The RICE engines, turbine, and water heaters are restricted to combusting natural gas. This fuel does not meet the definition of process weight within 10 CSR 10-6.400(2)(A).
10 CSR 10-6.405, Restriction of Particulate Matter Emissions From Fuel Burning Equipment Used For Indirect Heating
This rule is not applicable to the installation. The applicable units are restricted to combusting natural gas and are exempt per 10 CSR 10-6.405(1)(E).

Construction Permit History
The following construction permits have been issued for this installation:

- Construction permit 1088-007, Issued October 17, 1988
  - Installation of the combustion turbine.

- No Permit Required, Issued August 14, 2001
  - Replacement of an emergency generator

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Applicability
40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc, Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units does not apply to any of the installation’s boilers as each is less than 10 MMBtu/hr heat input.


40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb, Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced after July 23, 1984 does not apply to the storage tanks as the capacity of each tank is less than 40 cubic meters.

40 CFR 60 Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines applies to the turbine and has been applied within this permit.

40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ, Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines does not apply to the generators as they were installed before June 12, 2006.

40 CFR 60 Subpart KKKK, Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines does not apply to the turbine as it was installed before February 18, 2005.

40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOO, Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission and Distribution for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced after August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015
This rule is not applicable as there has not been any construction, modification or reconstruction commenced after August 23, 2011.
40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa, *Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission and Distribution for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced after September 18, 2015*
This rule is not applicable as there has not been any construction, modification or reconstruction commenced after September 18, 2015.

**Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) Applicability**
40 CFR 63 Subpart HHH, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities*
This rule does not apply to the facility. The facility is not a major source of HAPs.

40 CFR 63 Subpart YYYY, *National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines* does not apply to the turbine. The turbine is not located at a major source of HAPs.

40 CFR Subpart ZZZZ, *National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines* applies to each RICE and has been applied within this permit.

40 CFR Subpart DDDDD, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters:* This installation is not subject, as it is not a major source of HAPs.

40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJJ, *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Area Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers* does not apply to the water heaters as they combust natural gas. Natural gas is not solid fossil fuel, biomass, or liquid fuel.

**National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Applicability**
None

**Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Applicability**
40 CFR Part 64, *Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)*
The CAM rule applies to each pollutant specific emission unit that:
- Is subject to an emission limitation or standard, and
- Uses a control device to achieve compliance, and
- Has pre-control emissions that exceed or are equivalent to the major source threshold.

40 CFR Part 64 is not applicable because none of the pollutant-specific emission units uses a control device to achieve compliance with a relevant standard.

**Greenhouse Gas Emissions**
Note that this source may be subject to the Greenhouse Gas Reporting Rule. However, the preamble of the GHG Reporting Rule clarifies that Part 98 requirements do not have to be incorporated in Part 70 permits operating permits at this time. In addition, Missouri regulations do not require the installation to report CO2 emissions in their Missouri Emissions Inventory Questionnaire; therefore, the installation’s CO2 emissions were not included within this permit. The applicant would be required to report the data
directly to EPA if the reporting thresholds in Part 98 are exceeded. GHG emissions from the facility have not exceeded the reporting thresholds since promulgation of Part 98; therefore, reporting has not been required.

**Other Regulatory Determinations**

None

**Other Regulations Not Cited in the Operating Permit or the Above Statement of Basis**

Any regulation which is not specifically listed in either the Operating Permit or in the above Statement of Basis does not appear, based on this review, to be an applicable requirement for this installation for one or more of the following reasons:

1. The specific pollutant regulated by that rule is not emitted by the installation;
2. The installation is not in the source category regulated by that rule;
3. The installation is not in the county or specific area that is regulated under the authority of that rule;
4. The installation does not contain the type of emission unit which is regulated by that rule;
5. The rule is only for administrative purposes.

Should a later determination conclude that the installation is subject to one or more of the regulations cited in this Statement of Basis or other regulations which were not cited, the installation shall determine and demonstrate, to the APCP's satisfaction, the installation's compliance with that regulation(s). If the installation is not in compliance with a regulation which was not previously cited, the installation shall submit to the APCP a schedule for achieving compliance for that regulation(s).
Response to Public Comments

On September 20, 2017 we received three comments from Ms. Leslye E. Werner, Acting Chief, Air Permitting and Compliance Branch, U.S. EPA’s Region VII office in Lenexa, Kansas. The comments are addressed in the order in which they appear within the letter(s).

Comment #1: Permit Condition 001 and Permit Condition 002 incorporate applicable requirements of 40 CFR part 63, Subpart ZZZZ-National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines that pertain to EP-01, EP-02 and EP-03. Both Permit Condition 001 and Permit Condition 002 provide the permittee the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirements. This oil analysis program requires the permittee to monitor and compare Total Acid Number, viscosity, and percent water content against condemning limits; at least once every 4,320 hours of operation or annually for EP-01 and EP-02; and at least once every 500 hours of operation or annually for EP-03. However, neither Permit Condition 001 nor Permit Condition 002 requires the permittee to maintain any oil analysis program compliance verification records. Therefore, the oil analysis program may not be practically enforceable. EPA recommends MDNR consider including oil program analysis record keeping requirements in both Permit Condition 001 and Permit Condition 002 to ensure the collection of verifiable compliance information.

