PART 70
PERMIT TO OPERATE

Under the authority of RSMo 643 and the Federal Clean Air Act the applicant is authorized to operate the air contaminant source(s) described below, in accordance with the laws, rules, and conditions set forth herein.

Operating Permit Number: OP2013-057A
Expiration Date: FEB 17 2019
Installation ID: 017-0019
Project Number: 2013-10-019

Installation Name and Address
Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America
RT #4 Box 213 A
Marble Hill, MO 63764
Bollinger County

Parent Company's Name and Address
Kinder Morgan, Inc.
370 Van Gordon Street
Lakewood, CO 80228-8304

Installation Description:
Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America-Jackson, Missouri, is a natural gas compressor station. The installation operates nine natural gas fired compressor engines used for the compression of pipeline natural gas. The installation is a major source of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), and Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions. This permit has been modified to remove the monitoring, maintenance, and reporting requirements from Permit Condition 1. The Natural Gas Fired Generator was initially permitted as a 390 Hp generator and it was later brought to the APCP’s attention the generator was 610 Hp. Based on the correct Hp of the unit, EP-10 does not have to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ as the unit is an existing stationary RICE greater than 500 Hp located at a major source of HAP emissions §63.6590(b)(3)(iii).

Effective Date

Director/Designee
Department of Natural Resources
Table of Contents

I. INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION AND EQUIPMENT LISTING ..............................................................3
   INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION .......................................................................................................................3
   EMISSION UNITS WITH LIMITATIONS ..........................................................................................................3
   EMISSION UNITS WITHOUT LIMITATIONS .................................................................................................4

II. PLANT WIDE EMISSION LIMITATIONS ............................................................................................5

III. EMISSION UNIT SPECIFIC EMISSION LIMITATIONS .......................................................................6
   Permit Condition 1 ...........................................................................................................................................6
   Permit Condition 2 ...........................................................................................................................................7
   Permit Condition 3 ...........................................................................................................................................9

IV. CORE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS ....................................................................................................11

V. GENERAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS ..................................................................................................18
I. Installation Description and Equipment Listing

INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION
Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America-Jackson, Missouri, is a natural gas compressor station. The installation operates nine natural gas fired compressor engines used for the compression of pipeline natural gas. The installation is a major source of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), and Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions.

This permit has been modified to remove the monitoring, maintenance, and reporting requirements from Permit Condition 1. The Natural Gas Fired Generator was initially permitted as a 390 Hp generator and it was later brought to the APCP’s attention the generator was 610 Hp. Based on the correct Hp of the unit, EP-10 does not have to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ as the unit is an existing stationary RICE greater than 500 Hp located at a major source of HAP emissions §63.6590(b)(3)(iii).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Particulate Matter ≤ Ten Microns (PM10)</td>
<td>31.83</td>
<td>23.90</td>
<td>29.31</td>
<td>27.19</td>
<td>19.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particulate Matter ≤ 2.5 Microns (PM2.5)</td>
<td>31.83</td>
<td>23.90</td>
<td>29.29</td>
<td>27.15</td>
<td>19.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur Oxides (SOx)</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>0.229</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>0.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)</td>
<td>2924.24</td>
<td>2204.94</td>
<td>2686.18</td>
<td>2497.11</td>
<td>1771.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)</td>
<td>79.11</td>
<td>59.81</td>
<td>72.74</td>
<td>67.43</td>
<td>47.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Monoxide (CO)</td>
<td>185.46</td>
<td>139.27</td>
<td>107.97</td>
<td>161.20</td>
<td>114.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead (Pb)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>0.08</td>
<td>0.14</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia (NH3)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>2.56</td>
<td>2.36</td>
<td>3.54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EMISSION UNITS WITH LIMITATIONS
The following list provides a description of the equipment at this installation that emits air pollutants and that are identified as having unit-specific emission limitations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EIQ Reference #</th>
<th>Description of Emission Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP10</td>
<td>Natural Gas Fired Generator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EP11</td>
<td>Natural Gas Fired Compressor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EP12</td>
<td>16.8 MMBtu/hr Boiler</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EMISSION UNITS WITHOUT LIMITATIONS
The following list provides a description of the equipment that does not have unit specific limitations at the time of permit issuance.

Description of Emission Source
Purge Vent
Hydrocarbon Storage Tank – 8820 gallons
Petroleum Gasoline Storage Tank – 300 gallons
Petroleum Diesel Storage Tank – 300 gallons
Furnace – Office - .11 MMBTU/hr
Furnace – Tech. Breakroom - .066 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – N. Warehouse - .14 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – S. Warehouse - .13 MMBTU/hr
Furnace – Control Room - .08 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – Weld Shop East - .2 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – Weld Shop West - .2 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – Back Weld Shop East - .13 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – Back Weld Shop West - .13 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater - N.E. Equipment House - .094 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – N.W. Equipment House - .094 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – S.E. Equipment House - .094 MMBTU/hr
Space Heater – S.W. Equipment House - .094 MMBTU/hr
(9) Natural Gas Fired Compressor Engines
II. Plant Wide Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

None.
III. Emission Unit Specific Emission Limitations

The installation shall comply with each of the following emission limitations. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued.

### Permit Condition 1

10 CSR 10-6.075 *Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations*


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EIQ Reference</th>
<th>Unit Description</th>
<th>Make/Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-10</td>
<td>4-Cycle Stand-By Generator (4SRB) Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1952 MHDR = 1 MMBtu/hr (610 Hp)</td>
<td>Cooper JS-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Per §63.6590(b)(3)(iii), these units are not subject to the provisions of this rule or subpart A as long as they meet the annual hourly usage restrictions of §63.6640(f).

