STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI AIR CONSERVATION COMMISSION

PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT

Under the authority of RSMo 643 and the Federal Clean Air Act the applicant is authorized to construct the air contaminant source(s) described below, in accordance with the laws, rules and conditions as set forth herein.

Permit Number: 04209-004 Project Number: 2009-02-002

Parent Company: Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC

Parent Company Address: 2001 N MO Hwy 291, Sugar Creek, MO 64058

Installation Name: Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC

Installation Address: 2001 N MO Hwy 291, Sugar Creek, MO 64058

Location Information: Jackson County, S18/19/13/24, T50N, R31W/32W

Application for Authority to Construct was made for: 2000 standard cubic feet per minute (SCFM) flare, to be used for the destruction of landfill gas (LFG). This review was conducted in accordance with Section (6), Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, Construction Permits Required.

☐ Standard Conditions (on reverse) are applicable to this permit.

☑ Standard Conditions (on reverse) and Special Conditions are applicable to this permit.

APR - 2 2009

EFFECTIVE DATE

DIRECTOR OR DESIGNEE

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
STANDARD CONDITIONS:

Permission to construct may be revoked if you fail to begin construction or modification within two years from the effective date of this permit. Permittee should notify the Air Pollution Control Program if construction or modification is not started within two years after the effective date of this permit, or if construction or modification is suspended for one year or more.

You will be in violation of 10 CSR 10-6.060 if you fail to adhere to the specifications and conditions listed in your application, this permit and the project review. In the event that there is a discrepancy between the permit application and this permit, the conditions of this permit shall take precedence. Specifically, all air contaminant control devices shall be operated and maintained as specified in the application, associated plans and specifications.

You must notify the departments’ Air Pollution Control Program of the anticipated date of start up of this (these) air contaminant source(s). The information must be made available not more than 60 days but at least 30 days in advance of this date. Also, you must notify the Department of Natural Resources Regional office responsible for the area within which you are located within 15 days after the actual start up of this (these) air contaminant source(s).

A copy of this permit and permit review shall be kept at the installation address and shall be made available to Department of Natural Resources’ personnel upon request.

You may appeal this permit or any of the listed special conditions to the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC), P.O. Box 1557, Jefferson City, MO 65102, as provided in RSMo 643.075.6 and 621.250.3. If you choose to appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within 30 days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed. If it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC.

If you choose not to appeal, this certificate, the project review and your application and associated correspondence constitutes your permit to construct. The permit allows you to construct and operate your air contaminant source(s), but in no way relieves you of your obligation to comply with all applicable provisions of the Missouri Air Conservation Law, regulations of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources and other applicable federal, state and local laws and ordinances.

The Air Pollution Control Program invites your questions regarding this air pollution permit. Please contact the Construction Permit Unit at (573) 751-4817. If you prefer to write, please address your correspondence to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Air Pollution Control Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176, attention: Construction Permit Unit.
SPECIAL CONDITIONS:
The permittee is authorized to construct and operate subject to the following special conditions:

The special conditions listed in this permit were included based on the authority granted the Missouri Air Pollution Control Program by the Missouri Air Conservation Law (specifically 643.075) and by the Missouri Rules listed in Title 10, Division 10 of the Code of State Regulations (specifically 10 CSR 10-6.060). For specific details regarding conditions, see 10 CSR 10-6.060 paragraph (12)(A)10. “Conditions required by permitting authority.”

Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC
Jackson County, S18/19/13/24, T50N, R31W/32W

1. Emission Limitation
   A. Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC shall emit less than 250.0 tons of Carbon Monoxide (CO) from the installation in any consecutive 12-month period.

   B. Attachment A, or an equivalent form approved by the Air Pollution Control Program shall be used to demonstrate compliance with Special Conditions 2.A. Flow rate measurements used to demonstrate compliance with Special Condition 1.A. must be recorded in units of SCFM. Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC shall maintain all records required by this permit for not less than five (5) years and shall make them available immediately to any Missouri Department of Natural Resources’ personnel upon request.