Response to Comment: Both permit conditions contain the following language “The permittee must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine” This should be sufficient for all recordkeeping requirements.

Comment #2: Section IV: Core Permit Requirements includes 10 CSR 10-6.250: Asbestos Abatement Projects-Certification, Accreditation, and Business Exemption Requirements. However, 10 CSR 10-6.250 has not been adopted into the EPA approved Missouri State Implementation Plan (SIP) and is therefore a "State Only Requirement." EPA recommends MDNR consider adding a "State Only Requirement" designation to 10 CSR 10-6.250.

Response to Comment: Added language to clarify that this is a state only requirement.

Comment #3: The 10 CSR 10-6.260; Restriction of Emission of Sulfur Compounds portion of the Other Air Regulations Determined not to Apply to the Operating Permit included within the Statement of Basis says "this rule has been rescinded as of November 30, 2015." While this is an accurate statement, 10 CSR 10-6.260 has not been withdrawn from the EPA approved Missouri State Implementation Plan (SIP). Based on the requirement to include all applicable requirements at the time of issuance of an operating permit contained in 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C) and the definition of applicable requirement in 10 CSR 10-6.020 (A) 54 A, all SIP requirements (including requirements in 10 CSR 10-6.260) are to be included in the Southern Star-Saginaw operating permit. EPA recognizes that Southern Star-Saginaw may be exempt from some or all of 10 CSR 10-6.260, therefore, MDNR is encouraged to provide appropriate justification in the Statement of Basis or include an appropriate permit condition.

Response to Comment: Added 10 CSR 10-6.260 into the Statement of Basis with the exemption explanation as requested.
On October 13, 2017, we received three comments from a citizen of Jasper County. The comments are addressed in the order in which they appear within the letter.

**Comment #1:** As a concerned citizen of Jasper County, I noticed that the installation will be a major source of nitrogen oxides (NOx). As you are well aware, NOx and VOCs are precursors to ground-level ozone. The Updated potential to emit on page SB-1 (Statement of Basis) shows an approximate 300% increase in NOx (from 108 to 448 tons per year). This appears to be at emission levels of electric generating stations via combustion.

**Response to Comment:** This is a misunderstanding on the Updated Potential to Emit table that has been changed to make the information clearer. NOx emissions did not have a 300% increase. The potential to emit column states how much of each pollutant would be emitted if the permitted equipment ran for 8760 hours in a year. The 2016 column and all other year columns list the actual amount of each pollutant emitted in that year.

**Comment #2:** As for Hazard Air Pollutants (HAPs) there is a substantial increase from 2016 to 2017, where in 2016 there was no available tons emitted per year of HAPs to a Potential to Permit of 9.68 tons per year of HAPs. While the operating permit states the "facility is not a major source of HAPs", implementation of Maximum Achievable Control Technologies should be applied in this situation.

**Response to Comment:** Just like Comment #1, the table has been edited to try to clear up the information. The table does not show HAP emissions increasing in 2017; that year’s data is not listed in the table. Maximum Achievable control Technologies are implemented in this permit, specifically 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ.

**Comment #3:** Clarification on page SB-1 "fugitive emissions are included in the potential to emit" is needed. Where are the fugitive emissions sourced from and where are they distributed?

**Response to Comment:** Fugitive emissions are defined in 10 CSR 10-6.020 as “Those emissions which according to good engineering practice could not pass through a stack, chimney, vent, or other functionally equivalent opening.” For this installation, the majority of the fugitive emissions are the breathing losses from the volatile liquid storage tanks. Breathing loss occurs when vapors escape from the tanks through vapor expansion and contraction, which is a result of temperature and pressure changes of the liquid. These emissions are extremely minimal and do not increase the PTE significantly.
Mr. Shawn L. Patterson  
Saginaw Compressor Station  
6300 South Rangeline Road  
Joplin, MO 64804  

Re: Saginaw Compressor Station, 145-0049  
Permit Number: OP2017-096  

Dear Mr. Patterson:

Enclosed with this letter is your Part 70 operating permit. Please review this document carefully. Operation of your installation in accordance with the rules and regulations cited in this document is necessary for continued compliance. It is very important that you read and understand the requirements contained in your permit.

This permit may include requirements with which you may not be familiar. If you would like the department to meet with you to discuss how to understand and satisfy the requirements contained in this permit, an appointment referred to as a Compliance Assistance Visit (CAV) can be set up with you. To request a CAV, please contact your local regional office or fill out an online request. The regional office contact information can be found at http://dnr.mo.gov/regions/. The online CAV request can be found at http://dnr.mo.gov/cav/compliance.htm.

You may appeal this permit to the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC), P.O. Box 1557, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as provided in RSMo 643.078.16 and 621.250.3. If you choose to appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed. If it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC.

If you have any questions or need additional information regarding this permit, please contact the Air Pollution Control Program (APCP) at (573) 751-4817, or you may write to the Department of Natural Resources, Air Pollution Control Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102.

Sincerely,

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

Michael J. Stansfield, P.E.  
Operating Permit Unit Chief

MJS:jsj

Enclosures

c: PAMS File: 2017-03-048