**Annual Usage Limitations to Maintain Emergency-Only Status:**

1.) The permittee must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(1) through §63.6640(f)(4). In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(1) through §63.6640(f)(4), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(1) through §63.6640(f)(4), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines. [§63.6640(f)]

a.) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations. [§63.6640(f)(1)]

b.) You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(2)(i) through (iii) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraphs §63.6640(f)(3) and §63.6640(f)(4) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph §63.6640(f)(2). [§63.6640(f)(2)]

i.) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year. [§63.6640(f)(2)(i)]
ii.) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for emergency demand response for periods in which the Reliability Coordinator under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standard EOP-002-3, Capacity and Energy Emergencies (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or other authorized entity as determined by the Reliability Coordinator, has declared an Energy Emergency Alert Level 2 as defined in the NERC Reliability Standard EOP-002-3. [§63.6640(f)(2)(ii)]

iii.) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for periods where there is a deviation of voltage or frequency of 5 percent or greater below standard voltage or frequency. [§63.6640(f)(2)(iii)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Condition 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 CSR 10-6.075 Maximum Achievable Control Technology Regulations</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EIQ Reference</th>
<th>Unit Description</th>
<th>Make/Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-11</td>
<td>66 HP Air Compressor Engine (4SRB) Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1976 MHDR = 0.168 MMBtu/hr</td>
<td>Waukesha</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine Category</th>
<th>Monitoring, Installation, Collection, Operation and Maintenance Requirements</th>
<th>§63.6625(e), (h), (j)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date Constructed</td>
<td>Initial Compliance</td>
<td>No Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compliance Date</td>
<td>Continuous Compliance</td>
<td>§63.6605, §63.6640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work Practice Standards</td>
<td>Notification Requirements</td>
<td>No Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Limitations</td>
<td>Recordkeeping Requirements</td>
<td>§63.6655 (except §63.6655(c) and (f))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Requirements</td>
<td>Reporting Requirements</td>
<td>No Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Tests</td>
<td>General Provisions (40 CFR Part 63)</td>
<td>Yes, except per §63.6645(a)(5), the following do not apply: §63.7(b) and (c), §63.8(e), (f)(4) and (f)(6), and §63.9(b)-(e), (g) and (h).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The full text of the requirements for these units under MACT ZZZZ are found in 40 CFR 63 under the citations presented in the table above.

Annual Usage Limitations to Maintain Emergency-Only Status:
1.) The permittee must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(1) through §63.6640(f)(4). In order for the engine to be considered an
emergency stationary RICE under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(1) through §63.6640(f)(4), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(1) through §63.6640(f)(4), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines. [§63.6640(f)]

a.) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations. [§63.6640(f)(1)]

b.) You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs §63.6640(f)(2)(i) through (iii) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraphs §63.6640(f)(3) and §63.6640(f)(4) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph §63.6640(f)(2). [§63.6640(f)(2)]

i.) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year. [§63.6640(f)(2)(i)]

ii.) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for emergency demand response for periods in which the Reliability Coordinator under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standard EOP-002-3, Capacity and Energy Emergencies (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or other authorized entity as determined by the Reliability Coordinator, has declared an Energy Emergency Alert Level 2 as defined in the NERC Reliability Standard EOP-002-3. [§63.6640(f)(2)(ii)]

iii.) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for periods where there is a deviation of voltage or frequency of five percent or greater below standard voltage or frequency. [§63.6640(f)(2)(iii)]

c.) Emergency stationary RICE located at major sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph §63.6640(f)(2). The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to supply power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity. [§63.6640(f)(3)]

**Operational Requirements:**

1.) The Permittee must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other applicable requirements of MACT ZZZZ at all times. [§63.6605(a)]

2.) At all times the permittee must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require the permittee to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance
procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source. [§63.6605(b)]

3.) The permittee must meet the following requirements (except during periods of startup);
   a.) Change oil and filter every 4,320 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;
   b.) Inspect spark plugs every 4,320 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary;
   c.) Inspect all hoses and belts every 4,320 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.3[Items 8.a through 8.c of Table 2c of MACT ZZZZ]

4.) During periods of startup the permittee must minimize the engine's time spent at idle and minimize the engine's startup time at startup to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the non-startup emission limitations apply.

5.) If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the work practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2c of this subpart, or if performing the work practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the work practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The work practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The permittee must report any failure to perform the work practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable. [Footnote #1 of Table 2c of MACT ZZZZ].

6.) The Permittee has the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in § 63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2c of this subpart. [Footnote #2 of Table 2c of MACT ZZZZ]

**Reporting:**

1.) The Permittee must report each instance in which you did not meet each applicable emission limitation or operating limitation in Table 2c to MACT ZZZZ. These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations in this subpart. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in §63.6650. [§63.6640(b)]

2.) The permittee must report any deviations of this permit condition to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, no later than the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III).