   C. Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC shall report to the Air Pollution Control Program’s Enforcement Section, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, no later than ten (10) days after the end of the month during which the records from Special Condition Number 2.B. indicate that the source exceeds the limitations of Special Conditions Number 2.A.
Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC
2001 N MO Hwy 291
Sugar Creek, MO 64058

Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC Complete: 05/06/2009
2001 N MO Hwy 291
Sugar Creek, MO 64058
Parent Company:
Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC
2001 N MO Hwy 291
Sugar Creek, MO 64058
Jackson County, S18/19/13/24, T50N, R31W/32W

REVIEW SUMMARY

- Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC has applied for authority to construct a 2000 standard cubic feet per minute (SCFM) Landfill Flare EP-10.

- Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) emissions are expected from the proposed equipment.

- Subpart WWW of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills, applies to the landfill. Subpart A, Section 60.18, General Control Device Requirements, applies to the flares, EP-9 and EP-10.


- A 2000 SCFM flare is being installed to control landfill gas (LFG) emissions from the landfill.

- This review was conducted in accordance with Section (6) of Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, Construction Permits Required. Potential emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) are above the major source threshold. Courtney Ridge has requested an installation wide limit less than 250.00 tons of CO in any consecutive 12 months.

- This installation is located in Jackson County, an attainment area for all criteria air pollutants.

- This installation is not on the List of Named Installations [10 CSR 10-6.020(3)(B), Table 2].
- Ambient air quality modeling was performed to determine the ambient impact of CO.

- Emissions testing is required as outlined in NSPS, Subpart WWW, *Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills*.

- Revision to your Part 70 Operating Permit application is required for this installation within 1 year of equipment startup.

- Approval of this permit is recommended with special conditions.

**INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION**

Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC operates an existing municipal solid waste (MSW) landfill (installation ID 095-0267) in Sugar Creek, Missouri. The landfill has been in operation since 1996. The landfill utilizes a gas collection and control system to minimize the possibility of LFG migration. The collected LFG is either combusted in an existing 1650 SCFM flare or is piped to Lafarge’s portland cement facility where it is used as a supplemental fuel in its kiln. Courtney Ridge proposes constructing a second flare of 2000 SCFM at the landfill. The installation will be considered a minor source for CO in regards to construction permitting. The installation received a Part 70 operating permit (number OP1999-100A) in July of 1999.

The following permits have been issued to Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC from the Air Pollution Control Program.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>012004-003</td>
<td>Construction of 1650 SCFM Flare (EP-9)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

Courtney Ridge proposes installing a 2000 SCFM flare to remain compliant with the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Subpart WWW, *Standards of Performance for Municipal Waste Landfills*. This flare (EP-10) will operate in conjunction with the currently installed 1650 SCFM flare (EP-9), and draw from the current LFG collection system. Courtney Ridge stated in the application for authority to construct the 2000 SCFM flare (EP-10), that the 1650 SCFM (EP-9) flare has difficulty operating at flow rates above 1000 SCFM.
EMISSIONS/CONTROLS EVALUATION

The emission factors and control efficiencies used in this analysis were obtained from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) document AP-42, *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors*, Fifth Edition, Section 2.4, November 1998.

The LFG collection system is by default 75 percent efficient. The flare is designed to control non-methane organic compounds (NMOC), halogenated compounds, and non-halogenated compounds found in LFG each at 98.0% efficiency. The combustion of LFG also creates particulate matter less than ten microns in diameter (PM$_{10}$), sulfur dioxide (SO$_2$), nitrogen oxides (NO$_x$), and carbon monoxide (CO). This review used the following control efficiencies for the operation of a typical flare system on landfill gases, listed in Table 2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Collection of LFG</th>
<th>NMOC</th>
<th>Halogenated Compounds</th>
<th>Non-Halogenated Compounds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75.0</td>
<td>98.0</td>
<td>98.0</td>
<td>98.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The primary constituents of LFG are approximately 55 percent methane (CH$_4$) and 45 percent carbon dioxide (CO$_2$). Typically, LFG also contains a small amount of NMOC. This NMOC fraction often contains various organic hazardous air pollutants (HAP), greenhouse gases (GHG), and compounds associated with stratospheric ozone depletion. The NMOC fraction also contains volatile organic compounds (VOC).