### Permit Condition 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EIQ Reference</th>
<th>Unit Description</th>
<th>Make/Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EP-12</td>
<td>Boiler</td>
<td>Cleaver-Brooks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1966</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MHDR = 16.787 MMBtu/hr</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler Category</td>
<td>Gas 1 Fuels Subcategory (Existing Natural Gas Fired) &gt;10 MMBtu</td>
<td>Initial Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compliance Date</td>
<td>January 31, 2016</td>
<td>Continuous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emission Limitations</td>
<td>None per §63.7500(e)</td>
<td>Notification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work Practice Standards</td>
<td>Table 3, Items #3, 4</td>
<td>Recordkeeping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Tests</td>
<td>None per §63.7500(e)</td>
<td>Reporting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tune Up Requirements</td>
<td>¹§63.7540(a)(10)</td>
<td>General Provisions (40 CFR Part 63)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹If the unit is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 calendar days of startup. [§63.7540(a)(13)]

**Operational Requirements:**

1.) The Permittee must complete an initial tune-up by following the procedures described in §63.7540(a)(10)(i) through (vi) no later than January 31, 2016, (except as specified in §63.7510(j)). [§63.7510(e)]

2.) The Permittee must conduct an annual performance tune-up according to §63.7540(a)(10). Each annual tune-up specified in §63.7540(a)(10) must be no more than 13 months after the previous tune-up. [§63.7515(d)]

3.) The Permittee must complete the one-time energy assessment specified in Table 3 of MACT DDDDD no later than the January 31, 2016, except as specified in paragraph §63.7510(j). [§63.7510(e)]

**Reporting:**

The permittee must report any deviations of this permit condition to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, no later than the semi-annual monitoring report and annual compliance certification, as required by 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C.(III).
IV. Core Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following regulations or codes. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), the Code of State Regulations (CSR), and local ordinances for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued. The following is only an excerpt from the regulation or code, and is provided for summary purposes only.

### 10 CSR 10-6.045 Open Burning Requirements

1) General Provisions. The open burning of tires, petroleum-based products, asbestos containing materials, and trade waste is prohibited, except as allowed below. Nothing in this rule may be construed as to allow open burning which causes or constitutes a public health hazard, nuisance, a hazard to vehicular or air traffic, nor which violates any other rule or statute.

2) Refer to the regulation for a complete list of allowances. The following is a listing of exceptions to the allowances:

   a) Burning of household or domestic refuse. Burning of household or domestic refuse is limited to open burning on a residential premises having not more than four dwelling units, provided that the refuse originates on the same premises, with the following exceptions:

      i) Kansas City metropolitan area. The open burning of household refuse must take place in an area zoned for agricultural purposes and outside that portion of the metropolitan area surrounded by the corporate limits of Kansas City and every contiguous municipality;

      ii) Springfield-Greene County area. The open burning of household refuse must take place outside the corporate limits of Springfield and only within areas zoned A-1, Agricultural District;

      iii) St. Joseph area. The open burning of household refuse must take place within an area zoned for agricultural purposes and outside that portion of the metropolitan area surrounded by the corporate limits of St. Joseph; and

      iv) St. Louis metropolitan area. The open burning of household refuse is prohibited;

   b) Yard waste, with the following exceptions:

      i) Kansas City metropolitan area. The open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of vegetation shall require an open burning permit;

      ii) Springfield-Greene County area. The City of Springfield requires an open burning permit for the open burning of trees, brush or any other type of vegetation. The City of Springfield prohibits the open burning of tree leaves;

      iii) St. Joseph area. Within the corporate limits of St. Joseph, the open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of vegetation grown on a residential property is allowed during the following calendar periods and time-of-day restrictions:

         1) A three (3)-week period within the period commencing the first day of March through April 30 and continuing for twenty-one (21) consecutive calendar days;

         2) A three (3)-week period within the period commencing the first day of October through November 30 and continuing for twenty-one (21) consecutive calendar days;

         3) The burning shall take place only between the daytime hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.; and

         4) In each instance, the twenty-one (21)-day burning period shall be determined by the director of Public Health and Welfare of the City of St. Joseph for the region in which the City of St. Joseph is located provided, however, the burning period first shall receive the approval of the department director; and
iv) St. Louis metropolitan area. The open burning of trees, tree leaves, brush or any other type of
vegetation is limited to the period beginning September 16 and ending April 14 of each
calendar year and limited to a total base area not to exceed sixteen (16) square feet. Any open
burning shall be conducted only between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. and is limited
to areas outside of incorporated municipalities;

3) Certain types of materials may be open burned provided an open burning permit is obtained from the
director. The permit will specify the conditions and provisions of all open burning. The permit may
be revoked if the owner or operator fails to comply with the conditions or any provisions of the
permit.

4) Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America may be issued an annually renewable open burning
permit for open burning provided that an air curtain destructor or incinerator is utilized and only tree
trunks, tree limbs, vegetation or untreated wood waste are burned. Open burning shall occur at least
two hundred (200) yards from the nearest occupied structure unless the owner or operator of the
occupied structure provides a written waiver of this requirement. Any waiver shall accompany the
open burning permit application. The permit may be revoked if Natural Gas Pipeline Company of
America fails to comply with the provisions or any condition of the open burning permit.
a) In a nonattainment area, as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.020, paragraph (2)(N)5., the director shall
not issue a permit under this section unless the owner or operator can demonstrate to the
satisfaction of the director that the emissions from the open burning of the specified material
would be less than the emissions from any other waste management or disposal method.

10 CSR 10-6.050 Start-up, Shutdown and Malfunction Conditions

1) In the event of a malfunction, which results in excess emissions that exceed one hour, the permittee
shall submit to the director within two business days, in writing, the following information:
   a) Name and location of installation;
   b) Name and telephone number of person responsible for the installation;
   c) Name of the person who first discovered the malfunction and precise time and date that the
      malfunction was discovered.
   d) Identity of the equipment causing the excess emissions;
   e) Time and duration of the period of excess emissions;
   f) Cause of the excess emissions;
   g) Air pollutants involved;
   h) Best estimate of the magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable
      requirement and the operating data and calculations used in estimating the magnitude;
   i) Measures taken to mitigate the extent and duration of the excess emissions; and
   j) Measures taken to remedy the situation that caused the excess emissions and the measures taken
      or planned to prevent the recurrence of these situations.

2) The permittee shall submit the paragraph 1 information list to the director in writing at least ten days
prior to any maintenance, start-up or shutdown, which is expected to cause an excessive release of
emissions that exceed one hour. If notice of the event cannot be given ten days prior to the planned
occurrence, it shall be given as soon as practicable prior to the release. If an unplanned excess
release of emissions exceeding one hour occurs during maintenance, start-up or shutdown, the
director shall be notified verbally as soon as practical during normal working hours and no later than
the close of business of the following working day. A written notice shall follow within ten working
days.

3) Upon receipt of a notice of excess emissions issued by an agency holding a certificate of authority
under Section 643.140, RSMo, the permittee may provide information showing that the excess
emissions were the consequence of a malfunction, start-up or shutdown. The information, at a minimum, should be the paragraph 1 list and shall be submitted not later than 15 days after receipt of the notice of excess emissions. Based upon information submitted by the permittee or any other pertinent information available, the director or the commission shall make a determination whether the excess emissions constitute a malfunction, start-up or shutdown and whether the nature, extent and duration of the excess emissions warrant enforcement action under Section 643.080 or 643.151, RSMo.

4) Nothing in this rule shall be construed to limit the authority of the director or commission to take appropriate action, under Sections 643.080, 643.090 and 643.151, RSMo to enforce the provisions of the Air Conservation Law and the corresponding rule.

5) Compliance with this rule does not automatically absolve the permittee of liability for the excess emissions reported.

### 10 CSR 10-6.060 Construction Permits Required

The permittee shall not commence construction, modification, or major modification of any installation subject to this rule, begin operation after that construction, modification, or major modification, or begin operation of any installation which has been shut down longer than five years without first obtaining a permit from the permitting authority.

### 10 CSR 10-6.065 Operating Permits

The permittee shall file a complete application for renewal of this operating permit at least six months before the date of permit expiration. In no event shall this time be greater than eighteen months. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)1.A(V)] The permittee shall retain the most current operating permit issued to this installation on-site. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C(II)] The permittee shall immediately make such permit available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources personnel upon request. [10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3.B]


1) The permittee shall follow the procedures and requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M for any activities occurring at this installation which would be subject to provisions for 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos.

2) The permittee shall conduct monitoring to demonstrate compliance with registration, certification, notification, and Abatement Procedures and Practices standards as specified in 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M.

### 10 CSR 10-6.100 Alternate Emission Limits

Proposals for alternate emission limitations shall be submitted on Alternate Emission Limits Permit forms provided by the department. An installation owner or operator must obtain an Alternate Emission Limits Permit in accordance with 10 CSR 10-6.100 before alternate emission limits may become effective.

### 10 CSR 10-6.110 Submission of Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information

1) The permittee shall submit full emissions report either electronically via MoEIS, which requires Form 1.0 signed by an authorized company representative, or on Emission Inventory Questionnaire (EIQ) paper forms on the frequency specified in this rule and in accordance with the requirements
outlined in this rule. Alternate methods of reporting the emissions, such as spreadsheet file, can be submitted for approval by the director.

2) The permittee may be required by the director to file additional reports.

3) Public Availability of Emission Data and Process Information. Any information obtained pursuant to the rule(s) of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission that would not be entitled to confidential treatment under 10 CSR 10-6.210 shall be made available to any member of the public upon request.

4) The permittee shall pay an annual emission fee per ton of regulated air pollutant emitted according to the schedule in the rule. This fee is an emission fee assessed under authority of RSMo. 643.079.

5) The fees shall be payable to the Department of Natural Resources and shall be accompanied by the emissions report.

6) The permittee shall complete required reports on state supplied EIQ forms or electronically via MoEIS. Alternate methods of reporting the emissions can be submitted for approval by the director. The reports shall be submitted to the director by April 1 after the end of each reporting year. If the full emissions report is filed electronically via MoEIS, this due date is extended to May 1.

7) The reporting period shall end on December 31 of each calendar year. Each report shall contain the required information for each emission unit for the twelve (12)-month period immediately preceding the end of the reporting period.

8) The permittee shall collect, record and maintain the information necessary to complete the required forms during each year of operation of the installation.

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**10 CSR 10-6.130 Controlling Emissions During Episodes of High Air Pollution Potential**

This rule specifies the conditions that establish an air pollution alert (yellow/orange/red/purple), or emergency (maroon) and the associated procedures and emission reduction objectives for dealing with each. The permittee shall submit an appropriate emergency plan if required by the Director.

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**10 CSR 10-6.150 Circumvention**

The permittee shall not cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any other means which, without resulting in reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission or air contaminant which violates a rule of the Missouri Air Conservation Commission.

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**10 CSR 10-6.170 Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin**

**Emission Limitation:**

1) The permittee shall not cause or allow to occur any handling, transporting or storing of any material; construction, repair, cleaning or demolition of a building or its appurtenances; construction or use of a road, driveway or open area; or operation of a commercial or industrial installation without applying reasonable measures as may be required to prevent, or in a manner which allows or may allow, fugitive particulate matter emissions to go beyond the premises of origin in quantities that the particulate matter may be found on surfaces beyond the property line of origin. The nature or origin of the particulate matter shall be determined to a reasonable degree of certainty by a technique proven to be accurate and approved by the director.

2) The permittee shall not cause nor allow to occur any fugitive particulate matter emissions to remain visible in the ambient air beyond the property line of origin.

3) Should it be determined that noncompliance has occurred, the director may require reasonable control measures as may be necessary. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:
a) Revision of procedures involving construction, repair, cleaning and demolition of buildings and their appurtenances that produce particulate matter emissions;
b) Paving or frequent cleaning of roads, driveways and parking lots;
c) Application of dust-free surfaces;
d) Application of water; and
e) Planting and maintenance of vegetative ground cover.

10 CSR 10-6.180 Measurement of Emissions of Air Contaminants

1) The director may require any person responsible for the source of emission of air contaminants to make or have made tests to determine the quantity or nature, or both, of emission of air contaminants from the source. The director may specify testing methods to be used in accordance with good professional practice. The director may observe the testing. All tests shall be performed by qualified personnel.

2) The director may conduct tests of emissions of air contaminants from any source. Upon request of the director, the person responsible for the source to be tested shall provide necessary ports in stacks or ducts and other safe and proper sampling and testing facilities, exclusive of instruments and sensing devices as may be necessary for proper determination of the emission of air contaminants.

3) The director shall be given a copy of the test results in writing and signed by the person responsible for the tests.

10 CSR 10-6.165 Restriction of Emission of Odors

This requirement is not federally enforceable.

No person may cause, permit or allow the emission of odorous matter in concentrations and frequencies or for durations that odor can be perceived when one volume of odorous air is diluted with seven volumes of odor-free air for two separate trials not less than 15 minutes apart within the period of one hour. This odor evaluation shall be taken at a location outside of the installation’s property boundary.

10 CSR 10-6.250 Asbestos Abatement Projects – Certification, Accreditation, and Business Exemption Requirements

The permittee shall conduct all asbestos abatement projects within the procedures established for certification and accreditation by 10 CSR 10-6.250. This rule requires individuals who work in asbestos abatement projects to be certified by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Air Pollution Control Program. This rule requires training providers who offer training for asbestos abatement occupations to be accredited by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Air Pollution Control Program. This rule requires persons who hold exemption status from certain requirements of this rule to allow the department to monitor training provided to employees. Each individual who works in asbestos abatement projects must first obtain certification for the appropriate occupation from the department. Each person who offers training for asbestos abatement occupations must first obtain accreditation from the department. Certain business entities that meet the requirements for state-approved exemption status must allow the department to monitor training classes provided to employees who perform asbestos abatement.

Title VI – 40 CFR Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone

1) The permittee shall comply with the standards for labeling of products using ozone-depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E:
   a) All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported, all products containing a class I substance, and all products directly manufactured with a class I substance
must bear the required warning statement if it is being introduced into interstate commerce pursuant to §82.106.

b) The placement of the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to §82.108.

c) The form of the label bearing the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to §82.110.

d) No person may modify, remove, or interfere with the required warning statement except as described in §82.112.

2) The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:

a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to §82.156.

b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to §82.158.

c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to §82.161.

d) Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances must comply with recordkeeping requirements pursuant to §82.166. ("MVAC-like" appliance as defined at §82.152).

e) Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment must comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to §82.156.

f) Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant must keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to §82.166.

3) If the permittee manufactures, transforms, imports, or exports a class I or class II substance, the permittee is subject to all the requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A, Production and Consumption Controls.

4) If the permittee performs a service on motor (fleet) vehicles when this service involves ozone-depleting substance refrigerant (or regulated substitute substance) in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee is subject to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air conditioners. The term "motor vehicle" as used in Subpart B does not include a vehicle in which final assembly of the vehicle has not been completed. The term "MVAC" as used in Subpart B does not include the air-tight sealed refrigeration system used as refrigerated cargo, or system used on passenger buses using HCFC-22 refrigerant.

5) The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting substance to any alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Program (SNAP) promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart G, Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. Federal Only - 40 CFR Part 82

10 CSR 10-6.280 Compliance Monitoring Usage

1) The permittee is not prohibited from using the following in addition to any specified compliance methods for the purpose of submission of compliance certificates:

a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;

b) Monitoring method(s) approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, “Operating Permits”, and incorporated into an operating permit; and

c) Any other monitoring methods approved by the director.
2) Any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a permittee has violated or is in violation of any such plan or other applicable requirement. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred by a permittee:
   a) Monitoring methods outlined in 40 CFR Part 64;
   b) A monitoring method approved for the permittee pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065, “Operating Permits”, and incorporated into an operating permit; and
   c) Compliance test methods specified in the rule cited as the authority for the emission limitations.

3) The following testing, monitoring or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods:
   a) Applicable monitoring or testing methods, cited in:
      i) 10 CSR 10-6.030, “Sampling Methods for Air Pollution Sources”;
      ii) 10 CSR 10-6.040, “Reference Methods”;
      iii) 10 CSR 10-6.070, “New Source Performance Standards”;
      iv) 10 CSR 10-6.080, “Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants”; or
   b) Other testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods, if approved by the director, that produce information comparable to that produced by any method listed above.
V. General Permit Requirements

The installation shall comply with each of the following requirements. Consult the appropriate sections in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) for the full text of the applicable requirements. All citations, unless otherwise noted, are to the regulations in effect as of the date that this permit is issued,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.B Permit Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This permit is issued for a term of five years, commencing on the date of issuance. This permit will expire at the end of this period unless renewed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.C General Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Recordkeeping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) All required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Copies of all current operating and construction permits issued to this installation shall be kept on-site for as long as the permits are in effect. Copies of these permits shall be made immediately available to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources’ personnel upon request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Reporting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) All reports shall be submitted to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) The permittee shall submit a report of all required monitoring by:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i) October 1st for monitoring which covers the January through June time period, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii) April 1st for monitoring which covers the July through December time period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iii) Exception. Monitoring requirements which require reporting more frequently than semi-annually shall report no later than 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter in which the measurements were taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Each report shall identify any deviations from emission limitations, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, or any other requirements of the permit, this includes deviations or Part 64 exceedances.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d) Submit supplemental reports as required or as needed. Supplemental reports are required no later than ten days after any exceedance of any applicable rule, regulation or other restriction. All reports of deviations shall identify the cause or probable cause of the deviations and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i) Notice of any deviation resulting from an emergency (or upset) condition as defined in paragraph (6)(C)7.A of 10 CSR 10-6.065 (Emergency Provisions) shall be submitted to the permitting authority either verbally or in writing within two working days after the date on which the emission limitation is exceeded due to the emergency, if the permittee wishes to assert an affirmative defense. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that indicate an emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency. The permitted installation must show that it was operated properly at the time and that during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or requirements in the permit. The notice must contain a description of the emergency, the steps taken to mitigate emissions, and the corrective actions taken.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ii) Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety or the environment shall be reported as soon as practicable.

iii) Any other deviations identified in the permit as requiring more frequent reporting than the permittee's semi-annual report shall be reported on the schedule specified in this permit, and no later than ten days after any exceedance of any applicable rule, regulation, or other restriction.

e) Every report submitted shall be certified by the responsible official, except that, if a report of a deviation must be submitted within ten days after the deviation, the report may be submitted without a certification if the report is resubmitted with an appropriate certification within ten days after that, together with any corrected or supplemental information required concerning the deviation.

f) The permittee may request confidential treatment of information submitted in any report of deviation.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.F Severability Clause**

In the event of a successful challenge to any part of this permit, all uncontested permit conditions shall continue to be in force. All terms and conditions of this permit remain in effect pending any administrative or judicial challenge to any portion of the permit. If any provision of this permit is invalidated, the permittee shall comply with all other provisions of the permit.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.G General Requirements**

1) The permittee must comply with all of the terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with a permit condition constitutes a violation and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, permit revocation and re-issuance, permit modification or denial of a permit renewal application.

2) The permittee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary for the permittee to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit.

3) The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened, reissued or terminated for cause. Except as provided for minor permit modifications, the filing of an application or request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the filing of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

4) This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, nor grant any exclusive privilege.

5) The permittee shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that the Air Pollution Control Program reasonably may require to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening, reissuing or revoking the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee also shall furnish to the Air Pollution Control Program copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. The permittee may make a claim of confidentiality for any information or records submitted pursuant to 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.

**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.H Incentive Programs Not Requiring Permit Revisions**

No permit revision will be required for any installation changes made under any approved economic incentive, marketable permit, emissions trading, or other similar programs or processes provided for in this permit.
### 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)1.1 Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios

None.

### 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)3 Compliance Requirements

1) Any document (including reports) required to be submitted under this permit shall contain a certification signed by the responsible official.

2) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow authorized officials of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, or their authorized agents, to perform the following (subject to the installation’s right to seek confidential treatment of information submitted to, or obtained by, the Air Pollution Control Program):
   a) Enter upon the premises where a permitted installation is located or an emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
   b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
   c) Inspect, at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
   d) As authorized by the Missouri Air Conservation Law, Chapter 643, RSMo or the Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the terms of this permit, and all applicable requirements as outlined in this permit.

3) All progress reports required under an applicable schedule of compliance shall be submitted semi-annually (or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement). These progress reports shall contain the following:
   a) Dates for achieving the activities, milestones or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when these activities, milestones or compliance were achieved, and
   b) An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measures adopted.

4) The permittee shall submit an annual certification that it is in compliance with all of the federally enforceable terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emissions limitations, standards, or work practices. These certifications shall be submitted annually by April 1st, unless the applicable requirement specifies more frequent submission. These certifications shall be submitted to EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, as well as the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. All deviations and Part 64 exceedances and excursions must be included in the compliance certifications. The compliance certification shall include the following:
   a) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
   b) The current compliance status, as shown by monitoring data and other information reasonably available to the installation;
   c) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
   d) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the installation, both currently and over the reporting period; and
   e) Such other facts as the Air Pollution Control Program will require in order to determine the compliance status of this installation.

### 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)6 Permit Shield

1) Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements as of the date that this permit is issued, provided that:
a) The applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit, or
b) The permitting authority, in acting on the permit revision or permit application, determines in
writing that other requirements, as specifically identified in the permit, are not applicable to the
installation, and this permit expressly includes that determination or a concise summary of it.

2) Be aware that there are exceptions to this permit protection. The permit shield does not affect the
following:
   a) The provisions of Section 303 of the Act or Section 643.090, RSMo concerning emergency
      orders,
   b) Liability for any violation of an applicable requirement which occurred prior to, or was existing
      at, the time of permit issuance,
   c) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program,
   d) The authority of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Air Pollution Control Program of
      the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to obtain information, or
   e) Any other permit or extra-permit provisions, terms or conditions expressly excluded from the
      permit shield provisions.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7   Emergency Provisions

1) An emergency or upset as defined in 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)7.A shall constitute an affirmative
defense to an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emissions
limitations. To establish an emergency- or upset-based defense, the permittee must demonstrate,
through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence, the following:
   a) That an emergency or upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the source of the
      emergency or upset,
   b) That the installation was being operated properly,
   c) That the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize emissions that exceeded technology-
      based emissions limitations or requirements in this permit, and
   d) That the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Air Pollution Control Program
      within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to
      the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate
      emissions, and any corrective actions taken.

2) Be aware that an emergency or upset shall not include noncompliance caused by improperly
designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator
error.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)8   Operational Flexibility

An installation that has been issued a Part 70 operating permit is not required to apply for or obtain a
permit revision in order to make any of the changes to the permitted installation described below if the
changes are not Title I modifications, the changes do not cause emissions to exceed emissions allowable
under the permit, and the changes do not result in the emission of any air contaminant not previously
emitted. The permittee shall notify the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section,
P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa,
KS 66219, at least seven days in advance of these changes, except as allowed for emergency or upset
conditions. Emissions allowable under the permit means a federally enforceable permit term or
condition determined at issuance to be required by an applicable requirement that establishes an
emissions limit (including a work practice standard) or a federally enforceable emissions cap that the
source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.
1) Section 502(b)(10) changes. Changes that, under Section 502(b)(10) of the Act, contravene an express permit term may be made without a permit revision, except for changes that would violate applicable requirements of the Act or contravene federally enforceable monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting or compliance requirements of the permit.
   a) Before making a change under this provision, the permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, describing the changes to be made, the date on which the change will occur, and any changes in emission and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the Air Pollution Control Program shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. Written notice shall be provided to the EPA and the Air Pollution Control Program as above at least seven days before the change is to be made. If less than seven days’ notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to these unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the EPA and the Air Pollution Control Program as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.

b) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

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**10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(C)9 Off-Permit Changes**

1) Except as noted below, the permittee may make any change in its permitted operations, activities or emissions that is not addressed in, constrained by or prohibited by this permit without obtaining a permit revision. Insignificant activities listed in the application, but not otherwise addressed in or prohibited by this permit, shall not be considered to be constrained by this permit for purposes of the off-permit provisions of this section. Off-permit changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:
   a) The change must meet all applicable requirements of the Act and may not violate any existing permit term or condition; the permittee may not change a permitted installation without a permit revision if this change is subject to any requirements under Title IV of the Act or is a Title I modification;
   b) The permittee must provide written notice of the change to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as well as EPA Region VII, 11201 Renner Blvd., Lenexa, KS 66219, no later than the next annual emissions report. This notice shall not be required for changes that are insignificant activities under 10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(B)3. This written notice shall describe each change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.
   c) The permittee shall keep a record describing all changes made at the installation that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement and the emissions resulting from these changes; and
   d) The permit shield shall not apply to these changes.

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**10 CSR 10-6.020(2)(R)12 Responsible Official**

The application utilized in the preparation of this permit was signed by Bobby W. Montgomery, Operations Director, Central Region. In August of 2012, the Air Pollution Control Program was informed that John Pannell, Division 9 Director, Eastern Region Natural Gas Pipelines is now the responsible official. If this person terminates employment, or is reassigned different duties such that a different person becomes the responsible person to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs, the owner or operator of this air contaminant source shall notify the Director of the
Air Pollution Control Program of the change. Said notification shall be in writing and shall be submitted within 30 days of the change. The notification shall include the name and title of the new person assigned by the source owner or operator to represent and bind the installation in environmental permitting affairs. All representations, agreement to terms and conditions and covenants made by the former responsible person that were used in the establishment of limiting permit conditions on this permit will continue to be binding on the installation until such time that a revision to this permit is obtained that would change said representations, agreements and covenants.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)(6) Reopening-Permit for Cause
This permit may be reopened for cause if:
1) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) receives notice from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that a petition for disapproval of a permit pursuant to 40 CFR § 70.8(d) has been granted, provided that the reopening may be stayed pending judicial review of that determination,
2) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made which resulted in establishing the emissions limitation standards or other terms of the permit,
3) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to the installation; however, reopening on this ground is not required if—:
   a) The permit has a remaining term of less than three years;
   b) The effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire; or
   c) The additional applicable requirements are implemented in a general permit that is applicable to the installation and the installation receives authorization for coverage under that general permit,
4) The installation is an affected source under the acid rain program and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements), become applicable to that source, provided that, upon approval by EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit; or
5) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources or EPA determines that the permit must be reopened and revised to assure compliance with applicable requirements.

10 CSR 10-6.065(6)(E)(1)C Statement of Basis
This permit is accompanied by a statement setting forth the legal and factual basis for the permit conditions (including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions). This Statement of Basis, while referenced by the permit, is not an actual part of the permit.
STATEMENT OF BASIS

Permit Reference Documents
These documents were relied upon in the preparation of the operating permit. Because they are not incorporated by reference, they are not an official part of the operating permit.

1) Part 70 Operating Permit Application, received 5/18/2011;
2) 2011 Emissions Inventory Questionnaire, and

Applicable Requirements Included in the Operating Permit but Not in the Application or Previous Operating Permits
None.

Other Air Regulations Determined Not to Apply to the Operating Permit
The Air Pollution Control Program (APCP) has determined the following requirements to not be applicable to this installation at this time for the reasons stated.

Construction Permit Revisions
The following revisions were made to construction permits for this installation:
None.

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Applicability
None.

Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) Applicability
40 CFR Part 63 Subpart HHH *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities*
This rule is not applicable since this facility does not have any glycol dehydration units per §63.1270(c).

40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ--National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants For Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Manufacturer/Model #</th>
<th>2005 EIQ Reference #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Cycle Reciprocating Compression Engine Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1952 (2SLB), MHDR = 26 MMBtu/hr</td>
<td>Cooper-Bessemer GMWH-8</td>
<td>EP01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Cycle Reciprocating Compression Engine Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1952 (2SLB), MHDR = 26 MMBtu/hr</td>
<td>Cooper-Bessemer GMWH-8</td>
<td>EP02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Cycle Reciprocating Compression Engine Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1952 (2SLB), MHDR = 26 MMBtu/hr</td>
<td>Cooper-Bessemer GMWH-8</td>
<td>EP03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Cycle Reciprocating Compression Engine Natural Gas fired, Installed in 1952 (2SLB), MHDR = 26 MMBtu/hr</td>
<td>Cooper-Bessemer GMWH-8</td>
<td>EP04</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
§63.6600(c) states that “If you own or operate an existing 2SLB stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with the emission limitations in Tables 1a, 2a, 2c, and 2d to this subpart or operating limitations in Tables 1b and 2b of MACT ZZZZ. These units also do not have to meet the requirements of this subpart and of subpart A of this part, including initial notification requirements per §63.6590(b)(3)(i). For these reasons, no provisions from this standard were placed in this permit for these units.

**National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Applicability**
None.

**Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Applicability**
40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)
The CAM rule applies to each pollutant specific emission unit that:
- Is subject to an emission limitation or standard, and
- Uses a control device to achieve compliance, and
- Has pre-control emissions that exceed or are equivalent to the major source threshold.

40 CFR Part 64 is not applicable because none of the pollutant-specific emission units uses a control device to achieve compliance with a relevant standard.

**Updated Potential to Emit for the Installation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Potential to Emit (tons/yr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>471.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO₂e</td>
<td>32527.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAP</td>
<td>94.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOₓ</td>
<td>3869.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM₁₀</td>
<td>58.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM₂₅</td>
<td>58.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO₂</td>
<td>0.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>146.47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Each emission unit was evaluated at 8,760 hours of uncontrolled annual operation unless otherwise noted.
Other Regulatory Determinations

- 10 CSR 10-6.405 *Restriction of Particulate Matter Emissions From Fuel Burning Equipment Used for Indirect Heating* - 6.405(1)(E) states that an installation is exempt from this rule if all of the installation’s applicable units are fueled only by landfill gas, propane, natural gas, fuel oils #2 through #6 (with less than one and two-tenths percent (1.2%) sulfur). Pipeline grade natural gas meets the conditional exemption of this rule. For this reason, no provisions were placed in this permit for this rule.

- New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db, *Standards of Performance for Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units.* This regulation does not apply to the emission unit EU0120 (Natural Gas Fired Boiler) because the unit was installed in 1966, before the June 14, 1984 applicability date. It is also under the 100 MMBTU/hr heat input capacity applicability of the rule.

Other Regulations Not Cited in the Operating Permit or the Above Statement of Basis

Any regulation which is not specifically listed in either the Operating Permit or in the above Statement of Basis does not appear, based on this review, to be an applicable requirement for this installation for one or more of the following reasons:

1) The specific pollutant regulated by that rule is not emitted by the installation;
2) The installation is not in the source category regulated by that rule;
3) The installation is not in the county or specific area that is regulated under the authority of that rule;
4) The installation does not contain the type of emission unit which is regulated by that rule;
5) The rule is only for administrative purposes.

Should a later determination conclude that the installation is subject to one or more of the regulations cited in this Statement of Basis or other regulations which were not cited, the installation shall determine and demonstrate, to the Air Pollution Control Program's satisfaction, the installation's compliance with that regulation(s). If the installation is not in compliance with a regulation which was not previously cited, the installation shall submit to the Air Pollution Control Program a schedule for achieving compliance for that regulation(s).

Prepared by:

Jason Dickneite
Environmental Engineer
Mr. John Pannell  
Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America  
RT #4 Box 213 A  
Marble Hill, MO 63764  

Re: Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America, 017-0019  
Permit Number: OP2013-057A

Dear Mr. Pannell:  

Enclosed with this letter is your Part 70 operating permit. Please review this document carefully. Operation of your installation in accordance with the rules and regulations cited in this document is necessary for continued compliance. It is very important that you read and understand the requirements contained in your permit.

This permit has been modified to remove the monitoring, maintenance, and reporting requirements from Permit Condition 1. The Natural Gas Fired Generator was initially permitted as a 390 Hp generator and it was later brought to the Air Pollution Control Program’s attention the generator was 610 Hp. Based on the correct Hp of the unit, EP-10 does not have to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ as the unit is an existing stationary RICE greater than 500 Hp located at a major source of HAP emissions §63.6590(b)(3)(iii).

You may appeal this permit to the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC), P.O. Box 1557, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as provided in RSMo 643.078.16 and 621.250.3. If you choose to appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed. If it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC.

If you have any questions or need additional information regarding this permit, please do not hesitate to contact Jason Dickneite at the Department of Natural Resources, Air Pollution Control Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO  65102, or by telephone at (573) 751-4817. Thank you for your time and attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

Michael J. Stansfield, P.E.  
Operating Permit Unit Chief  
MJS:jdk

Enclosures

c: Southeast Regional Office  
PAMS File: 2013-10-019