Maximum production of LFG was found using LandGEM version 3.02. Potential emissions from the flares (EP-9 and EP-10) were calculated based upon this maximum. The known amount of waste accepted by the landfill from 1996 to 2007 was entered into LandGEM. The acceptance rates from 2008 to 2021 were calculated using a growth rate of 3% annually, projected from the 2007 acceptance. The maximum capacity of the landfill was predicted to be reached in 2021. The values used in the model for the methane generation potential (L$_0$), methane generation constant (k), and NMOC concentration were the AP-42 recommended values of 100.0 cubic meters per Mg, 0.04 per year, and 2420 parts per million by volume, respectively. The AP-42 recommended values were used instead of those presented in the NSPS Subpart WWW since the purposes of these calculations are to estimate the most realistic potential emissions of the landfill and are not for showing compliance with the NSPS.

The potential emissions from the flares are directly related to LFG production of the landfill. The LandGEM calculations were based on a certain number of assumptions. The actual date that the designed flow rate of the flares is reached may be different than that calculated in the model. Landfill waste is a combination of household and industrial waste, where the amount of each waste will contribute differently to the concentration of methane in LFG. The amount of HAP/VOC emissions will also vary over the life and closure activities of the landfill.
It was determined that a maximum LFG emission rate from the landfill of 3893 average actual cubic feet per minute (ACFM) would be reached in the year 2021. With a collection efficiency of 75 percent, this would correspond to a flow rate of 2954 ACFM of LFG. AP-42 approximates LFG at 55 percent methane. Therefore, the potential flow rate of methane in the collection system is 1624 ACFM. The maximum flow rate of the proposed flare (EP-10) is 2000 SCFM of LFG. The unit for emission factors for NOx, CO, and PM10 is pounds of pollutant per million dry standard cubic feet (DSCF) of methane. ACFM needs to be converted to SCFM, then to DSCF. Temperature, relative humidity, and pressure of the LFG are necessary to convert ACFM to SCFM. Due to the many variables that will cause the temperature, relative humidity, and pressure of the LFG to deviate from constant, Courtney Ridge proposes installing monitoring equipment that will record each of these factors and calculate LFG flow rate in SCFM. Also, the LFG is conditioned for moisture removal before reaching the flares, thus SCF is considered DSCF.

Based on the emission rate of methane, emissions of PM10, CO, and NOx can be calculated. Particulate emissions are calculated using the emission factor for flares found in Table 2.4-5 in AP-42. According to the footnote to this table, most of the particulate matter will be less than 2.5 microns in diameter, therefore the emission factor can be assumed to estimate total PM, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. CO and NOx emissions are also calculated by utilizing factors found in Table 2.4-5 of AP-42.

Each HAP specific to LFG flaring is listed in Table 2.4-1 of AP-42, but is updated in Table of Hazardous Air Pollutants, Screening Model Action Levels, December 23, 2008.

Sulfur, VOC as a NMOC, and HAP concentrations are provided in parts per million volume, which is converted to volumetric flow rate. Using the ideal gas law, the volumetric flow rate is converted to a mass flow rate. The mass flow rates of sulfur, VOC as a NMOC, and HAP assuming continuous operation (8760 hours per year) at maximum flow rate in the year 2021, are used to calculate the potential emissions of the installation.

Existing potential emissions are calculated from permit number 012004-003. The following table provides an emissions summary for this project.

Table 3: Emissions Summary (tons per year)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PM10</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>3.68</td>
<td>2.64</td>
<td>7.26</td>
<td>4.91</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO2</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>2.18</td>
<td>6.49</td>
<td>4.40</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOx</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>8.66</td>
<td>6.22</td>
<td>17.08</td>
<td>11.56</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.23</td>
<td>8.27</td>
<td>5.60</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>162.29</td>
<td>116.59</td>
<td>320.17</td>
<td>216.8</td>
<td>&lt; 250.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAP</td>
<td>10.0 / 25.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1.10</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

N/A = Not Applicable
Courtney Ridge requests an installation wide limit less than 250.0 tons per year on carbon monoxide emissions to avoid becoming a major source. Courtney Ridge will keep records of flow to both flares to demonstrate compliance with this limit.

PERMIT RULE APPLICABILITY

This review was conducted in accordance with Section (6) of Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, Construction Permits Required. Potential emissions of carbon monoxide from the installation are above the major source threshold, but limited to minor source levels.

APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC shall comply with the following applicable requirements. The Missouri Air Conservation Laws and Regulations should be consulted for specific record keeping, monitoring, and reporting requirements. Compliance with these emission standards, based on information submitted in the application, has been verified at the time this application was approved. For a complete list of applicable requirements for your installation, please consult your operating permit.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- Submission of Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information, 10 CSR 10-6.110. The emission fee is the amount established by the Missouri Air Conservation Commission annually under Missouri Air Law 643.079(1). Submission of an Emissions Inventory Questionnaire (EIQ) is required June 1 for the previous year's emissions.

- Operating Permits, 10 CSR 10-6.065

- Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin, 10 CSR 10-6.170

- Restriction of Emission of Visible Air Contaminants, 10 CSR 10-6.220

- Restriction of Emission of Odors, 10 CSR 10-3.090
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

- New Source Performance Regulations, 10 CSR 10-6.070. New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart WWW.


AMBIENT AIR QUALITY IMPACT ANALYSIS

Ambient air quality modeling was performed to determine the ambient impact of carbon monoxide, as this was the only pollutant with potential to emit above the de minimus level. The ambient impact is for a 2,000 SCFM flare having a stack height, total heat released, and emission rate of CO of 7.01 meters, 0.42E+07 calories per second, and 6.24 grams per second, respectively. As stated previously in the permit, the CO emission rate is based upon the methane generation rate expected from the landfill at maximum flow through the flare. As can be seen in Table 4, the results of the model predict an ambient impact below the NAAQS.

Table 4: NAAQS Compliance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Modeled Impact (µg/m³)</th>
<th>NAAQS (µg/m³)</th>
<th>Time Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>17.53</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>8 hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25.04</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>1 hour</td>
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STAFF RECOMMENDATION

On the basis of this review conducted in accordance with Section (6), Missouri State Rule 10 CSR 10-6.060, *Construction Permits Required*, I recommend this permit be granted with special conditions.

David Little  
Environmental Engineer

PERMIT DOCUMENTS

The following documents are incorporated by reference into this permit:

- The Application for Authority to Construct form, received January 30, 2009, designating Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC as the owner and operator of the installation.


## Attachment A: Monthly Carbon Monoxide Tracking Record

**Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC**

**Project Number:** 2009-02-002  
**County, CSTR:** Jackson County, S18/19/13/24, T50N, R31W/32W  
**Installation ID Number:** 095-0267  
**Permit Number:**

This sheet covers the period from ____________________ to ____________________ (Month, Day, Year)  
*(Copy this sheet as needed.)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>EP-9 1000 SCFM flare</th>
<th>EP-10 2000 SCFM flare</th>
<th>³Total CO Emissions</th>
<th>⁴Rolling CO Emissions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flow Rate (SCFM)</td>
<td>Emission Factor (tons/(SCFM*month))</td>
<td>CO Production (tons)</td>
<td>Flow Rate (SCFM)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01/01/20xx</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0.009034</td>
<td>0.90</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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- **Note 1:** The Flow Rate (SCFM) is the summation of once per minute recordings summed every calendar month.
- **Note 2:** CO Production (tons) for each flare is calculated by multiplying the Flow Rate (SCFM) by its corresponding Emission Factor.
- **Note 3:** The Total CO Emissions (tons) is calculated by summing the CO Production (tons) from each flare.
- **Note 4:** Rolling CO Emissions (tons) less than 250.0 tons in any 12 month period indicates compliance, calculated by summing the current month with the most previous 11 months.
- **Note 5:** The Emission Factor was calculated using Table 2.4-5 from AP-42 and converting to appropriate units.
Mr. Brad Zimmerman  
Environmental Manager  
Courtney Ridge Landfill, LLC  
2001 N. MO Hwy 291  
Sugar Creek, MO 64058  

RE: New Source Review Permit - Project Number: 2009-02-002  

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

Enclosed with this letter is your permit to construct. Please study it carefully. Also, note the special conditions, if any, on the accompanying pages. The document entitled, "Review of Application for Authority to Construct," is part of the permit and should be kept with this permit in your files.

Operation in accordance with these conditions, your new source review permit application and with your amended operating permit is necessary for continued compliance.

The reverse side of your permit certificate has important information concerning standard permit conditions and your rights and obligations under the laws and regulations of the State of Missouri.

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please do not hesitate to contact David Little, at the departments’ Air Pollution Control Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102, or at (573) 751-4817. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

Kendall B. Hale  
New Source Review Unit Chief  

KBH:dl

Enclosures  

Enclosures  

Permit Number: